Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Plan for Care and Support Needs

Shaping Our Future Well-being: 'Me, My Home, My Community'

2018-2023















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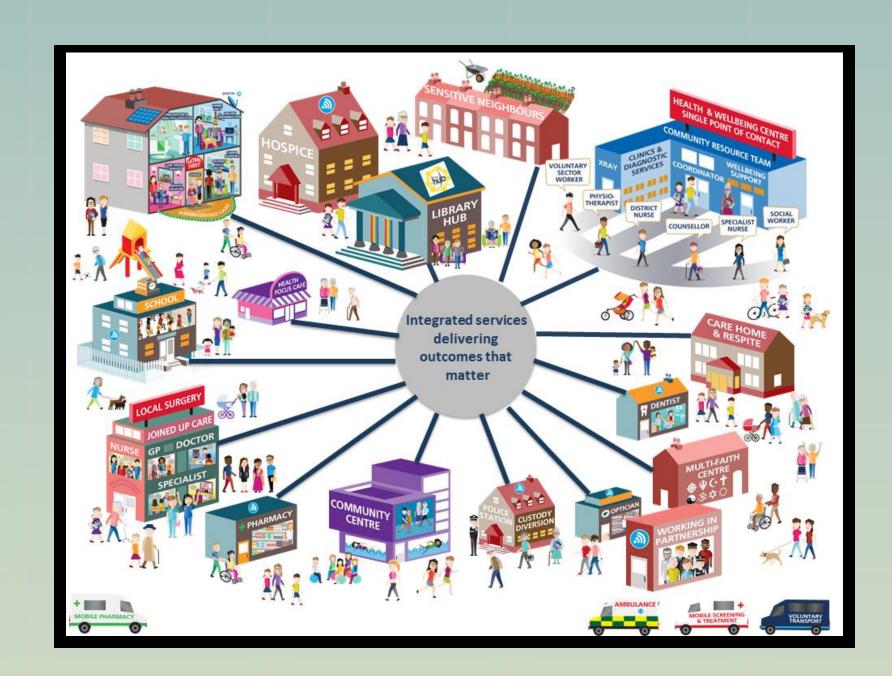
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What is the Purpose of the Area Plan?

This Area Plan provides the response of the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Regional Partnership Board to the findings of the regional Population Needs Assessment published on 31st March 2017.

It has been prepared to meet the requirements of the <u>Statutory</u> <u>Guidance</u> in relation to Area Plans under section 14A of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014. The Act requires a description of the range and level of services proposed to be provided or arranged in response to care and support needs, including the support needs of carers, identified in the population assessment reports.

This Plan has been prepared on the basis of a 5 year period in line with the requirements for the preparation of a Population Needs Assessment.



What is the Population Needs Assessment?

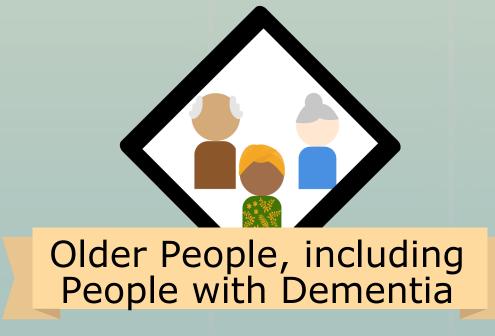


The Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 introduced a duty on local authorities and local health boards to prepare and publish an assessment of the care and support needs of the population, including carers who need support.

Partners from the public and voluntary sectors in Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan joined forces under the banner 'Let's Talk' to identify the key care and support needs, prevention issues and assets (such as people, buildings, organisations or services which contribute to enhancing or maintaining well-being) in the region.

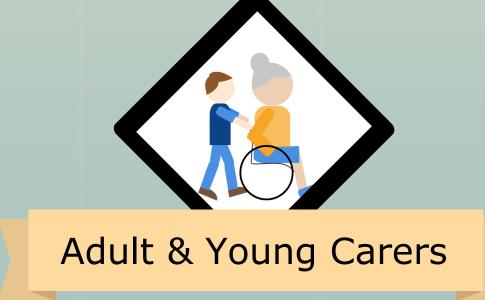
An assessment was undertaken between February 2016 and January 2017. Over this time, information was brought together from a number of sources: public surveys tailored to the audience; focus group interviews with local residents; a survey of local professionals and organisations providing care or support, including the third sector; service and population data; key documents; and previous work.

Detailed findings on the assessment of the care and support needs across a number of population groups as set out by Welsh Government are presented in the report, which include:



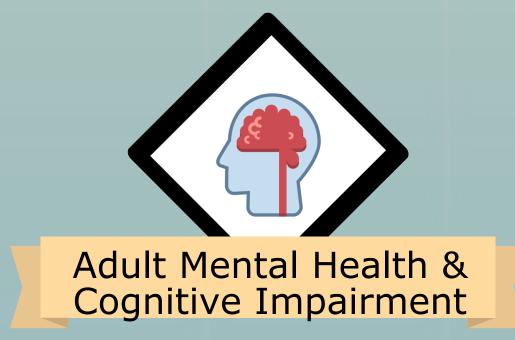














In our region, we also identified the following groups/themes as priorities to review:









The Population Needs Assessment highlighted a number of cross-cutting key care and support needs for the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan population. These include:



Key Care and Support Needs Identified

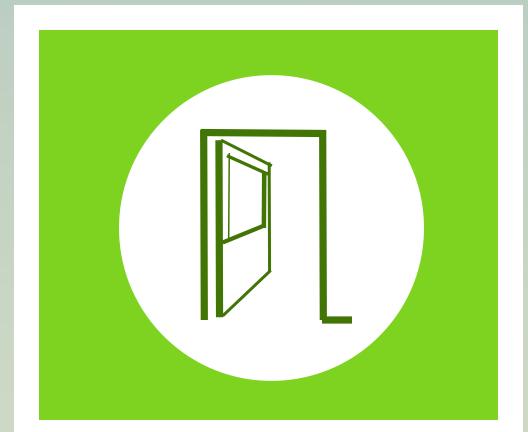
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Key Findings



Key Finding 1 (KF1)

Increase citizen involvement in shaping both preventative and reactionary services



Key Finding 2 (KF2)

Promote and improve access to high quality and accessible information and advice



Key Finding 3 (KF3)

Further support the development of opportunities that enable social and economic well-being



Key Finding 4 (KF4)

Strengthen links
between schools,
vocational opportunities,
apprenticeships, further
education and adult
learning



Key Finding 5 (KF5)

Support people to make healthier lifestyle choices to reduce the prevalence of unhealthy behaviours



Key Finding 6 (KF6)

Improve access to low level and specialist mental health care and support



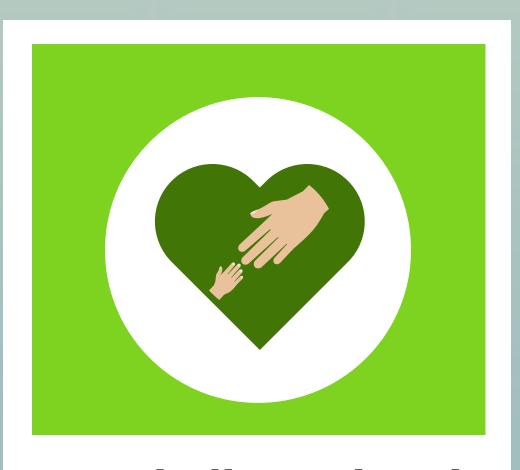
Key Finding 7 (KF7)

Provide appropriate and safe housing and community environments, to enable people to remain independent



Key Finding 8 (KF8)

Improve public transport, to enable better access to services, employment and social activities



Key Finding 9 (KF9)

Develop services that prevent the need for more intensive care and support



Key Finding 10 (KF10)

Develop services to respond to existing and future care and support needs, including those for carers



Key Finding 11 (KF11)

Improve support for people as they transition between services



Key Finding 12 (KF12)

Improve organisational working practices, to ensure that services help people to achieve the outcomes they seek

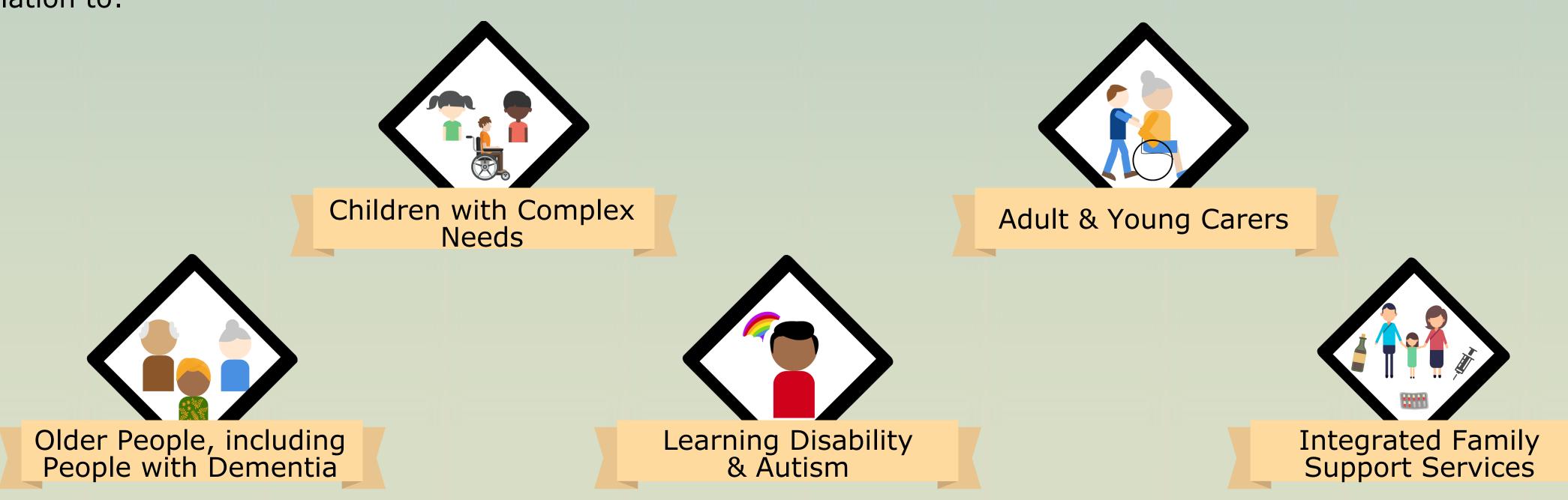
The response of the Regional Partnership Board and other Partnerships/delivery mechanisms to these key findings is reflected in each of the relevant population/theme chapters included in this Plan.

Addressing the Identified Care and Support Needs

In response to the findings of the Population Needs Assessment, a review was undertaken in relation to all suggested areas for action in the report. This review was done against existing or planned activity in current Partnerships or organisational delivery mechanisms to identify where this work is already being progressed.

Two reports have been produced as a result of this review. The first is this Area Plan, which sets out the key needs identified within the Population Assessment, along with the priority areas for action in response to the findings. In addition, an <u>Area Action Plan</u> has also been developed, which provides the detail of how these priorities will be delivered. Both reports also set out the contributions to Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan's Well-being Objectives and the National Social Services Outcomes Framework.

The main focus of both Plans will be the Regional Partnership Board's responsibilities for the integration of services in relation to:



Where there are other care and support themes identified which are led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region, both Plans will signpost to existing reporting mechanisms to enable progress to be monitored.

The Area Plan and Area Action Plan are both available at: www.cvihsc.co.uk/about/what-we-do/cardiff-vale-glamorgan-area-plan/

Developing the Area Plan

The development of the Area Plan and Area Action Plan has been informed by a number of sources, including public surveys, focus group interviews with local residents, a survey of local professionals and organisations providing care or support, service and population data, key documents, and current work being undertaken by partner organisations.

Whilst there is no requirement to undertake formal consultation on the Area Plan, those people involved in the production of the Population Needs Assessment were invited to comment on the draft document and to provide input to the Action Plan.

In addition, an online public survey was developed to give people an opportunity to provide comments. Work also took place with Public Service Board colleagues to participate in the engagement on the Well-being Plans and to enable discussion to occur on care and support needs.

As part of the process to develop the Plan, the Partnership has undertaken an Equality and Health Impact Assessment. The Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Regional Partnership Board serves a very diverse population and takes into account the requirements of the Equality Act 2010 and Public Health (Wales) Act 2017 to progress equal opportunities for all. The Partnership is committed, through the delivery of this Plan, to promoting positive measures that address inequalities in health and eliminate all forms of unlawful or unfair discrimination on the grounds of age, marriage and civil partnership, disability, race, gender, religion/belief, sexual orientation, gender reassignment or gender identity and pregnancy/maternity.

All feedback received as part of the development of the Plan and subsequent consultation has been considered and reflected in the final documents, as appropriate.



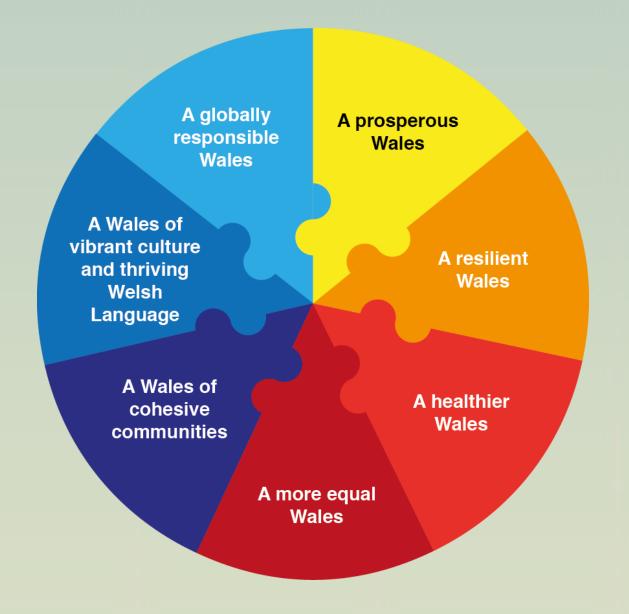
Contributing towards Local Well-being Objectives

The development of this Plan has been undertaken in close synergy with the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Public Service Boards, in recognition that many of the priorities in this Area Plan will represent the care and support elements of each of the two Well-being Plans.

Well-being Assessments and Plans are a statutory requirement under the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015, which is about improving the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales through sustainable development.

The Act places a well-being duty on public sector bodies to take action to achieve 7 well-being goals in accordance with a 'sustainable development principle'. The 7 well-being goals are:

- A prosperous Wales
- A resilient Wales
- A healthier Wales
- A more equal Wales
- A Wales of cohesive communities
- A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh Language
- A globally responsible Wales



To demonstrate application of the 'sustainable development principle', public sector bodies need to:

Prevention



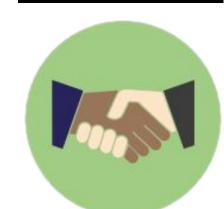
Focus on prevention by looking at the root causes of issues

<u>Integration</u>



Deliver services using an integrated approach

Collaborate



Work in collaboration to find shared, sustainable solutions

Involvement



Involve others in the achievement of the well-being goals

<u>Long-term</u>



Look at both short-term and long-term needs

Each of the population/theme chapters in the Area Plan outlines which of the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Well-being Objectives the key actions contribute to as part of a wider understanding of a shared contribution to well-being outcomes. Many of the key actions taken forward in this Plan will contribute to more than one well-being objective given the cross-cutting impact of care and support services:

Cardiff's Well-being Plan Objectives



A Capital City that works for Wales



Cardiff's population growth is managed in a resilient way



Safe, confident and empowered communities

WBC4

Cardiff is a great place to grow up



Supporting people out of poverty

WBC6

Cardiff is a great place to grow old



Modernising and integrating our public services

Vale of Glamorgan's Well-being Plan Objectives



Enable people to get involved, participate in their communities and shape local services



Reduce poverty and tackle inequalities linked to deprivation



Give children the best start in life

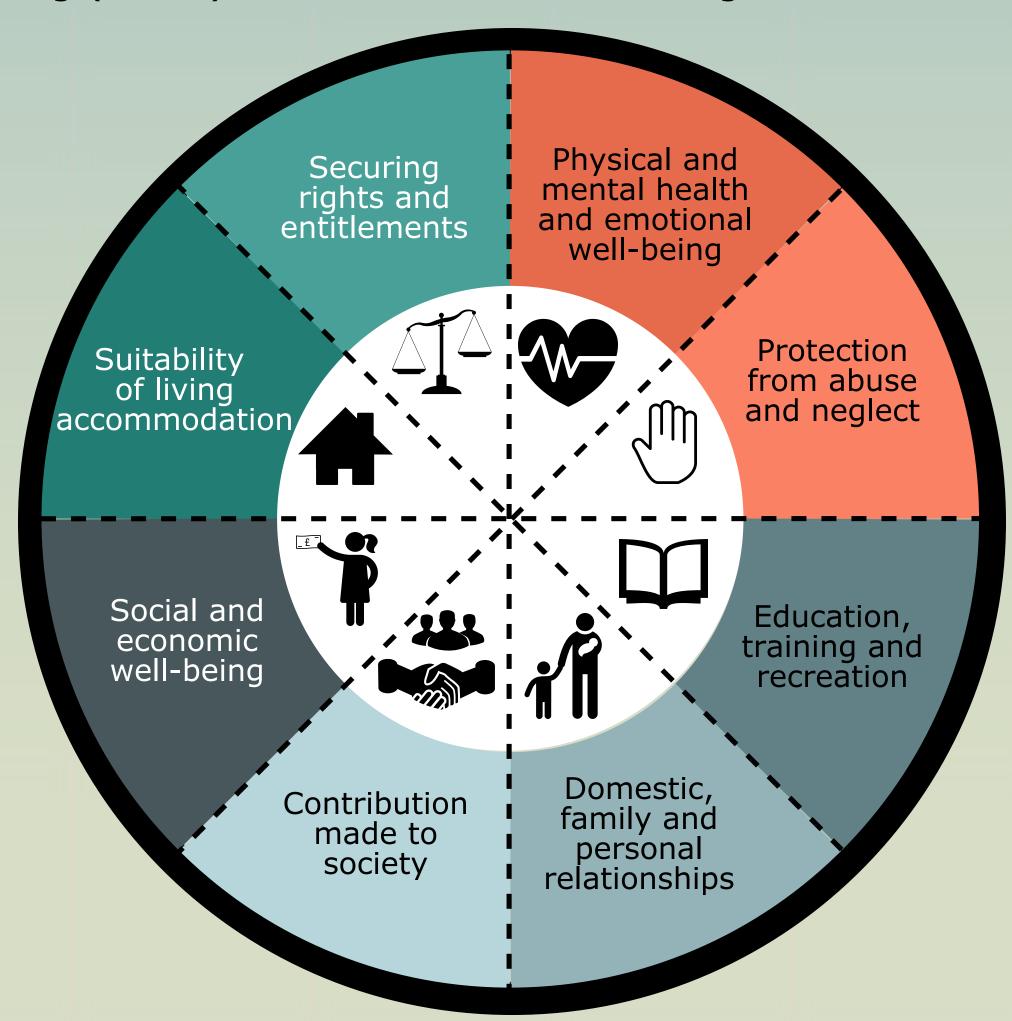


Protect, enhance and value our environment

Contributing towards the Social Services National Outcomes Framework

The <u>Social Services National Outcomes Framework</u> was developed to fulfil a requirement in the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 to describe well-being for people and carers who need care and support, and provide a consistent approach to measuring well-being.

The Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014 defines well-being as:



National outcomes for each of the 8 aspects of well-being that are to be achieved by people and carers needing care and support have been developed. For example:



Each chapter details which aspects of well-being the listed key priorities are expected to contribute towards. Further information on the outcomes can also be found in the Action Plan which accompanies this Area Plan at: www.cvihsc.co.uk/about/what-we-do/cardiff-vale-glamorgan-area-plan/

Monitoring and Review

Progress against the delivery of Regional Partnership Board's priorities will be monitored and reviewed within the Board's annual report, which will be published in early 2018/19. The Area Action Plan will be updated and amended as appropriate to reflect the changing policy context, demographics or service pressures.

The priorities being progressed by other Partnerships will be reported via other mechanisms, such as the Public Service Board, or by organisational planning mechanisms, such as the local authority Corporate/Improvement Plans and Cardiff and Vale University Health Board's Integrated Medium Term Plan.

Older People, including People with Dementia

Regional Partnership Board Priorities



OP1.1. Building on the First Point of Contact and Single Point of Access services, further develop digital services along with easily accessible telephone, online and face-to-face access points for the region, for both professionals and the public



OP1.2. Develop resilient communities with local services, infrastructure and strong community networks to meet local needs where older people live



OP1.3. Develop and provide a range of future accommodation options to meet demand and enable people to remain at home for as long as possible



OP1.4. Develop improved assessment, diagnosis and care planning practices which are built upon genuine collaboration with older people and their carers and families, so that their plan reflects what is important to them and achieves the outcomes they seek



OP1.5. Develop Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan as a dementia friendly region

Children with Complex Needs

Regional Partnership Board Priorities



CYP1.1. Improve provision for children and young people with Additional Learning Needs



CYP1.2. Improve integrated provision for children with complex needs, including transition between children's and adult's services

Children and Young People

Other Partnership Board Priorities



CYP2.1. Increase the role of children and young people in decision making and service delivery



CYP2.2. Improve educational outcomes



CYP2.3. Increase the successful transition into employment, education or training of children and young people



CYP2.4. Increase access to appropriate services for looked after children and children in need, recognising increased rates of emotional and mental health issues



CYP2.5. Increase support for children and young people affected directly or indirectly by parental relationship breakdown and domestic violence



CYP2.6. Prevent child sexual exploitation



CYP2.7. Enable children and young people to be happy and healthy



CYP2.8. Develop the Welsh skills of children and create new Welsh speakers, to support the Welsh Government's vision of having a million Welsh speakers by 2050

Learning Disability and Autism

Regional Partnership Board Priorities



LDA1.1. People with learning disabilities are supported to maximise their independence



LDA1.2. People with learning disabilities are supported to play an active role in society and engage in meaningful day time activities and employment or volunteering



LDA1.3. People with learning disabilities are valued and included, supported to have a voice, and able to exercise choice and control over their lives



LDA1.4. People with learning disabilities are enabled to stay healthy and feel safe



LDA1.5. People with learning disabilities are supported to become lifelong learners



LDA1.6. Develop a new Integrated Autism Service which all agencies working in integrated, multi-disciplinary ways will provide appropriate services for children, young people and adults with an autism spectrum disorder, addressing their education, health, employment, social interaction and emotional needs

Integrated Family Support Services

Regional Partnership Board Priorities



IFSS1.1. Continue to provide an intensive intervention with families referred by Children's Services where there are serious child protection concerns as a result of parental / carer substance misuse, domestic abuse or mental health



IFSS1.2. Explore the extension of the Integrated Family Support Service model to include other parental additional needs (e.g. learning disability) and consider how it can help tackle adverse childhood experiences

Adult and Young Carers

Regional Partnership Board Priorities



AYC1.1. Identify and implement a carer engagement model based on best practice



AYC1.2. Improve physical and emotional support for young carers, including emergency and pre-planned respite and reducing the risk of adverse childhood experiences



AYC1.3. Improve physical and emotional support for adult carers, including emergency and pre-planned respite



AYC1.4. Involve carers, including young carers, in the planning of hospital admission and discharge if the person they care for is in hospital



AYC1.5. Provide easily accessible information to carers and relatives in a range of formats and languages through existing information points, such as primary care and libraries



AYC1.6. Raise awareness around caring and carers among the public and health and social care professionals, (e.g. adopting an approach similar to Making Every Contact Count), to ensure that carers are identified as early as possible and all involved are aware of their rights as a carer

Health and Physical Disabilities

Other Partnership Priorities



HPD1.1. Promote healthy lifestyles and improve and protect the health and well-being of Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan residents

Adult Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment

Other Partnership Priorities



AMHCI1.1. Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan 'Together for Mental Health' Plan

Sensory Loss and Impairment

Other Partnership Priorities



SLI1.1. Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Eye Care Plan in conjunction with Primary Care, Secondary Care, Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan University Health Board and Welsh Government



SLI1.2. Develop and implement a health board wide action plan to meet the All Wales Standards for Accessible Information and Communication for People with Sensory Loss, in order to improve provision across Primary Care, Secondary Care and Emergency and Unscheduled Care



SLI1.3. Explore the establishment of a partnership delivery mechanism to meet the wider needs of people with sensory loss and impairment

Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence

Other Partnership Priorities



VAWDASV1.1. Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence Strategy *(under development)*

Asylum Seekers and Refugees

Other Partnership Priorities



ASR1.1. Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Community Cohesion Delivery Plan 2017/2020 (under development)

Offenders

Other Partnership Priorities



O1.1. Ensure that the local criminal justice system works effectively and efficiently, meeting the needs of victims and challenging offenders

Veterans

Other Partnership Priorities



V1.1. Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Armed Forces Community Action Plan 2017/2019

Substance Misuse

Other Partnership Priorities

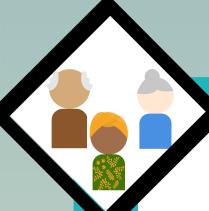


SM1.1. Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Substance Misuse and Wellbeing Commissioning Strategy 2016/2020 with a focus on prevention, education, treatment, support and sustainable long-term recovery



SM1.2. Increase the safety of our communities by delivering multi-agency responses in locations where discarded injecting equipment and other drug paraphernalia is prevalent

1: Older People, including People with Dementia

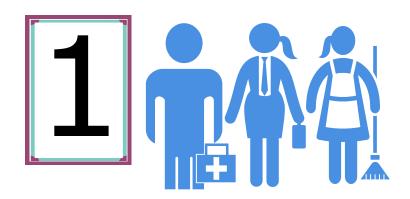


What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- In general, Cardiff has a younger population, while the Vale of Glamorgan has a larger older age population more in line with the Wales average. Both areas however, are anticipated to see a continued increase in the number of people over the ages of 65 and 85.
- The Vale of Glamorgan is projected to see the largest increase across both age groups, with 20.5% of their population in 2025 expected to be aged 65-84 (compared to 17.5% in 2015), and 3.8% aged 85 years and above (compared to 2.8% in 2015). Both of these figures are above the projected Wales average of 19.1% and 3.5%, respectively.
- The number of people living with dementia is also projected to rise significantly, with 1 in 3 expected to be affected by dementia in the future. The driver for this is mostly the increase in the over 85 population.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?



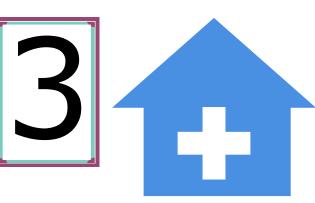
Need 1 (N1):

Maintain sustainability of key services supporting older people



Need 2 (N2):

Improve access to information and advice (e.g. 'one stop shop' model)



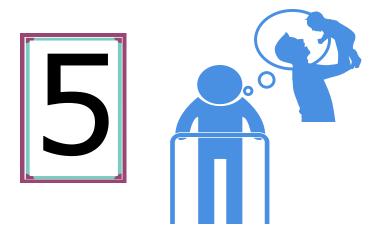
Need 3 (N3):

Improve integrated management of mental health and physical issues



Need 4 (N4):

Increase integration of health, housing and social care



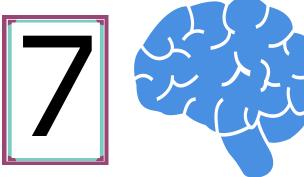
Need 5 (N5):

Reduce social isolation and loneliness while maintaining independence



Need 6 (N6):

Increase support to access practical help with day-to-day tasks such as shopping and gardening



Need 7 (N7):

Improve support and information for people with dementia and their family and carers





Need 8 (N8):

Provide appropriate housing to meet individuals' needs and enable them to remain independent

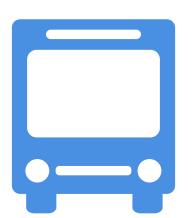




10



11



12



Need 9 (N9):

Promote accessible built environments (including good lighting and toilets)

Need 10 (N10):

Improve the commissioning of care home places to enable consistent and high quality care

Need 11 (N11):

Improve public transport services to enable access to activities promoting health and well-being

Need 12 (N12):

Improve access to different types of advocacy

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Need 13 (N13):

Increase digital inclusion to enable access to information and services

Need 14 (N14):

Promote inter-generational opportunities in communities

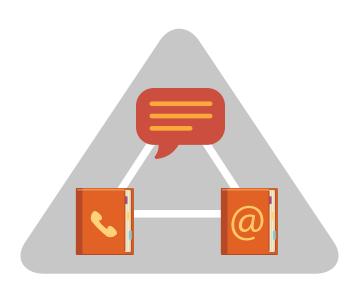
1: Older People, including People with Dementia



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be delivered by the Regional Partnership Board are:



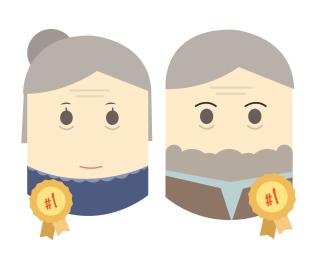
Building on the First Point of Contact and Single Point of Access services, further develop digital services along with easily accessible telephone, online and face-to-face access points for the region, for both professionals and the public



Develop resilient communities with local services, infrastructure and strong community networks to meet local needs where older people live



Develop and provide a range of future accommodation options to meet demand and enable people to remain at home for as long as possible



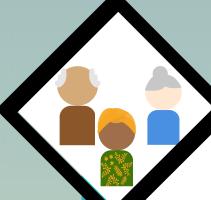
Develop improved assessment, diagnosis and care planning practices which are built upon genuine collaboration with older people and their carers and families, so that their plan reflects what is important to them and achieves the outcomes they seek



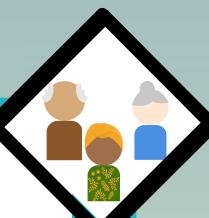
Develop Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan as a dementia friendly region

Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

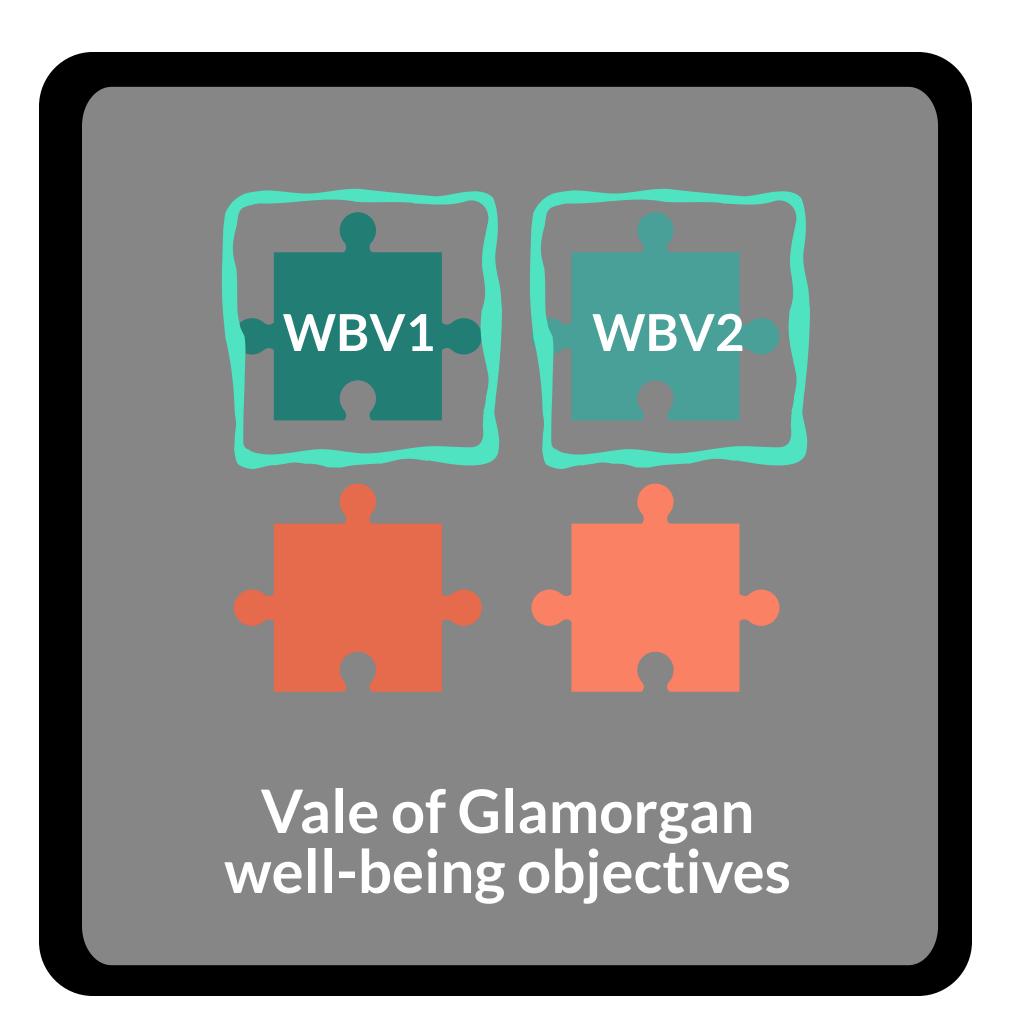
1: Older People, including People with Dementia

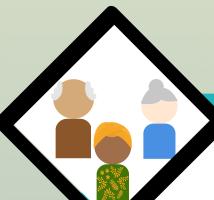


Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?





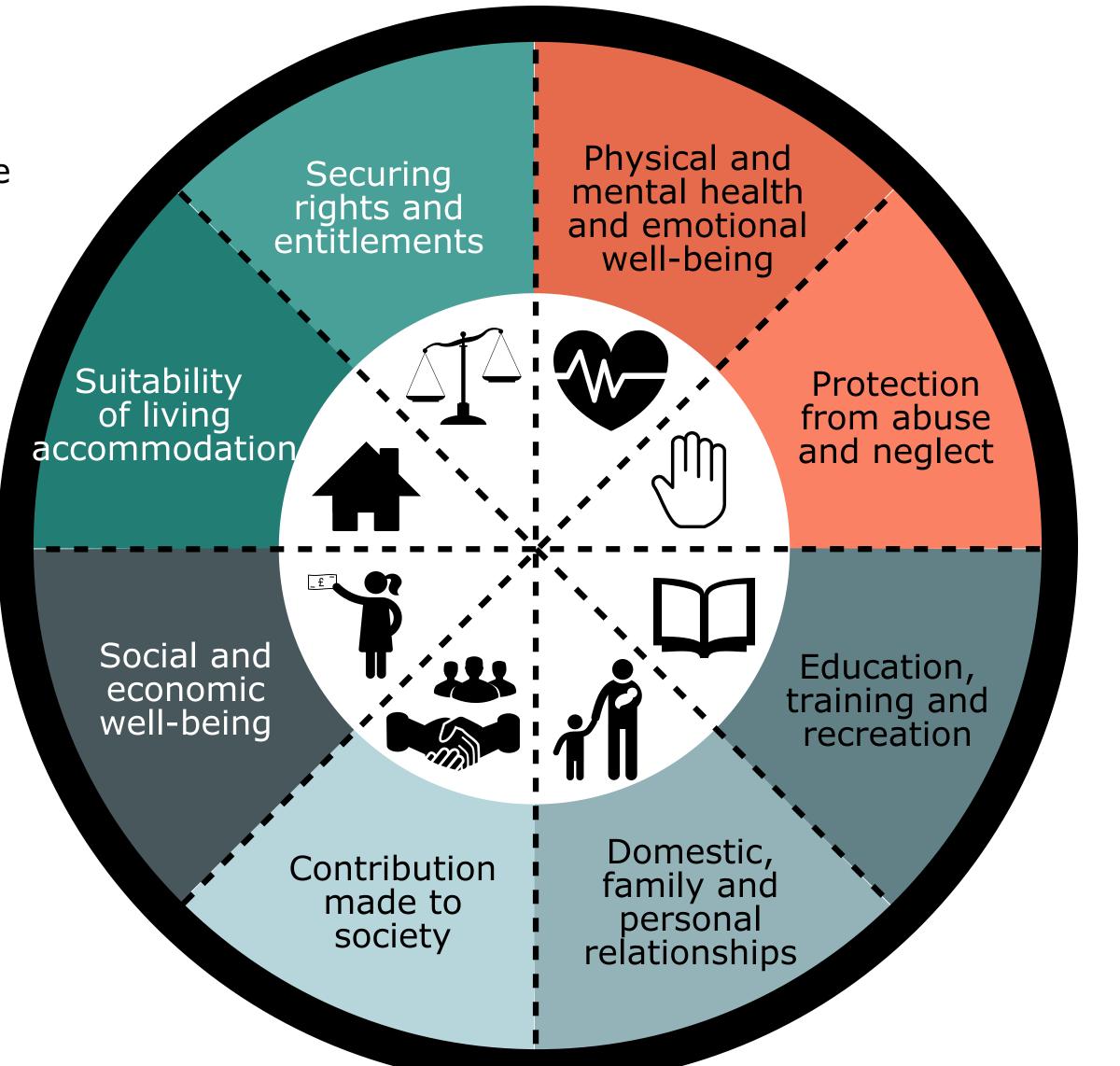




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



2: Children and Young People, including Children with Complex Needs



What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- The population of Cardiff is relatively young compared with the rest of Wales, with the proportion of infants (0-4yrs) significantly higher than the Wales average. In the next 10 years, there will be an increase in the number of people aged 5-16. The proportion of young people in the Vale of Glamorgan is similar to the Wales average.
- In March 2016, there were 340 children on the child protection register in Cardiff, and 100 in the Vale.
- In 2015, in both Cardiff (91%) and the Vale of Glamorgan (90%), school attendance rates of children in need were marginally below the all-Wales average of 92%. Across Wales, 35% of children in need achieve 5 or more A*-G GCSE passes. In Cardiff, the rate was 31% and in the Vale it was 37%.
- In the Vale of Glamorgan, the percentage of year 11 pupils who go on to be not in education, employment or training (NEET) continues to decrease year on year, and is below the Welsh average. Levels in Cardiff have also declined but remain high compared with the rest of Wales.
- At the 2011 Census, 1,579 young carers were identified in Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan, although the Census is recognised as underestimating the number of young carers.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?

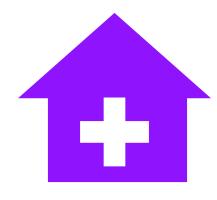




Need 1 (N1):

Improve support for children and young people affected by parental relationship breakdown and domestic violence





Need 2 (N2):

Improve access to appropriate services in a timely fashion, including primary care and mental health services, and support for young people with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder and Autism





Need 3 (N3):

Improve access to appropriate services for looked after children and children in need, recognising increased rates of emotional and mental health issues





Need 4 (N4):

Increase support for young carers, including respite, and raise awareness of what they do

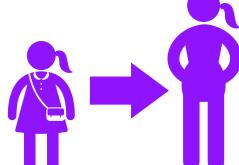




Need 5 (N5):

Increase involvement of children and young people in decisions affecting them





Need 6 (N6):

Enable smoother transitions between children's and adult's services

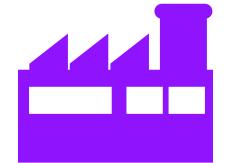




Need 7 (N7):

Provide appropriate and safe accommodation





Need 8 (N8):

Further develop vocational educational opportunities and apprenticeships





Need 9 (N9):

Respond to the increasing numbers and complexity of needs of children and young people with a disability

2: Children and Young People, including Children with Complex Needs

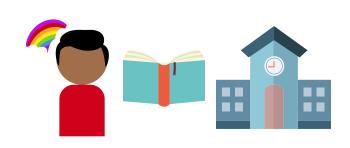


What are our Key Priorities in Response?

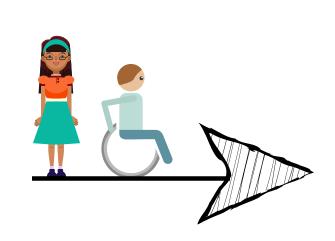


NB: Key priorities relating to young carers can be found in the 'Adult and Young Carers' section of this plan.

The key priorities to be delivered by the Regional Partnership Board for children with complex needs are:

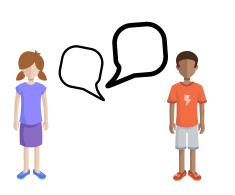


Improve provision for children and young people with Additional Learning Needs



Improve integrated provision for children with complex needs, including transition between children's and adult's services

The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region for children and young people are:



Increase the role of children and young people in decision making and service delivery



Improve educational outcomes



Increase the successful transition into employment, education or training of children and young people



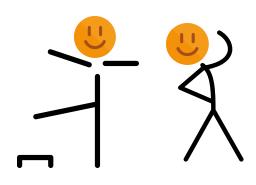
Increase access to appropriate services for looked after children and children in need, recognising increased rates of emotional and mental health issues



Increase support for children and young people affected directly or indirectly by parental relationship breakdown and domestic violence



Prevent child sexual exploitation



Enable children and young people to be happy and healthy



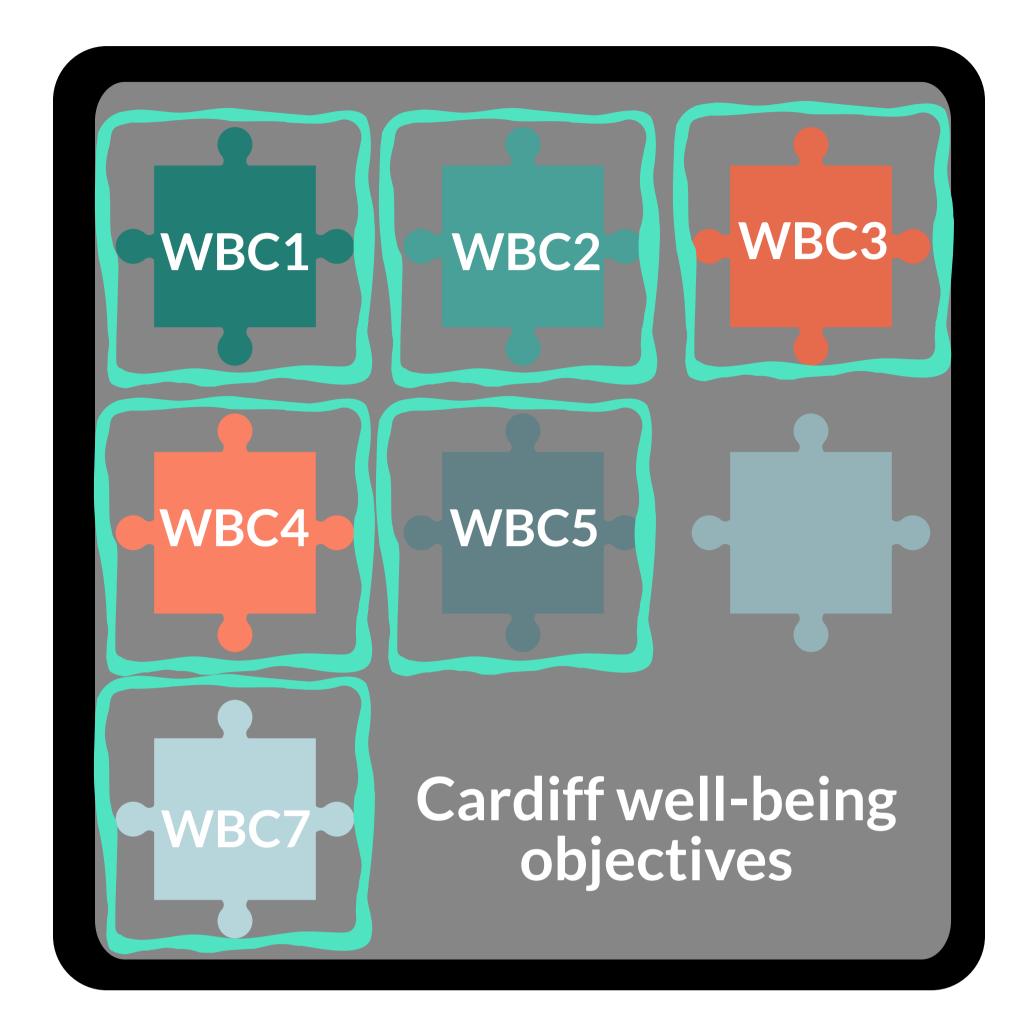
Develop the Welsh skills of children and create new Welsh speakers, to support the Welsh Government's vision of having a million Welsh speakers by 2050

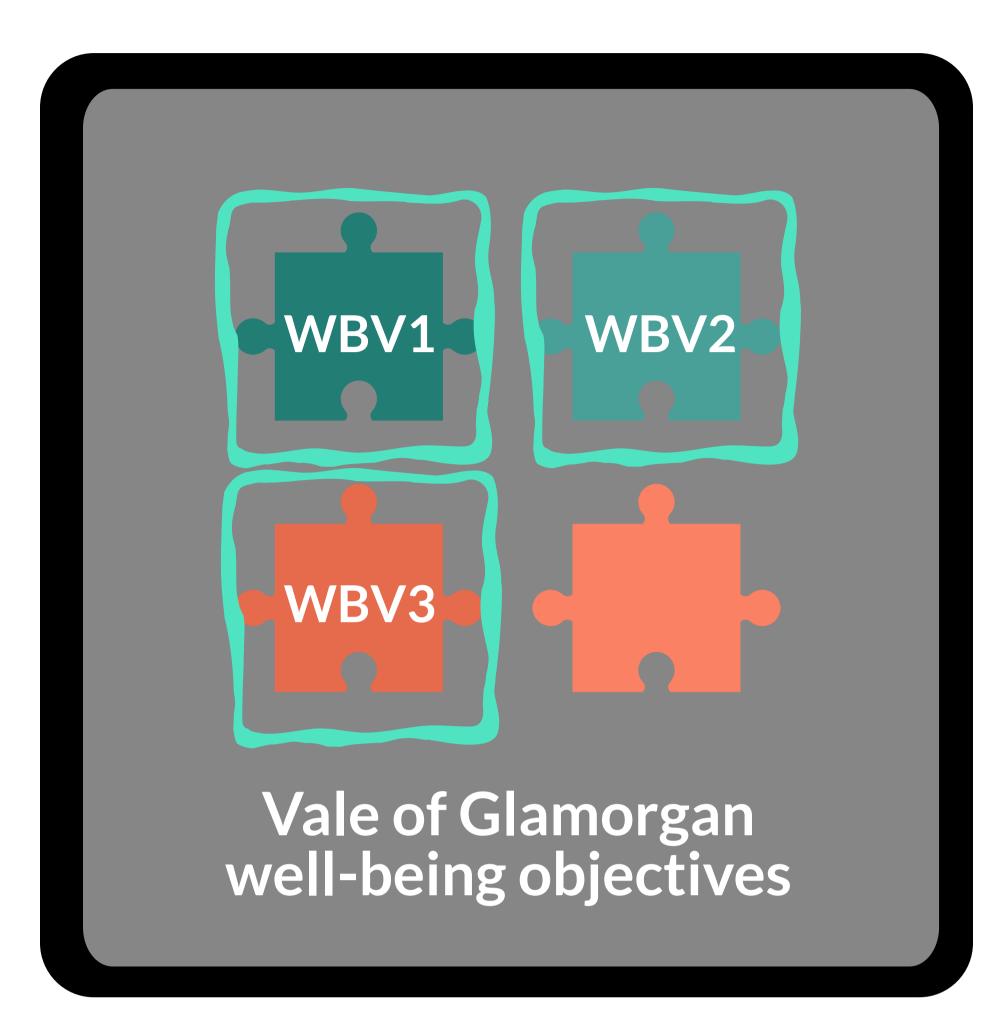
2: Children and Young People, including Children with Complex Needs



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?





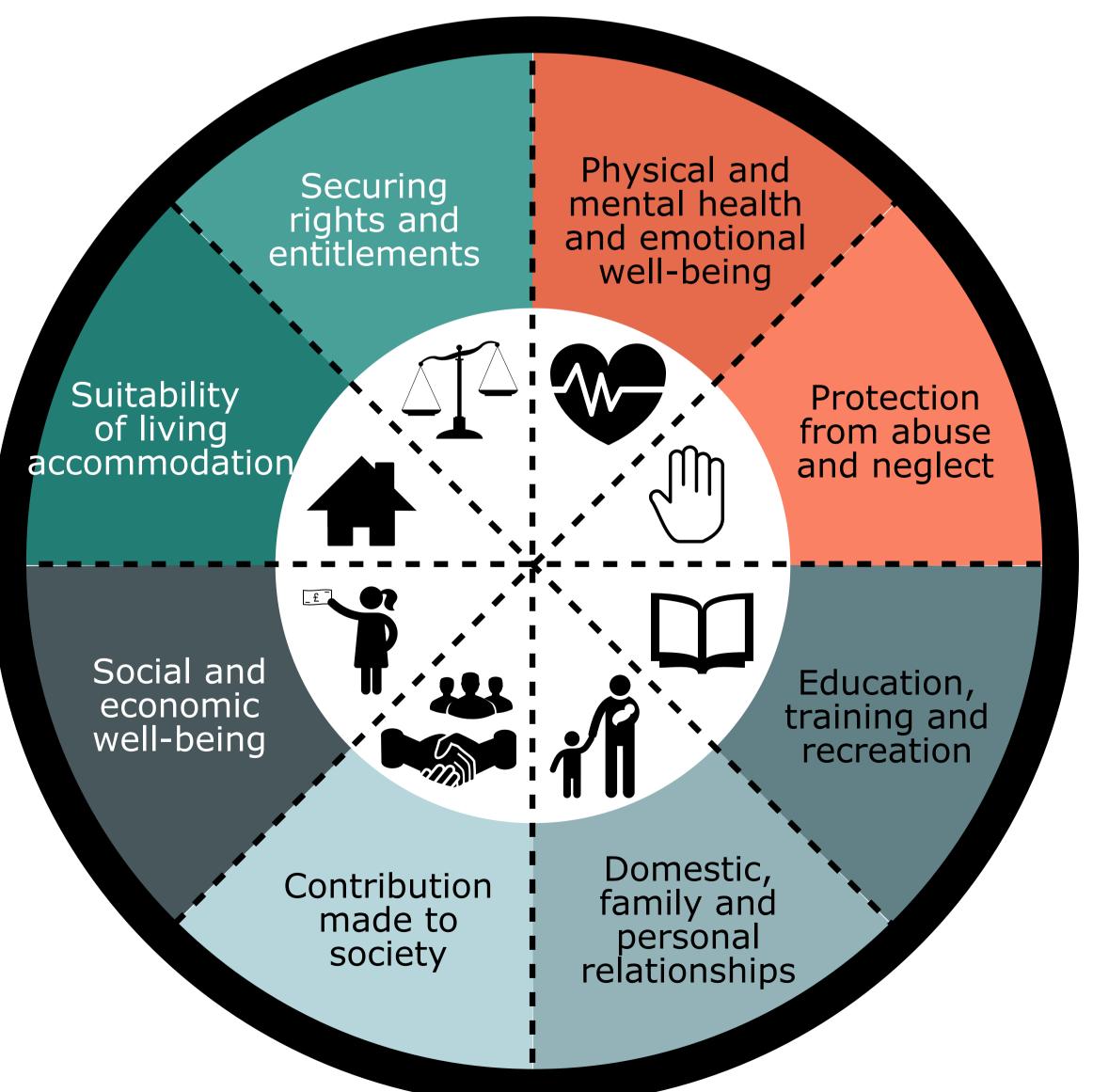




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



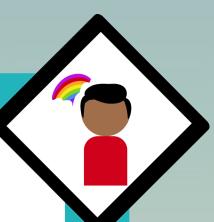
- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



3: Learning Disability and Autism



What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- There were 1,426 people registered with a learning disability in Cardiff in 2015/16, and 542 in the Vale of Glamorgan.
- These numbers have stayed roughly stable in the Vale over the last 10 years, but have risen significantly in Cardiff, by around 40%.
- A significant increase is projected in the number of older people with a learning disability in both Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan.
- UK research on Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) suggests that around 1.2% (116 per 10,000) of children and young people have ASD. However, not all these people will be formally diagnosed.
- Applied to the population of Cardiff gives an estimate of 553 children aged 5-16 with ASD, and 2,778 people aged 17-64 with ASD.
- In the Vale of Glamorgan, this gives an estimate of 210 children aged 5-16 with ASD, and 887 people aged 17-64 with ASD.

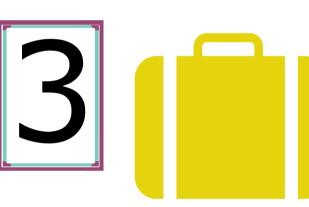
What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?











Need 1 (N1):

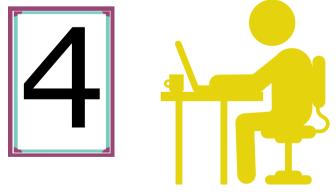
Increase the accessibility of information and services

Need 2 (N2):

Improve public transport services to enable access to activities promoting health and well-being

Need 3 (N3):

Provide respite to those in need



Need 4 (N4):

Improve access to day opportunities





Need 5 (N5):

Increase involvement of people requiring services in decisions affecting them





Need 6 (N6):

Recognise and support people who fall between learning disability and mental health service provision

3: Learning Disability and Autism



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be delivered by the Regional Partnership Board are:



People with learning disabilities are supported to maximise their independence.



People with learning disabilities are supported to play an active role in society and engage in meaningful day time activities and employment or volunteering.



People with learning disabilities are valued and included, supported to have a voice, and able to exercise choice and control over their lives.



People with learning disabilities are enabled to stay healthy and feel safe.



People with learning disabilities are supported to become lifelong learners.



Develop a new Integrated Autism Service which all agencies working in integrated, multi-disciplinary ways will provide appropriate services for children, young people and adults with an autism spectrum disorder, addressing their education, health, employment, social interaction and emotional needs.

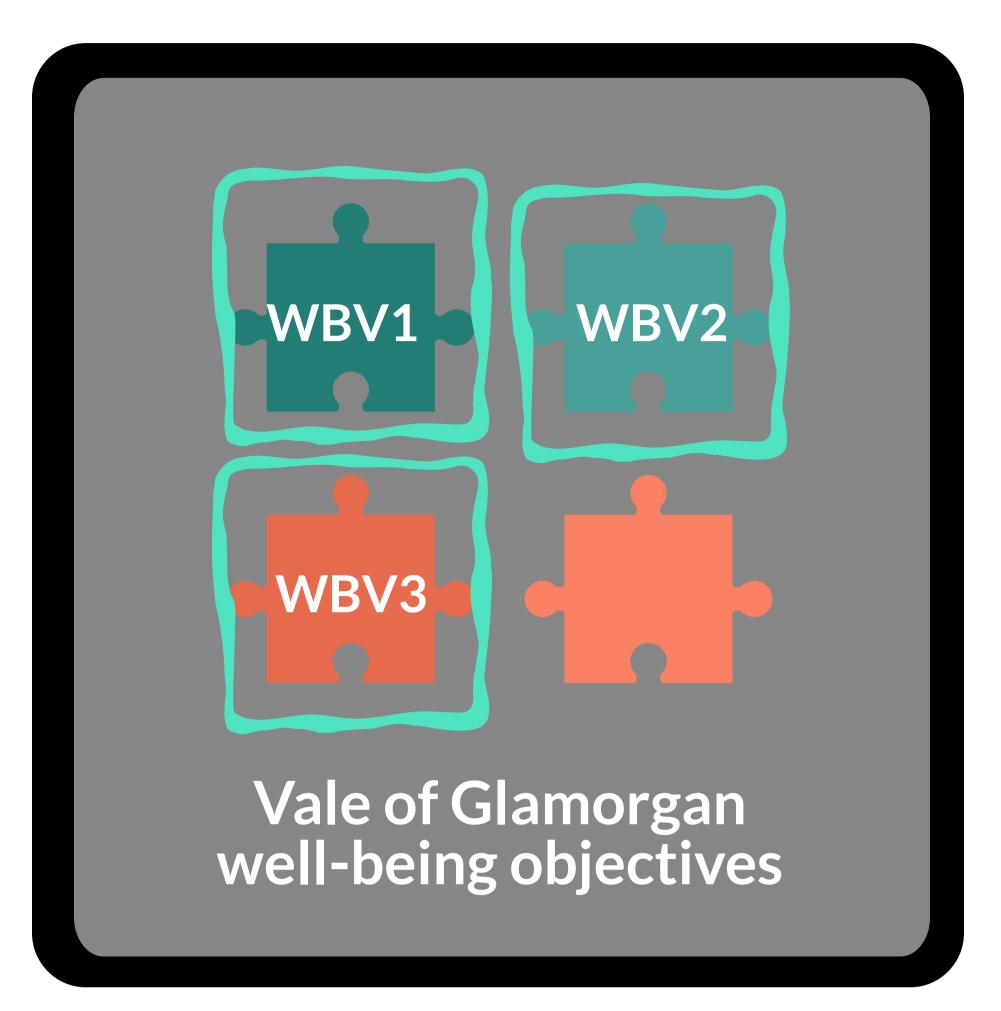
3: Learning Disability and Autism



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?





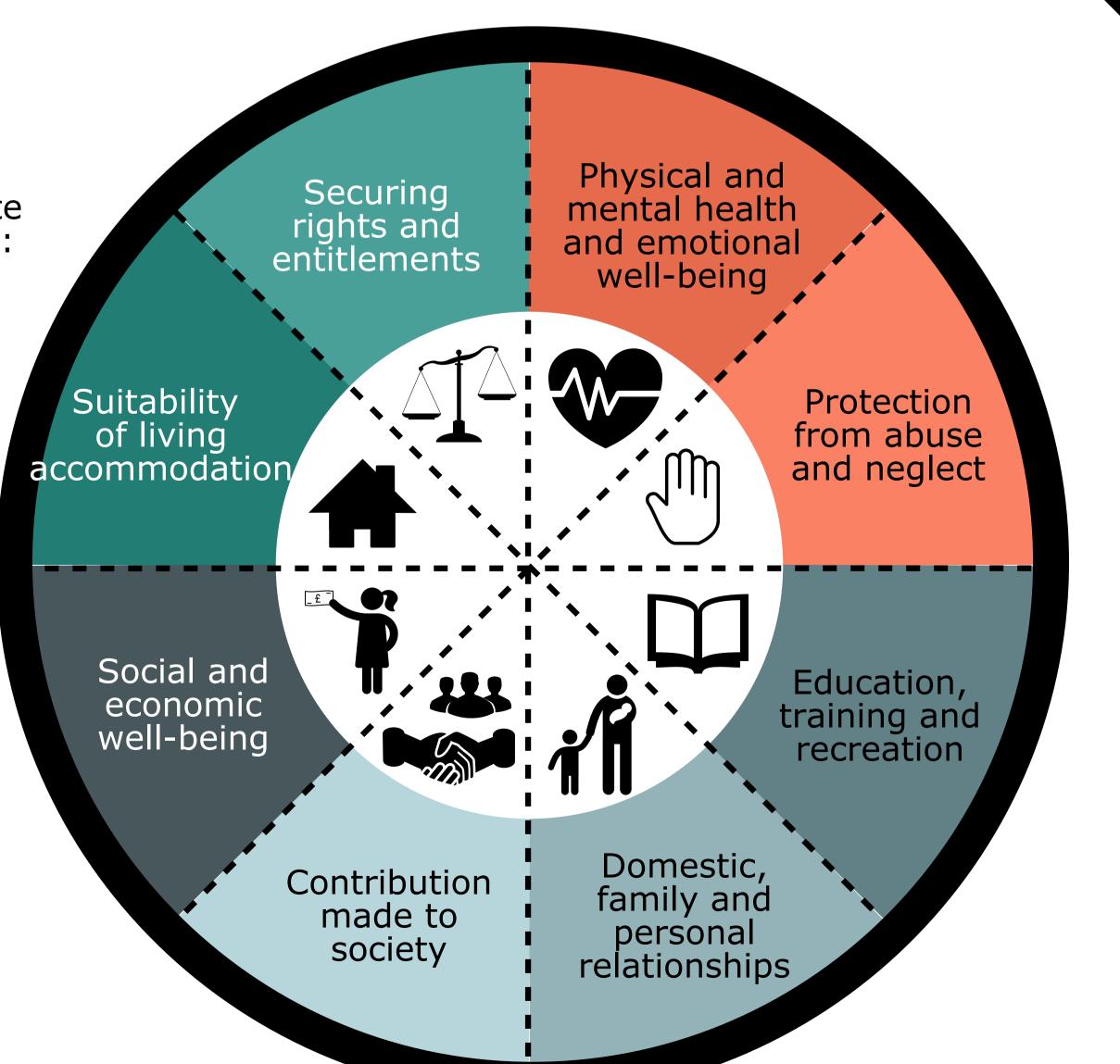




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



4: Integrated Family Support Services



What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- The aim of the Integrated Family Support Team (IFST) is to provide an intensive intervention by a highly skilled, multi-disciplinary team to intervene with families referred by Children's Services from Cardiff Council and Vale of Glamorgan Council social workers, to reduce the level of risk and ensure positive outcomes for the most vulnerable children wherever possible.
- Referrals are made due to there being serious child protection concerns as a result of parental / carer substance misuse. In line with Part 9 of the SSWb Act, the referral criteria has been expanded to now also include families presenting with issues around domestic violence or abuse and mental disorder.
- Since 2012, a joint service has operated across Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan, with a pooled budget and formal agreement in place between the City of Cardiff Council, Vale of Glamorgan Council and Cardiff & Vale UHB. Cardiff Council acts as the lead authority for the IFST hosted within the single team. Other partners including Cwm Taf Local Health Board (for CAMHS), South Wales Police, National Probation Service, Barnardo's and Action for Children are also signatories to the agreement.
- The Population Needs Assessment separately considered issues relating to families, substance misuse and domestic violence, which have been brought together to inform the RPB priorities for the IFST.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?





Need 1 (N1):

Improve support for children and young people affected by parental relationship breakdown and domestic violence





Need 2 (N2):

Improve access to appropriate services in a timely fashion, including primary care and mental health services, and support for young people with ADHD and Autism



Need 3 (N3):

Improve access to appropriate services for looked after children and children in need, recognising increased rates of emotional and mental health issues





Need 4 (N4):

Provide appropriate and safe accommodation







Need 5 (N5):

Increase involvement of people requiring services in decisions affecting them





Need 6 (N6):

Increase timely access to low level mental health services (including counselling and family support)



Need 7 (N7):

Improve support for the families of people with mental health issues



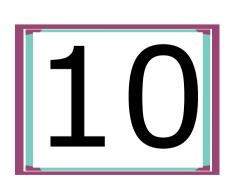


Need 8 (N8):

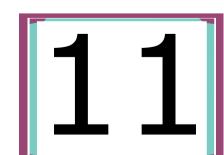
Prevent and reduce the incidences of adverse childhood experiences (ACEs)





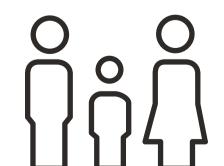












Need 9 (N9):

Ensure approaches are both needs-led and risk-led

Need 10 (N10):

Improve co-ordination between substance misuse services

Need 11 (N11):

Improve offender access to mental health and substance misuse services, and counselling post-release

Need 12 (N12):

Improve support to offenders and their families to enable family stability

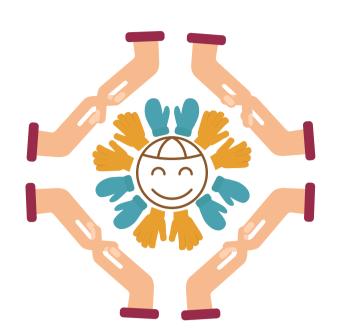
4: Integrated Family Support Services



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be delivered by the Regional Partnership Board are:



1.

Continue to provide an intensive intervention with families referred by Children's Services where there are serious child protection concerns as a result of parental / carer substance misuse, domestic abuse or mental health.







2.

Explore the extension of the Integrated Family Support Service model to include other parental additional needs (e.g. learning disability) and consider how it can help tackle adverse childhood experiences.

Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

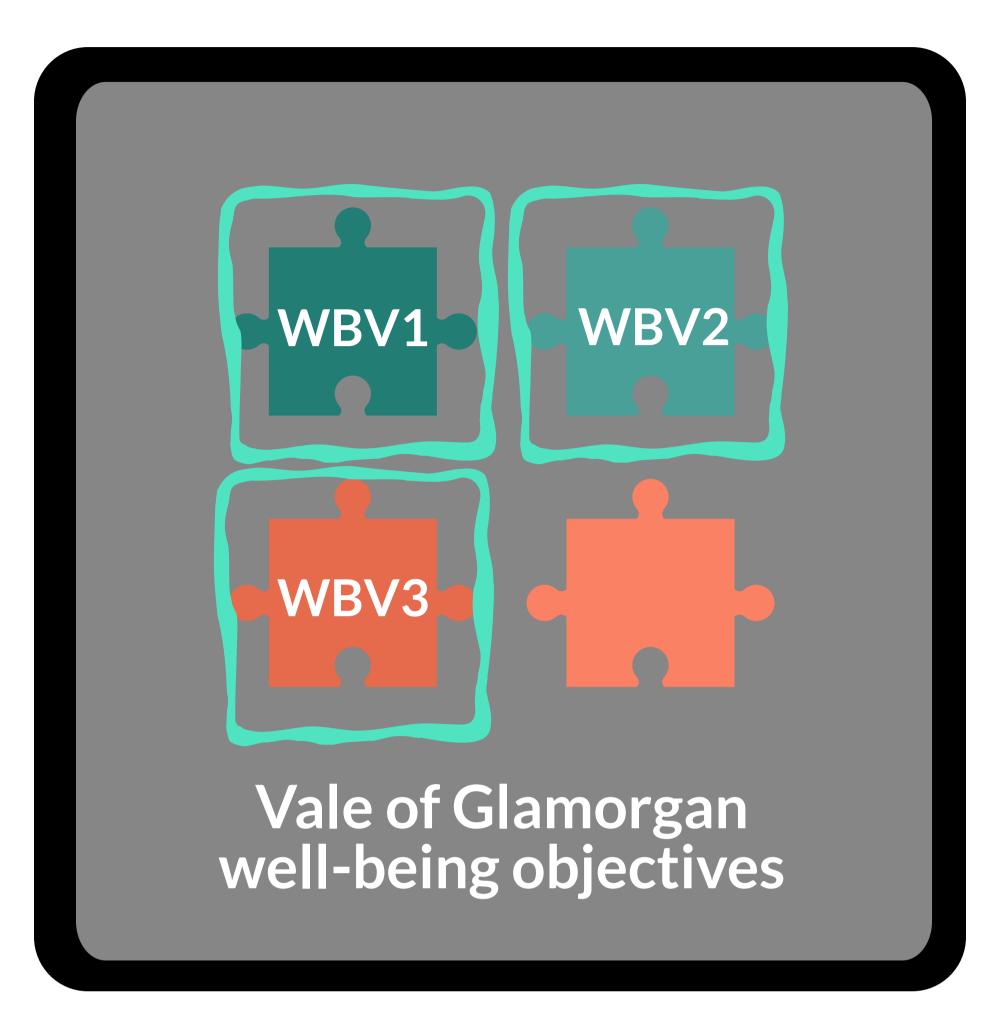
4: Integrated Family Support Services



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?





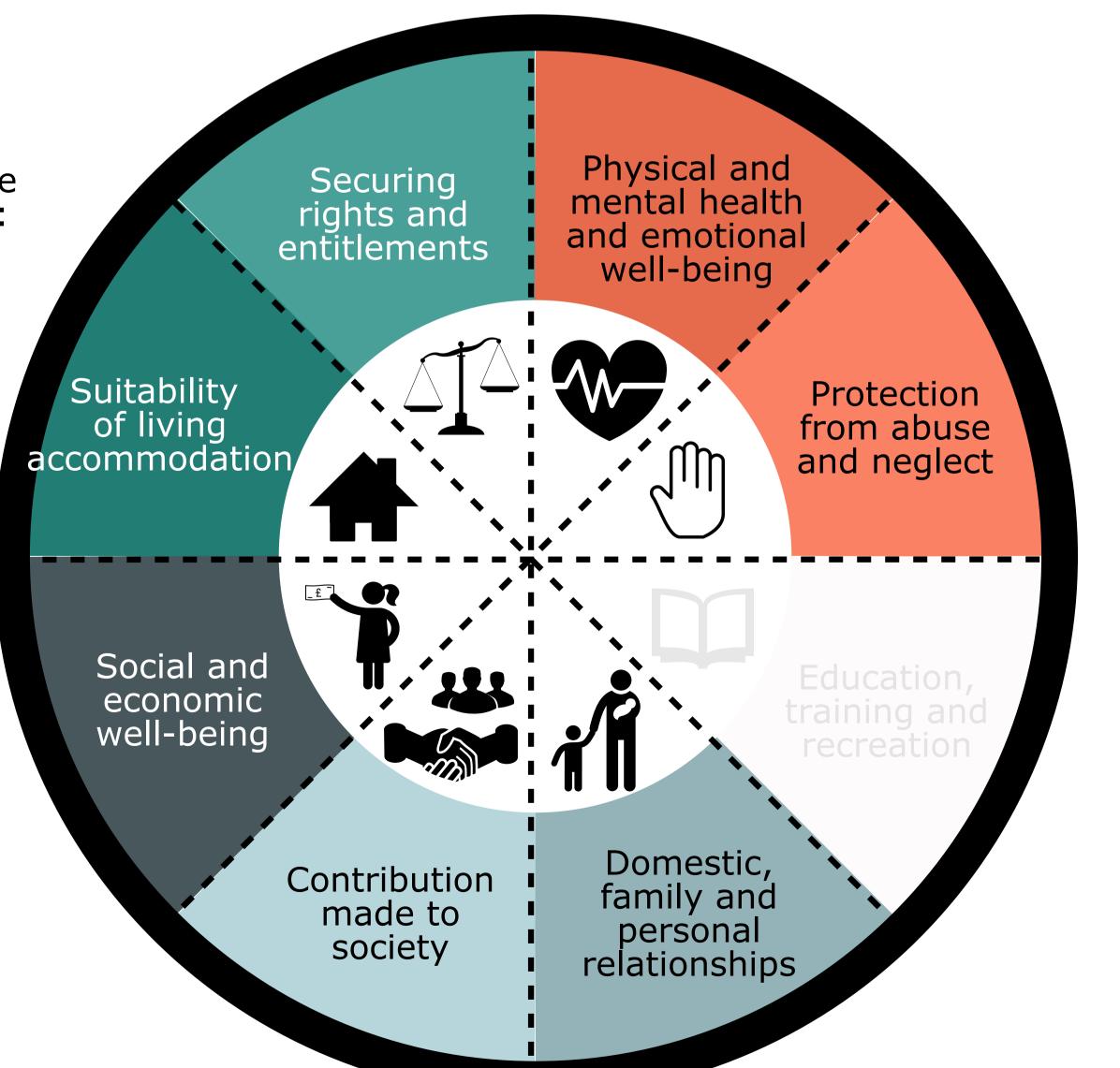




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



5: Adult and Young Carers



What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- At the 2011 Census, 50,580 carers were recorded in Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan. This represented a 12% rise over the number in the previous Census 10 years earlier. The percentage of people in the population in each region who identify as carers is below the Wales average.
- A survey of adult carers in Cardiff and the Vale was undertaken in 2011, with 292 respondents. Of the respondents, the majority were female (72%) and caring full time (72%). Most people cared for one person (87%) although over one in ten (13%) cared for two or more people. Two thirds of carers (67%) had been caring for more than 5 years, including nearly half (46%) caring for over 10 years. Three quarters (77%) were aged 40 or over, including a quarter (24%) who were 75 or over.
- A young carer is someone aged 18 or under who helps look after a relative who has a condition, such as a disability, illness, mental health condition, or a drug or alcohol problem.
- At the 2011 Census, 1,579 young carers were identified in Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan, although the Census is recognised as underestimating the number of young carers when compared with surveys of school children across the UK in which they are asked if they have caring responsibilities. Young adult carers (aged 18-25) are particularly vulnerable to transition on leaving school, and are more likely to be not in education, employment or training (NEET).

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?





Need 1 (N1):

Improve access to information (including financial support and services available)

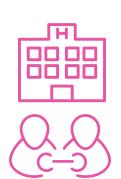




Need 2 (N2):

Improve public transport services to enable access to health and well-being activities





Need 3 (N3):

Ensure the discharge planning process involves consultation with carers





Need 4 (N4):

Provide appropriate housing, to meet individual's needs and enable people to remain independent





Need 5 (N5):

Provide accessible respite care (including emergency respite) for those in need





Need 6 (N6):

Improve the availability of mental health support to carers





Need 7 (N7):

Reduce loneliness and social isolation





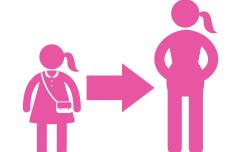
Need 8 (N8):

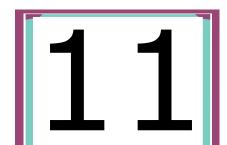
Identify carers and provide support to those in need













Need 9 (N9):

Improve access to carers' assessments

Need 10 (N10):

Enable smoother transitions between children's and adult's services

Need 11 (N11):

Address perceptions of carers feeling judged by services

5: Adult and Young Carers



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be delivered by the Regional Partnership Board are:



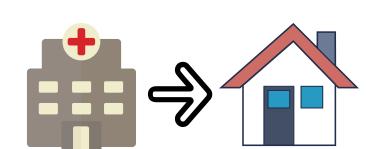
Identify and implement a carer engagement model based on best practice



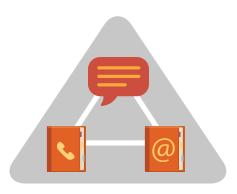
Improve physical and emotional support for young carers, including emergency and pre-planned respite and reducing the risk of adverse childhood experiences



Improve physical and emotional support for adult carers, including emergency and pre-planned respite



Involve carers, including young carers, in the planning of hospital admission and discharge if the person they care for is in hospital



Provide easily accessible information to carers and relatives in a range of formats and languages, through existing information points, such as primary care and libraries



Raise awareness around caring and carers among the public and health and social care professionals, (e.g. adopting an approach similar to Making Every Contact Count), to ensure that carers are identified as early as possible and all involved are aware of their rights as a carer

Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

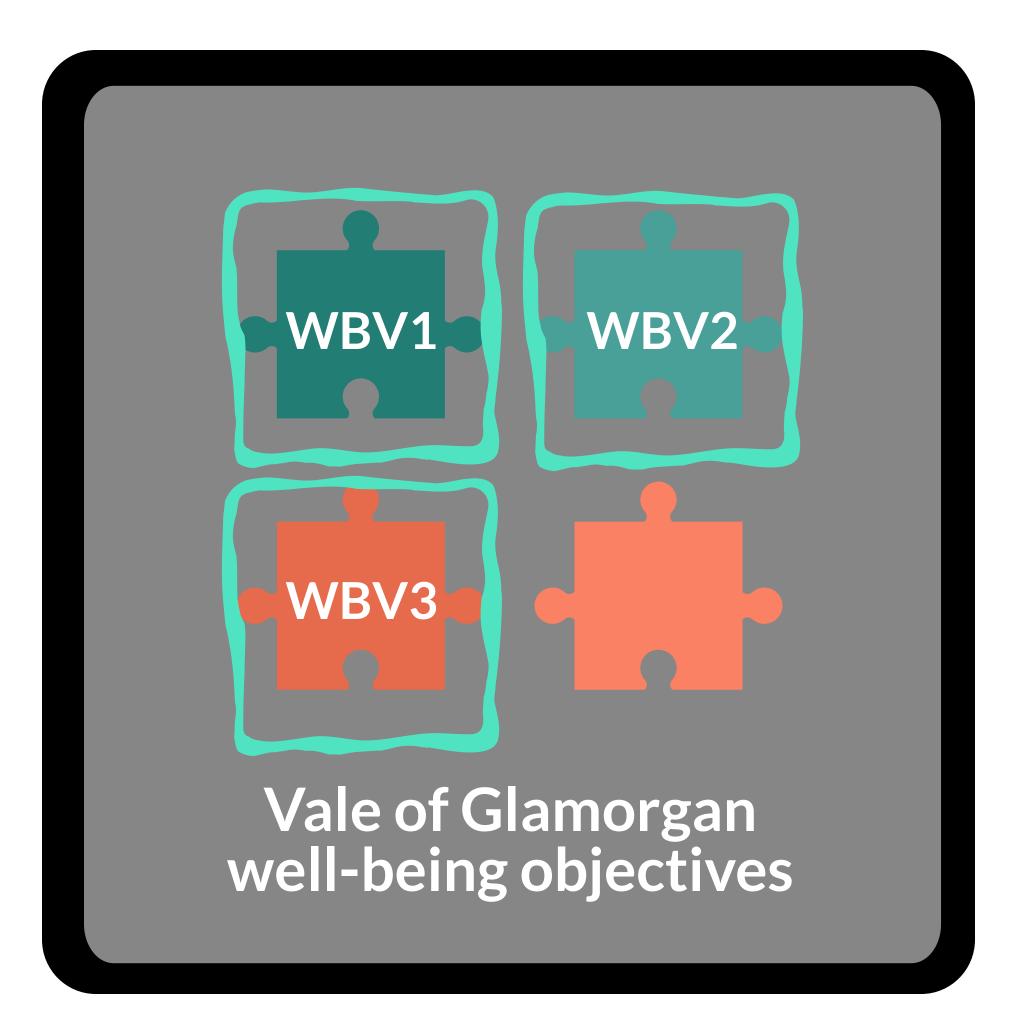
5: Adult and Young Carers



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?





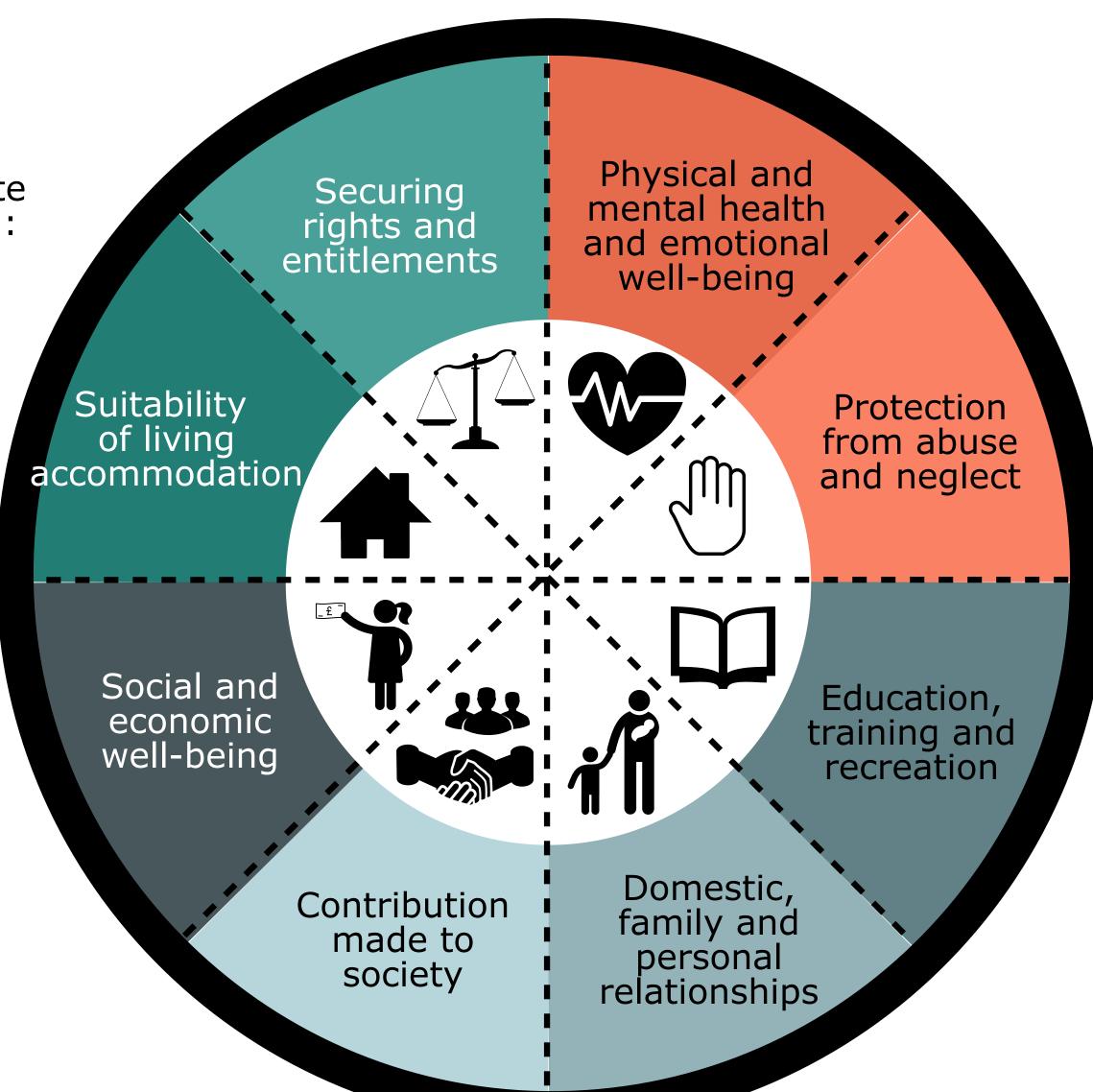




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



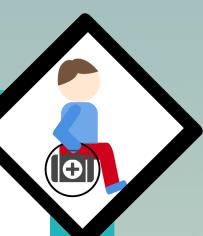
- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



6: Health and Physical Disabilities



What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- Over 30,000 people in Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan classified themselves in 'bad' or 'very bad' health, a rate of 6.4%. This compared to a Welsh average of 7.4%.
- 1 in 7 of the adult population (15%) considered that their day-to-day activities were limited a lot by a long-term health problem or disability.
- Unhealthy behaviours which increase the risk of disease are endemic among adults in Cardiff and the Vale, although tobacco and alcohol use are showing signs of improving. Many (but not all) of the most common chronic conditions and causes of death may be avoided by making changes in health-related behaviours, e.g. two fifths drink above alcohol guidelines (42% Cardiff, 42% Vale), around two thirds don't eat sufficient fruit and vegetables (64% Cardiff, 68% Vale), over half are overweight or obese (52% Cardiff, 53% Vale), and three quarters don't get enough physical activity (72% Cardiff, 71% Vale).

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?



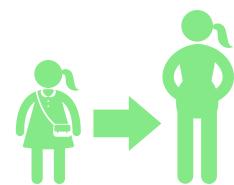












Need 1 (N1):

Improve access to information and services

Need 2 (N2):

Maintain and improve the provision and sustainability of community services

Need 3 (N3):

Improve the flexibility of services, including offering provision closer to home

Need 4 (N4):

Improve transitions between children's and adult's services











Need 5 (N5):

Increase integration of health, housing and social care

Need 6 (N6):

Promote and target services to meet the needs of vulnerable groups

Need 7 (N7):

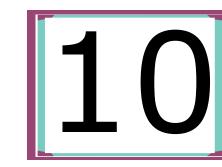
Improve public transport services to enable access to activities which promote health and well-being

Need 8 (N8):

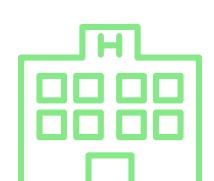
Improve the use of public buildings to joinup services and maximise resources













Need 9 (N9):

Provide appropriate housing to meet individuals' needs and enable people to remain independent

Need 10 (N10):

Reduce the prevalence of unhealthy behaviours

Need 11 (N11):

Respond to the increasing prevalence of long-term conditions

Need 12 (N12):

Reduce the levels of air pollution



Need 13 (N13):

Reduce the number of people living in food poverty

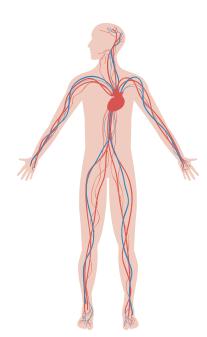
6: Health and Physical Disabilities



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region are:





Promote healthy lifestyles and improve and protect the health and well-being of Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan residents

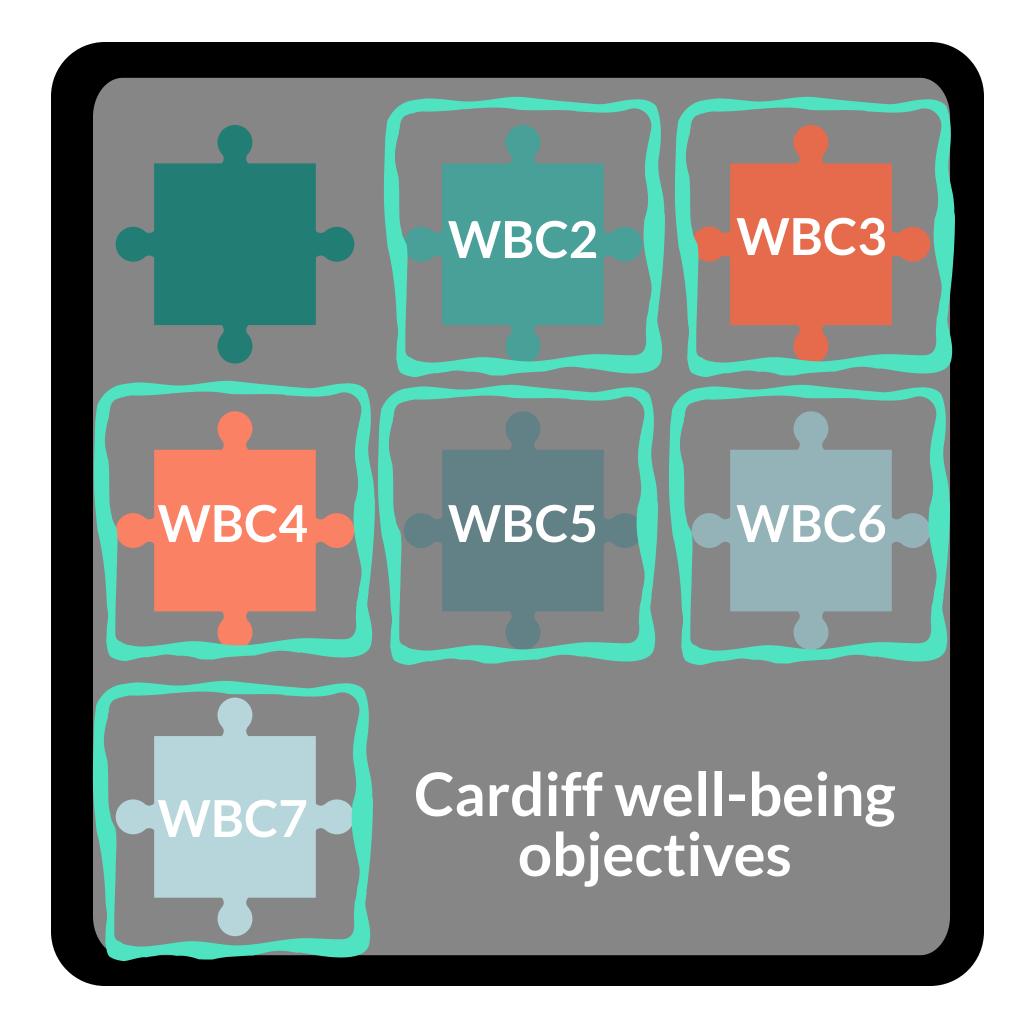
Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

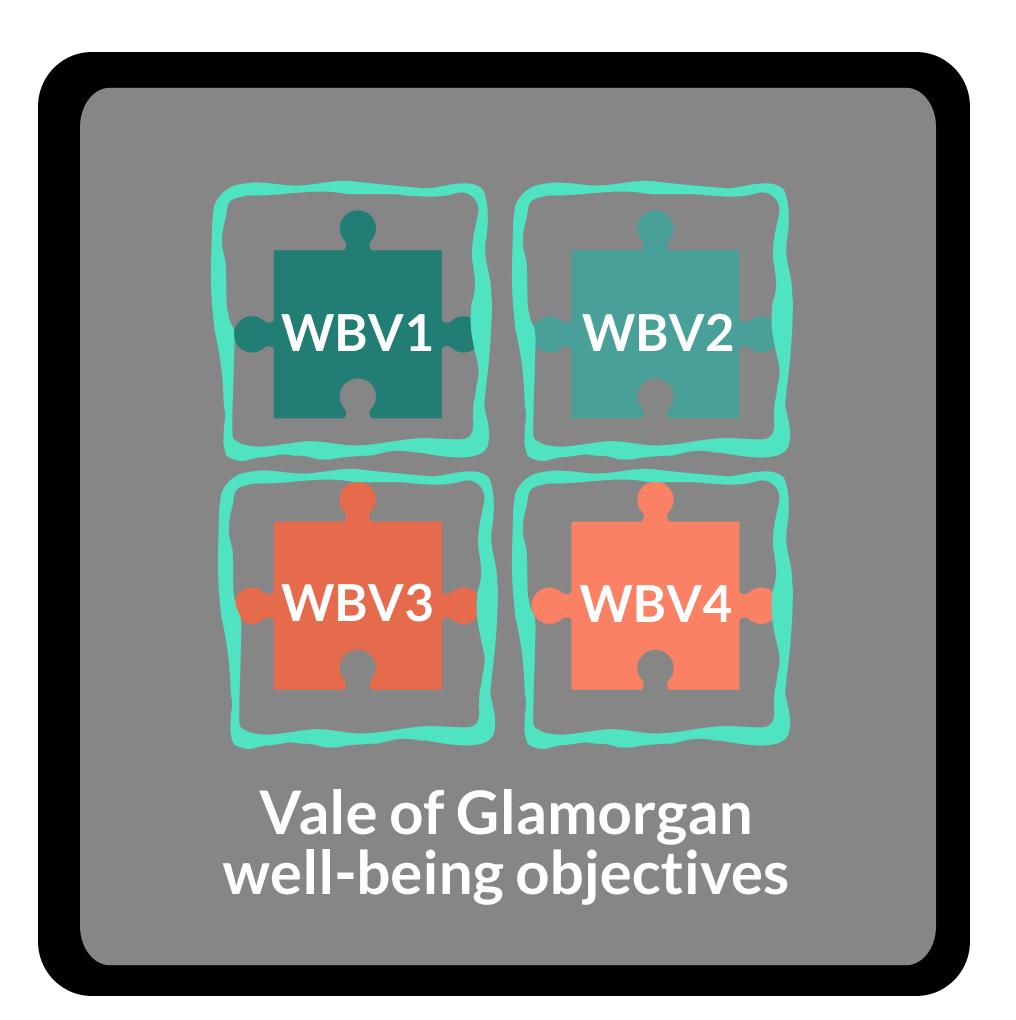
6: Health and Physical Disabilities



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?





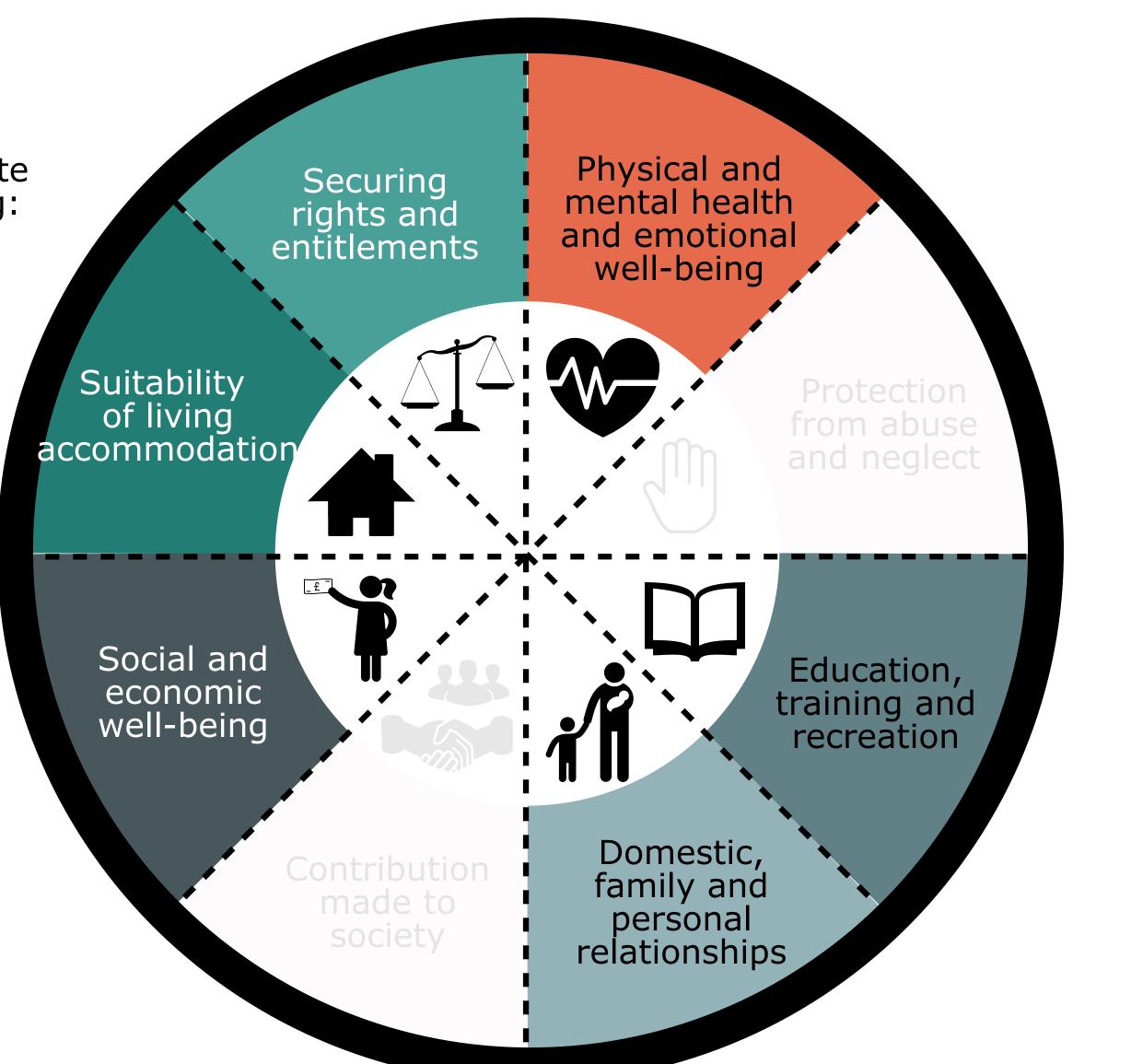




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



7: Adult Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment



What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- Self-reported mental well-being in Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan is in line with the Wales average, although this masks a slightly lower score in Cardiff compared with the Vale of Glamorgan.
- A recent health needs assessment of people with dementia in Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan highlighted that dementia had overtaken heart disease as the leading cause of death among women in England and Wales.
- There are estimated to be 5,000 people with dementia in Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan, nearly 6 in 10 (58%) of whom have a diagnosis.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?





Need 1 (N1):

Increase timely access
to low level mental
health services
(including counselling
and family support)





Need 2 (N2):

Improve the join up of information, advice and services





Need 3 (N3):

Reduce loneliness and isolation (especially among people with dementia, asylum seekers and refugees)





Need 4 (N4):

Provide appropriate housing, to meet individual's needs and enable people to remain independent



Need 5 (N5):

Continue partnership approach between statutory services and with the third sector



Need 6 (N6):

Improve support for the families of people with mental health issues



Need 7 (N7):

Improve access to services such as community hubs and one-stop shops



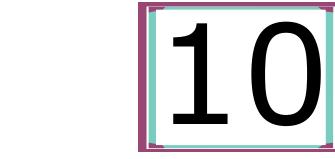


Need 8 (N8):

Improve information and support for GPs to inform decisions around referrals









Need 9 (N9):

Improve support for people with dementia, their families and carers

Need 10 (N10):

Improve peer support and mentoring to guide people through the system

7: Adult Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment

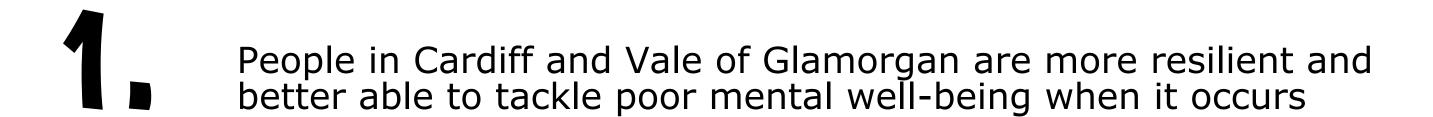


What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region are to deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan 'Together for Mental Health' Plan, which includes ensuring that:







The quality of life for people is improved, particularly through addressing loneliness and unwanted isolation.



Services meet the needs of the diverse population of Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan



People with mental health problems, their families and carers are treated with dignity and respect



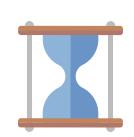
All children have the best possible start in life, which is enabled by giving parents / care givers the support needed



All children and young people are more resilient and better able to tackle poor mental well-being when it occurs



Children and young people experiencing mental health problems get better sooner



People with a mental health problem have access to appropriate and timely services



People of all ages experience sustained improvement to their mental health and well-being through access to positive life chances



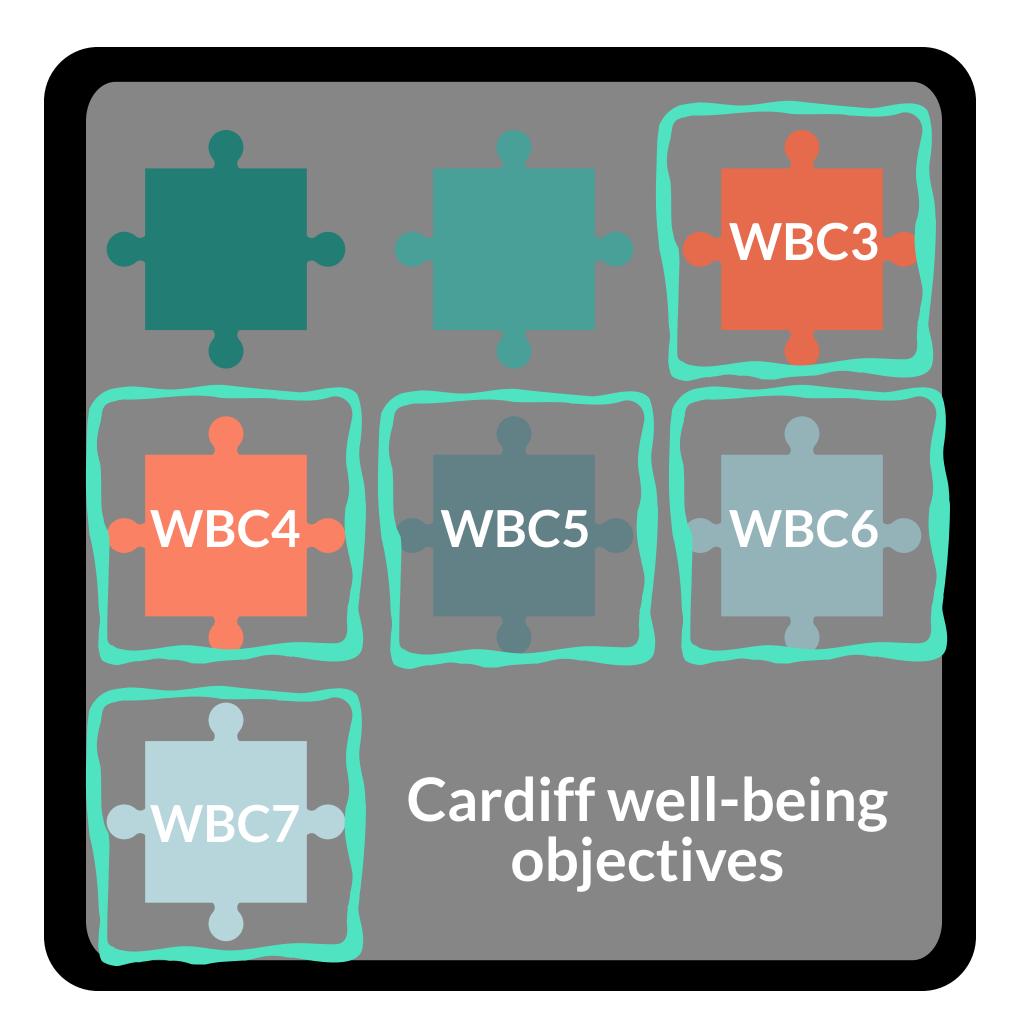
Cardiff & Vale of Glamorgan is a dementia-friendly region

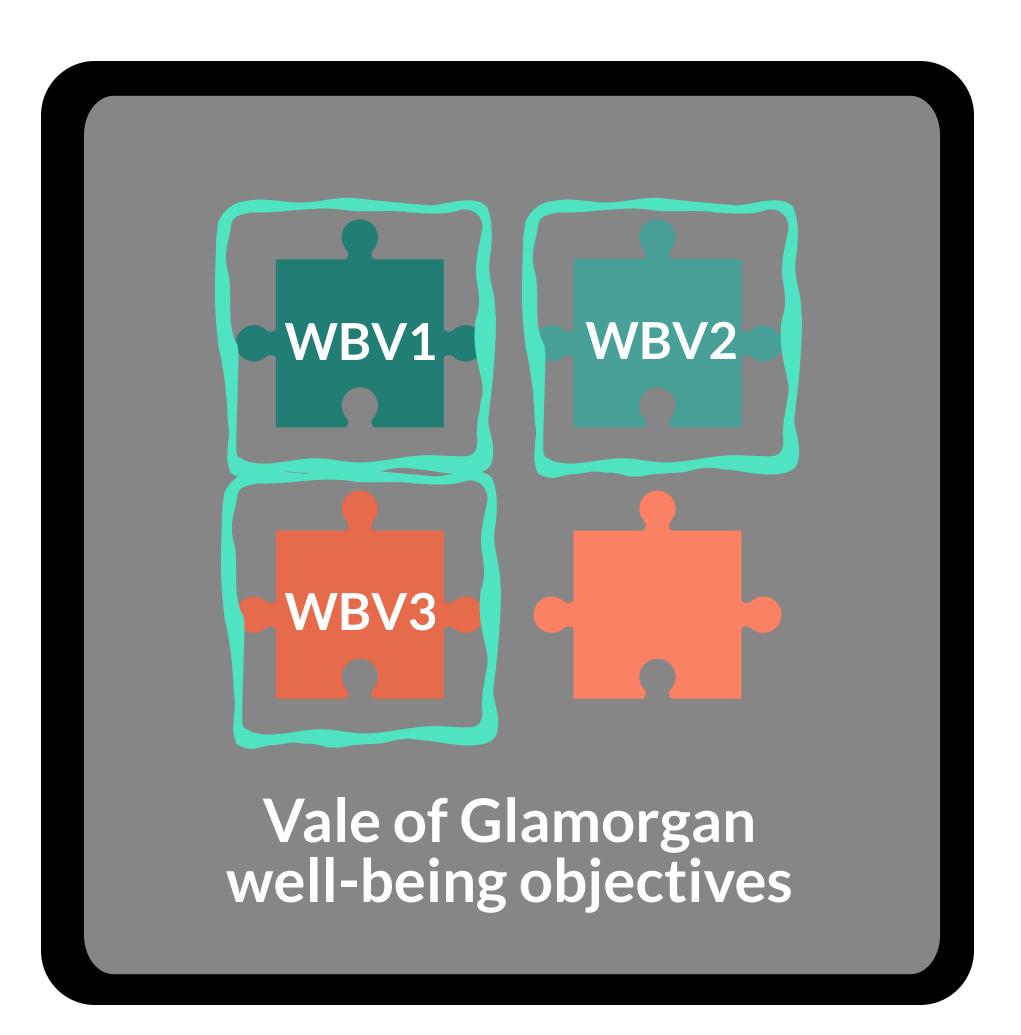
7: Adult Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?





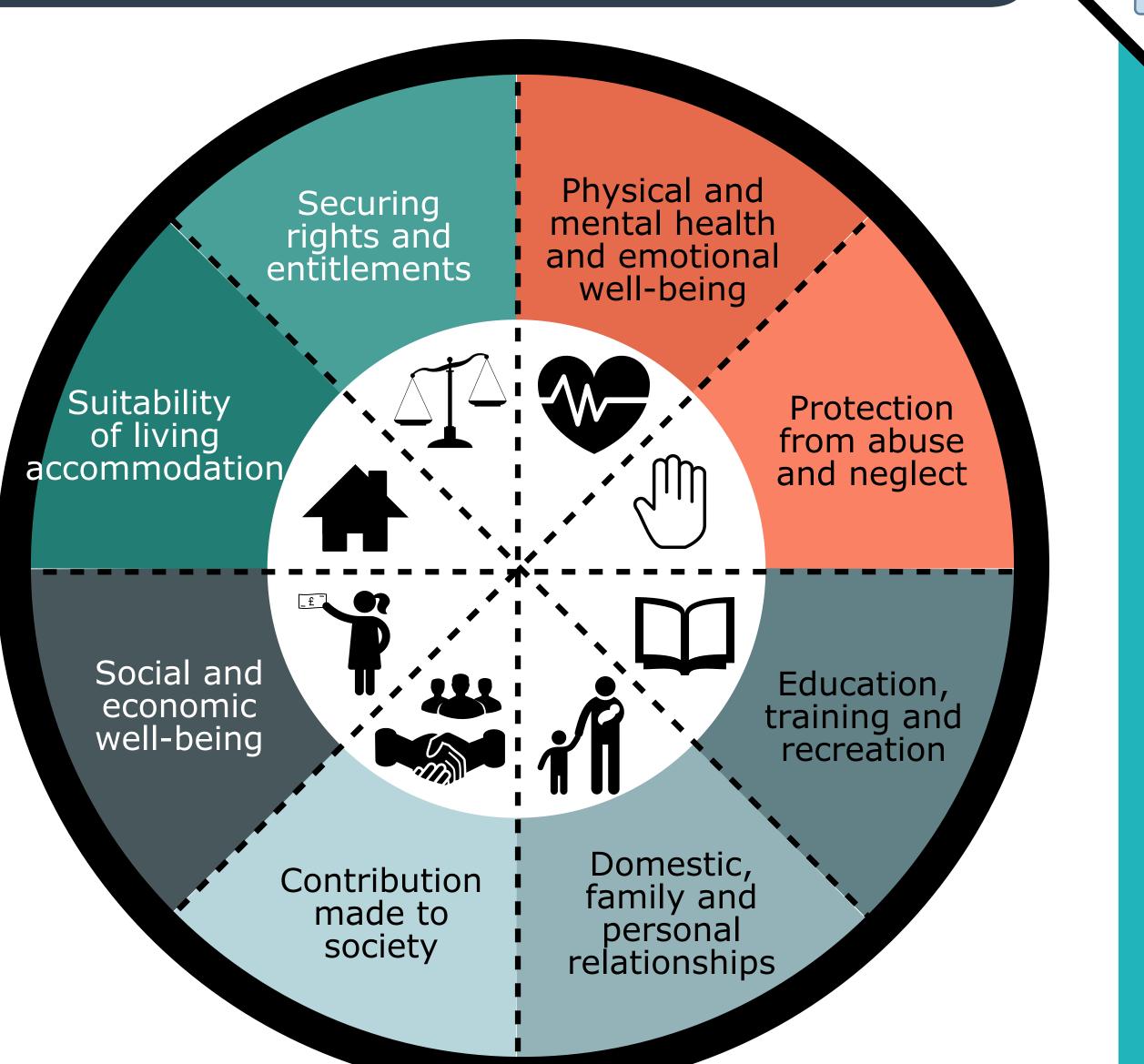




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



8: Sensory Loss and Impairment

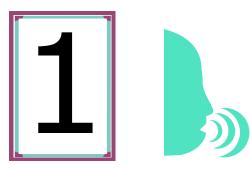


What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- There are an estimated 9,430 people living with some degree of sight loss in Cardiff and 4,560 people in the Vale of Glamorgan. Of these, 1,230 are living with severe sight loss in Cardiff and 610 in the Vale.
- In Cardiff, there are 11,980 people with early age-related macular degeneration (AMD) and 6,030 in the Vale. In addition, there are 2,870 people living with cataracts in Cardiff and 1,450 in the Vale, along with 7,230 people in Cardiff and 2,560 in Vale with diabetic retinopathy. Numbers of people with diabetic retinopathy are expected to rise significantly in Cardiff (17% compared to the Wales average of 6%), and 5% in the Vale.
- It is estimated that 28,900 people have moderate or severe hearing impairment in Cardiff, and 14,100 in the Vale.
- In Cardiff, it is estimated that 1,840 people are living with dual sensory loss (i.e. sight and hearing) of any severity, along with 860 people with the Vale.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?



Need 1 (N1):

Improve accessible communication and provision of information on services available



Improve opportunities for increasing mobility and rehabilitation

Need 2 (N2):



Need 3 (N3):

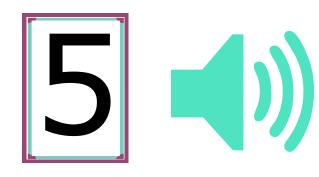
Review purpose and use of registers for sensory impairment





Need 4 (N4):

Increase opportunities to improve social interaction, mental health and well-being



Need 5 (N5):

Improve the provision of person centred equipment and technology



Need 6 (N6):

Ensure appropriate housing to meet individual's needs and enable independent living



Need 7 (N7):

Improve access to appropriate specialist services and assessments



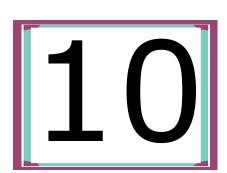
Need 8 (N8):

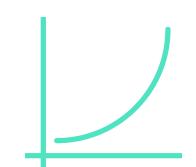
Continue partnership approach between statutory services and with the third sector



Need 9 (N9):

Identify people with complex needs and sensory impairment who require additional support





11



Need 10 (N10):

Improve planning for increase in prevalence of people with sight loss

Need 11 (N11):

Recognise and address diagnosed hearing impairment among older people in care homes

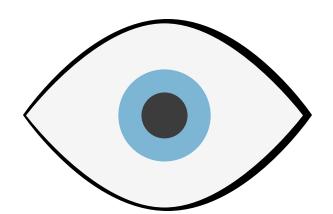
8: Sensory Loss and Impairment



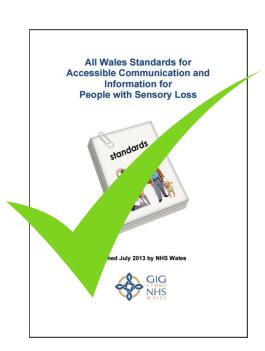
What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region are:



Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Eye Care Plan in conjunction with Primary Care, Secondary Care, Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan University Health Board and Welsh Government



Develop and implement a health board wide action plan to meet the All Wales Standards for Accessible Information and Communication for People with Sensory Loss, in order to improve provision across Primary Care, Secondary Care and Emergency and Unscheduled Care



Explore the establishment of a partnership delivery mechanism to meet the wider needs of people with sensory loss and impairment

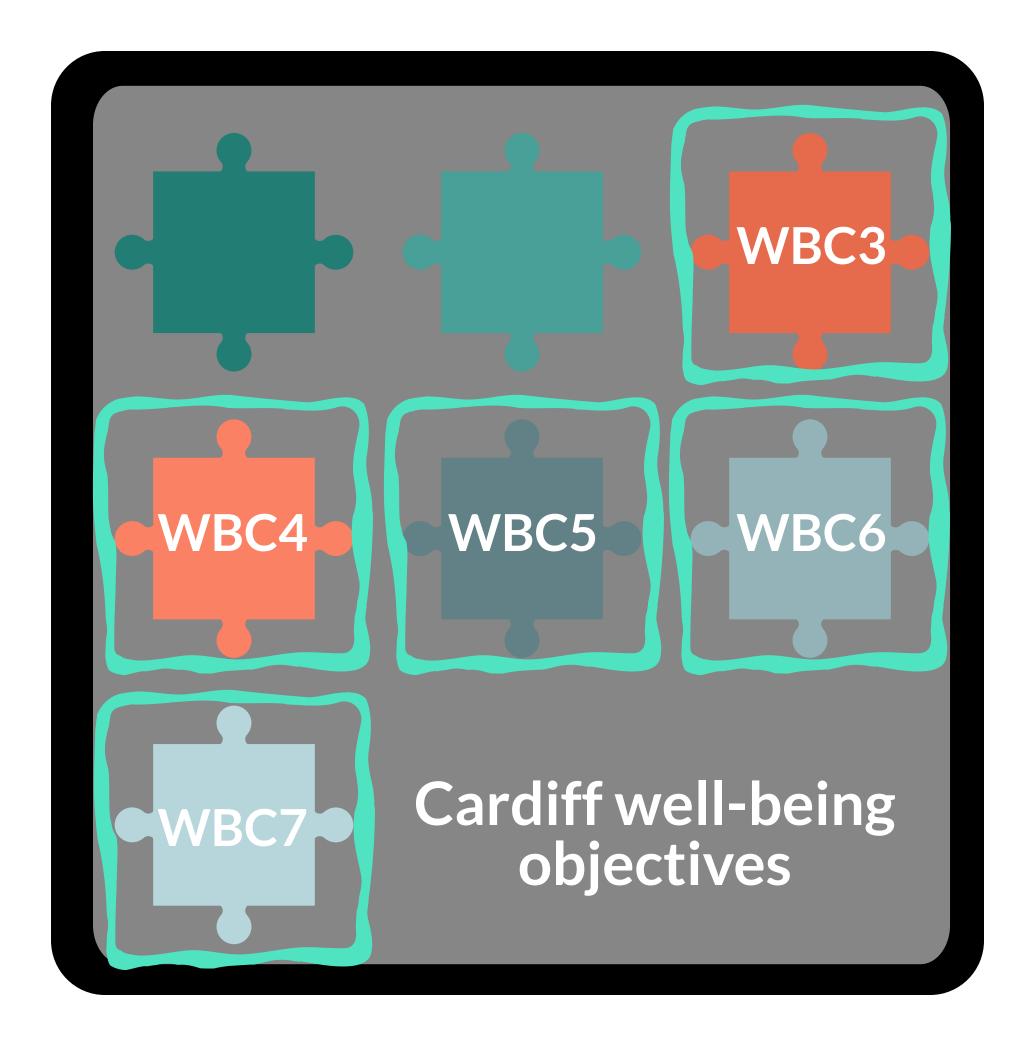
Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

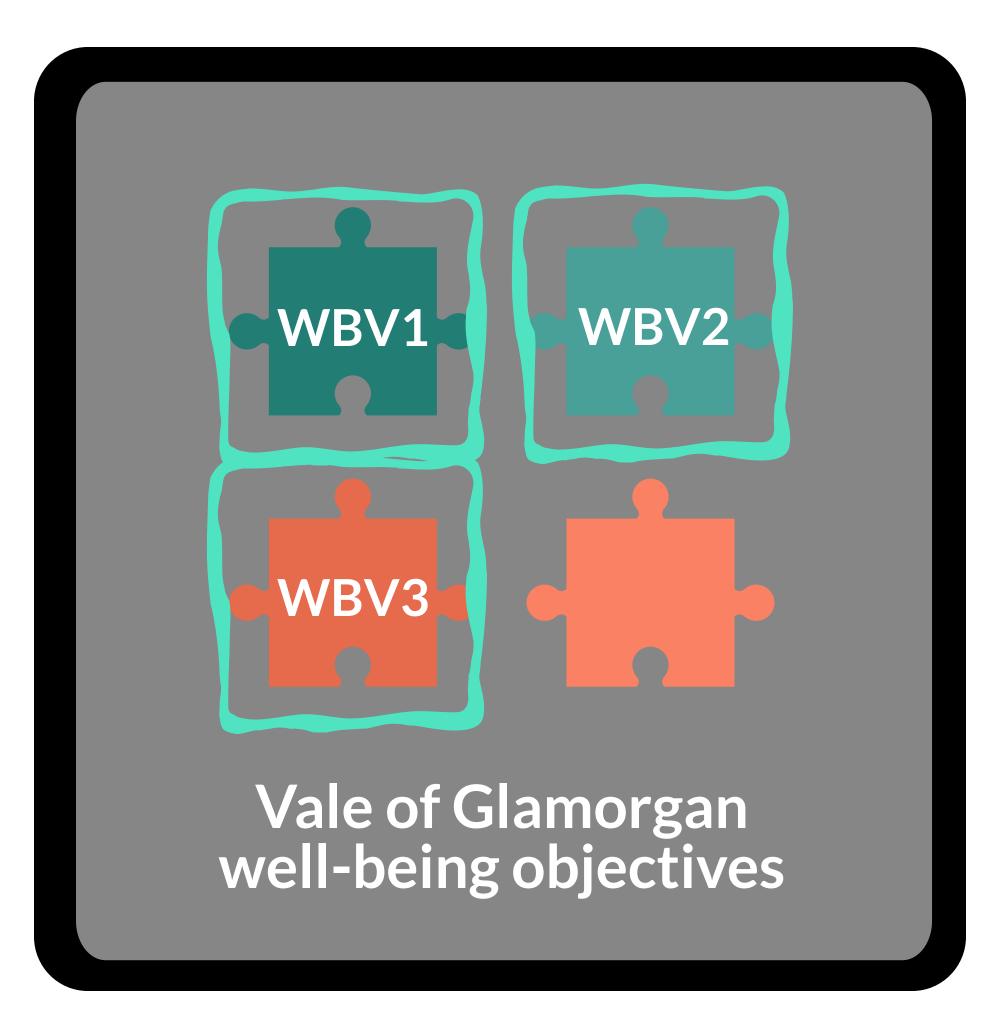
8: Sensory Loss and Impairment



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?





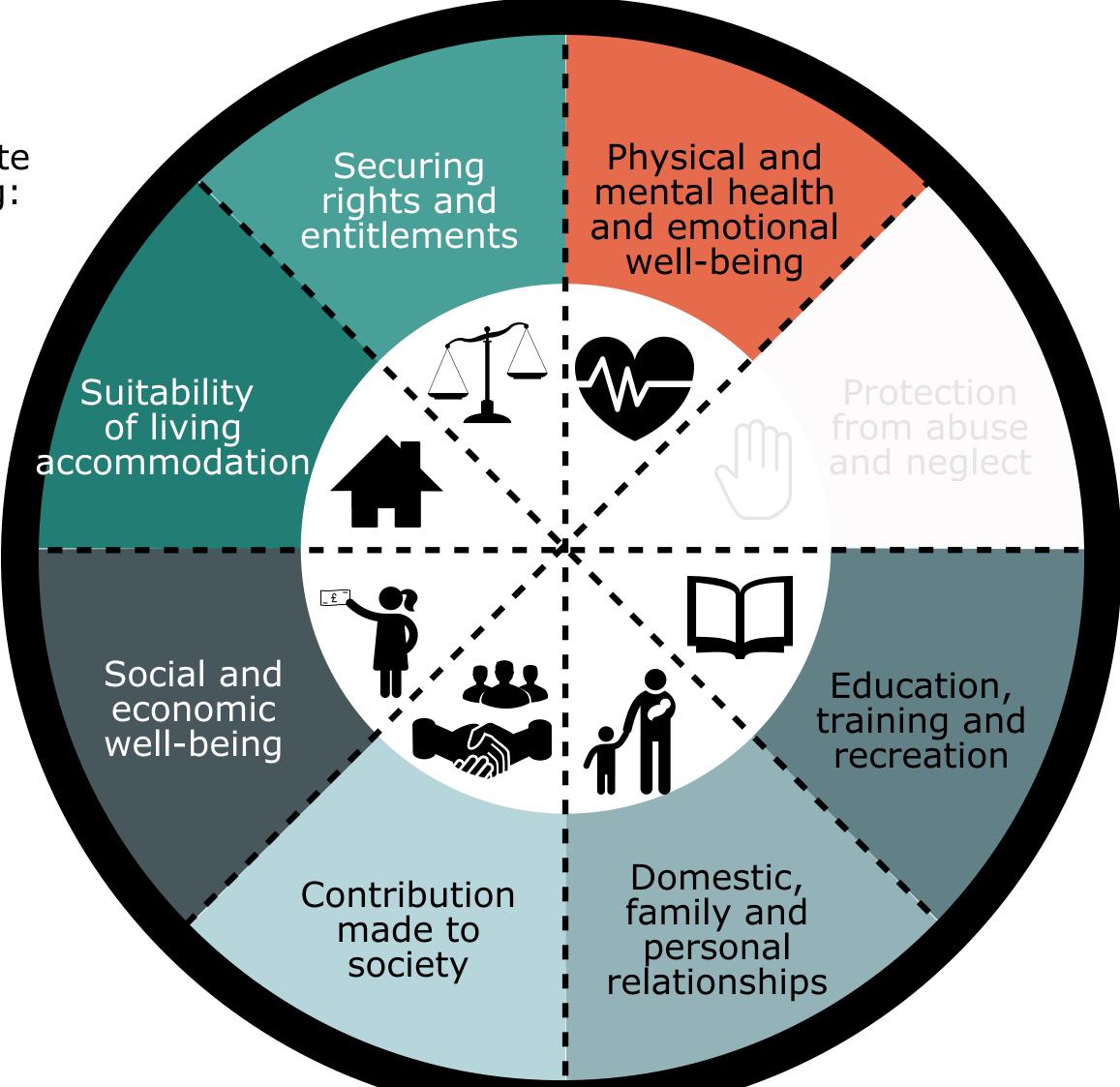




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



9: Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence



What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- In Cardiff, there were 2,362 incidents of violence against the person (either gender), 2,263 domestic incidents and 57 sexual offences reported to South Wales Police during 2015/16. In the Vale of Glamorgan, the corresponding figures were 2,279 incidents of violence against the person, 1,936 domestic incidents and 204 reported sexual offences.
- In Cardiff, 3,145 referrals relating to domestic abuse were made by the Police, including 1,060 high risk referrals. In the Vale, 1,936 referrals were made by the Police, including 63 high risk referrals.
- Of children in need and protection in Cardiff, 15% in 2015 had a record of domestic abuse being a factor. In the Vale, this was much higher at 51% compared to a Wales average of 23%.

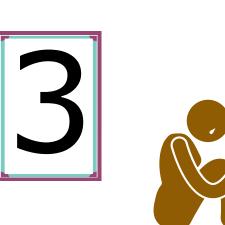
What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?













Need 1 (N1):

Undertake awareness raising in schools to promote healthy relationships



Promote the use of positive male role models

Need 3 (N3):

Provide support and safeguarding to children in households where there is domestic abuse

Need 4 (N4):

Prevent and reduce adverse childhood experiences (ACEs)





Need 5 (N5):

Ensure approaches

are both needs-led

and risk-led





Need 6 (N6):

Increase the accountability of perpetrators



Need 7 (N7):

Promote early reporting and the implementation of 'Ask and Act'



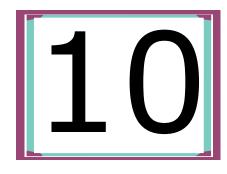


Need 8 (N8):

Improve transparency in family courts



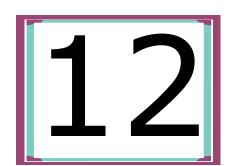


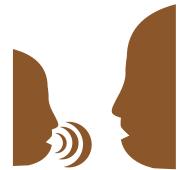












Need 9 (N9):

Improve access to information on existing services and support

Need 10 (N10):

Raise awareness in communities of how they can identify and support people experiencing domestic abuse and sexual violence

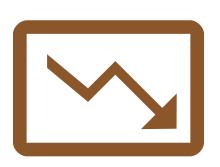
Need 11 (N11):

Provide appropriate, safe and secure accommodation

Need 12 (N12):

Improve the availability of ageappropriate counselling









Need 13 (N13):

Reduce incidences of child sexual exploitation

Need 14 (N14):

Reduce incidents of 'honour'-based violence

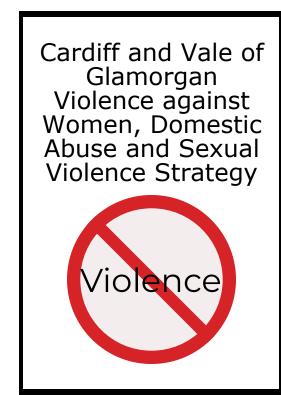
9: Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region are:

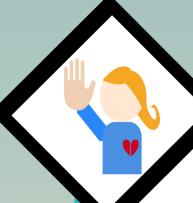




Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Violence against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence Strategy (under development)

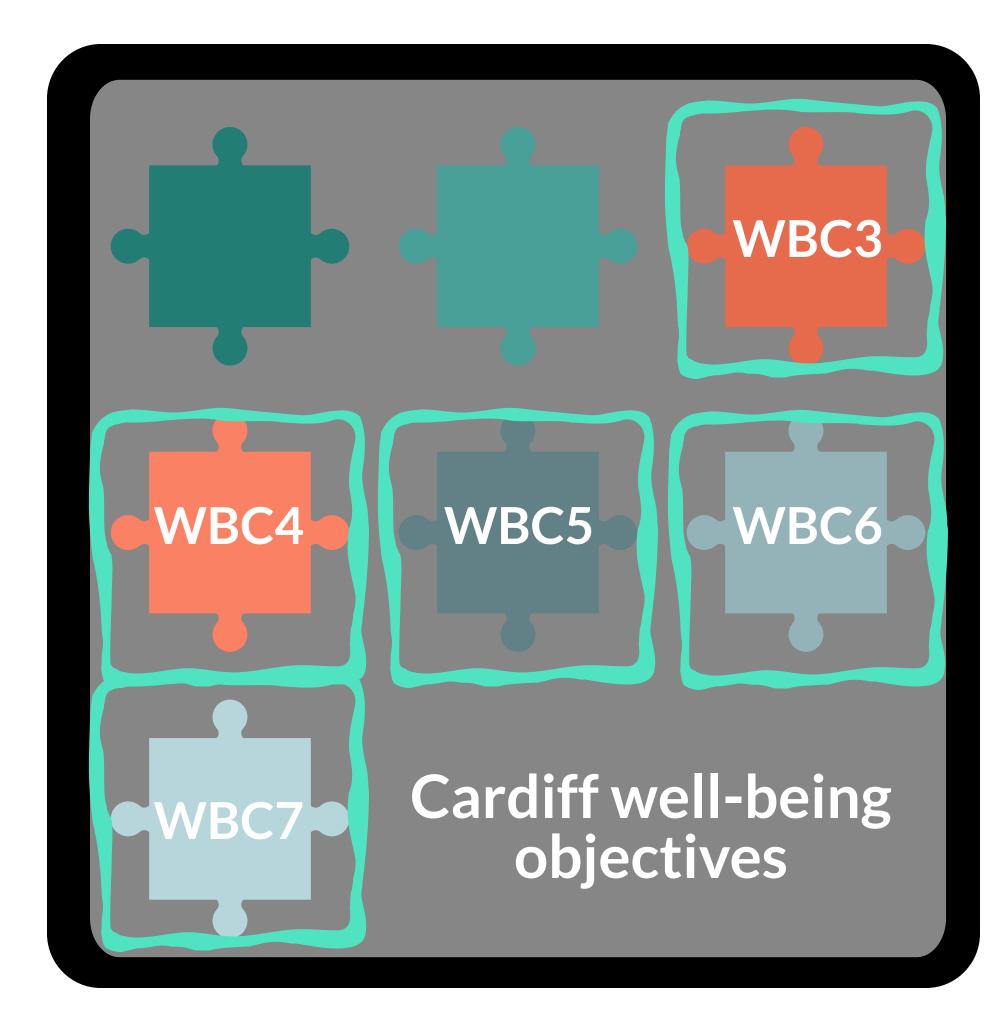
Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

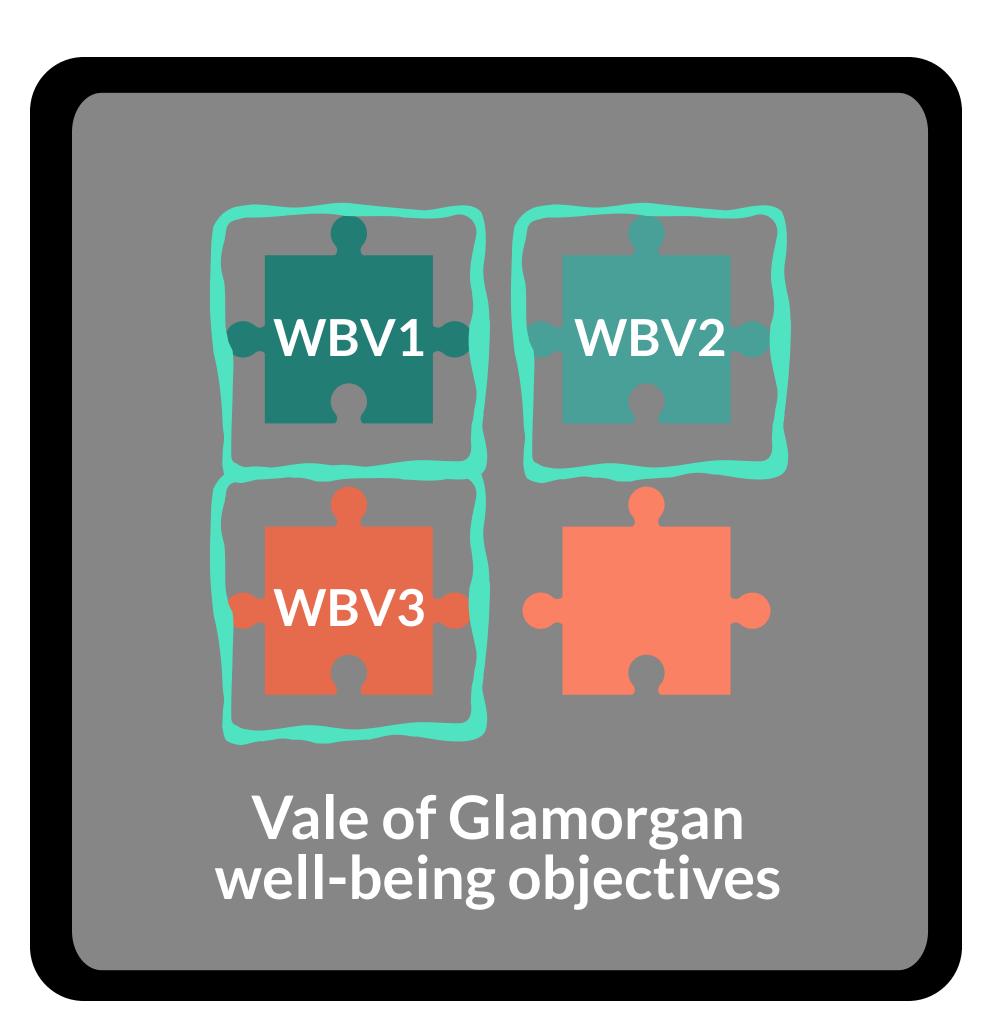
9: Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?

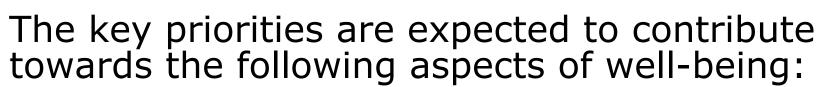




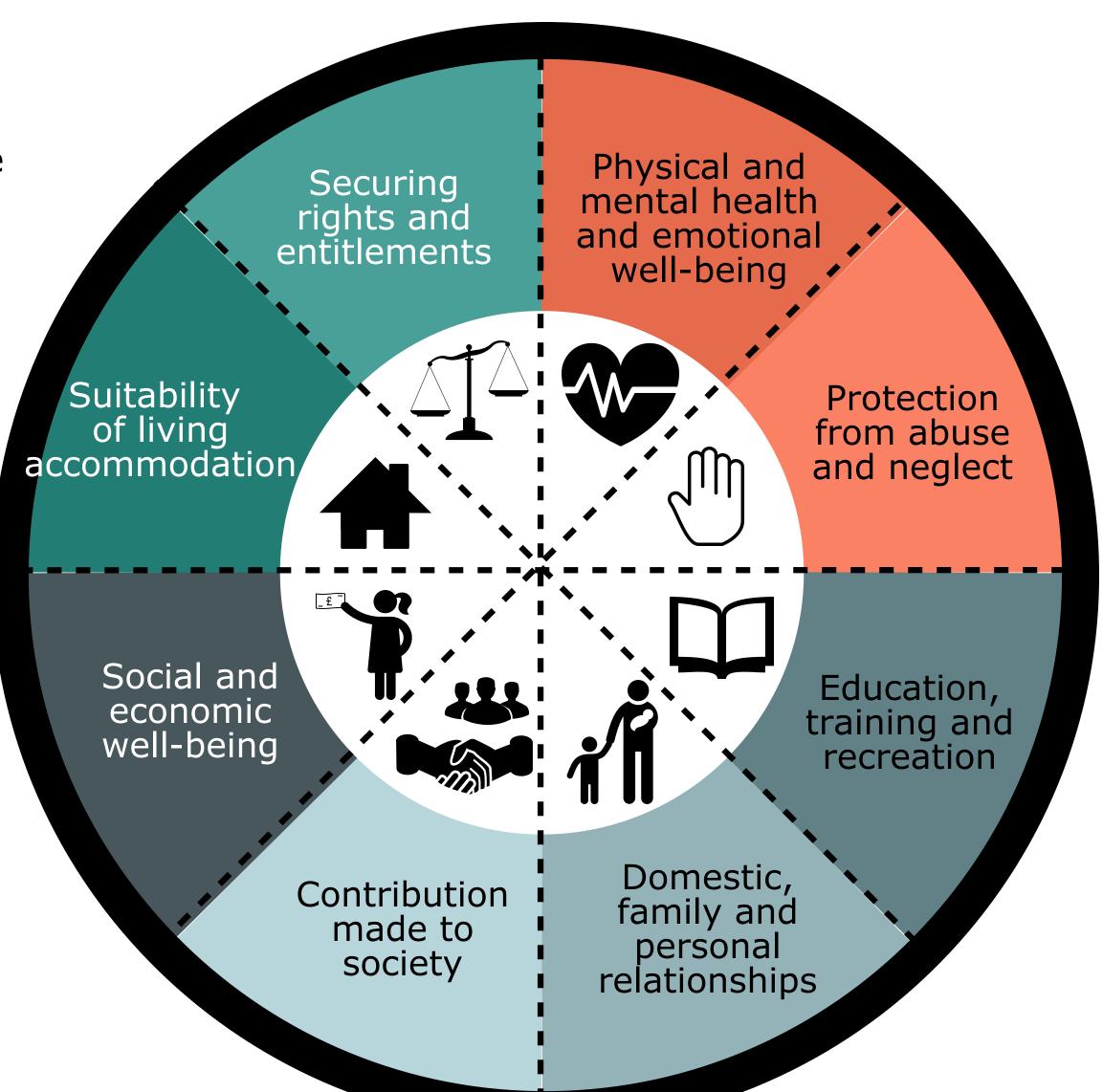




Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



10: Asylum Seekers and Refugees

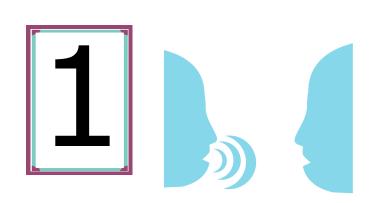


What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- Cardiff is both an initial accommodation centre and dispersal centre for UK asylum seekers. Asylum seekers are located across Cardiff, but with the highest concentration in South Cardiff. The Syrian Resettlement Programme operates in both Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan.
- At the time of the 2011 Census, 15% of people living in Cardiff were non-UK born, compared with 6% in the Vale and 7% in Wales as a whole. In 2015, Cardiff had the highest positive net level of immigration compared to the rest of Wales, with around 1,900 net international immigrants.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?



Need 1 (N1):

Improve access to English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) and interpretation for public services





Need 2 (N2):

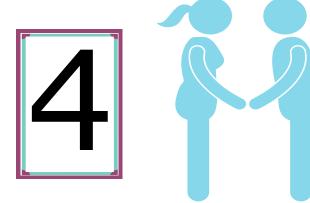
Improve access to information on education, hate crime, health and service provision





Need 3 (N3):

Improve access to the labour market



Need 4 (N4):

Provide support to help establish links in the community





Need 5 (N5):

Increase involvement of children and young people in decisions affecting them





Need 6 (N6):

Improve public transport services, to enable access to health and social activities





Need 7 (N7):

Improve engagement with schools





Need 8 (N8):

Improve access to community mental health services

10: Asylum Seekers and Refugees



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region are:





Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Community Cohesion Delivery Plan 2017/2020 (under development)

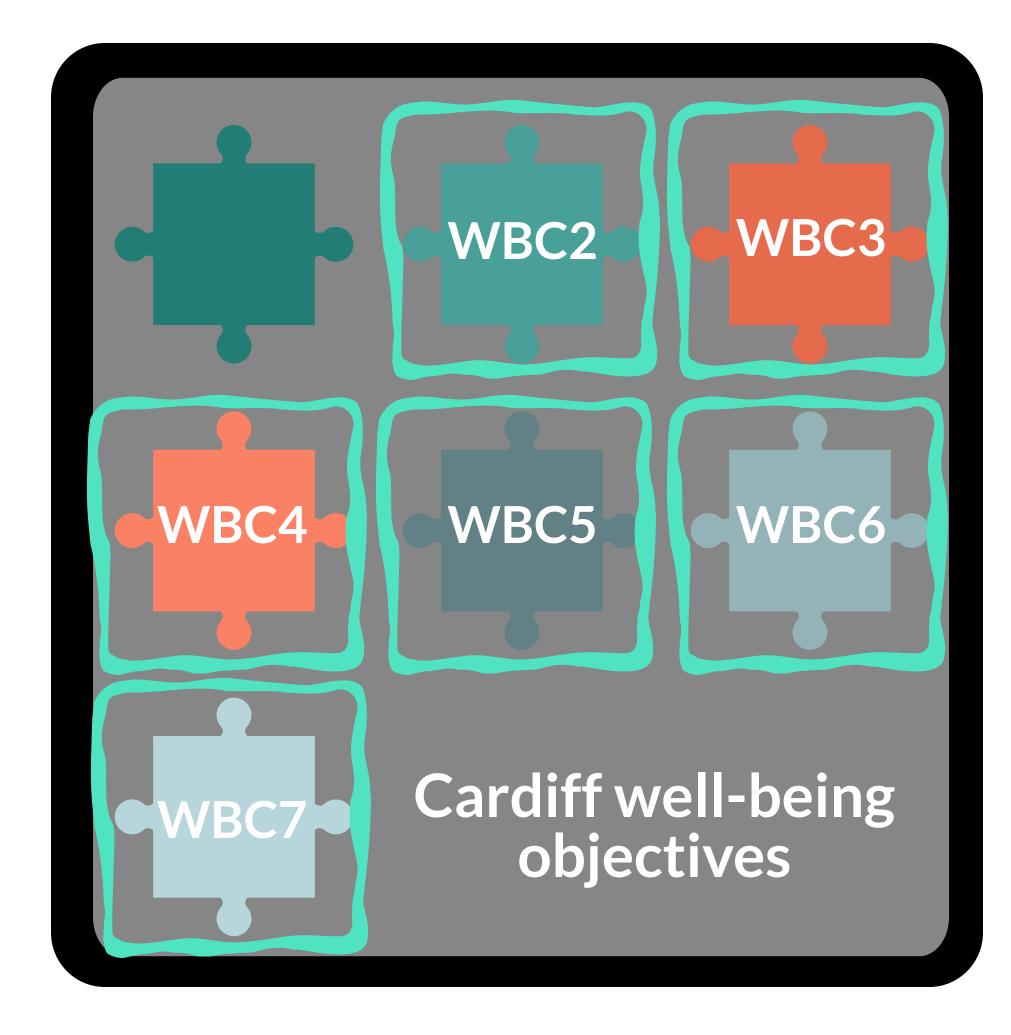
Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

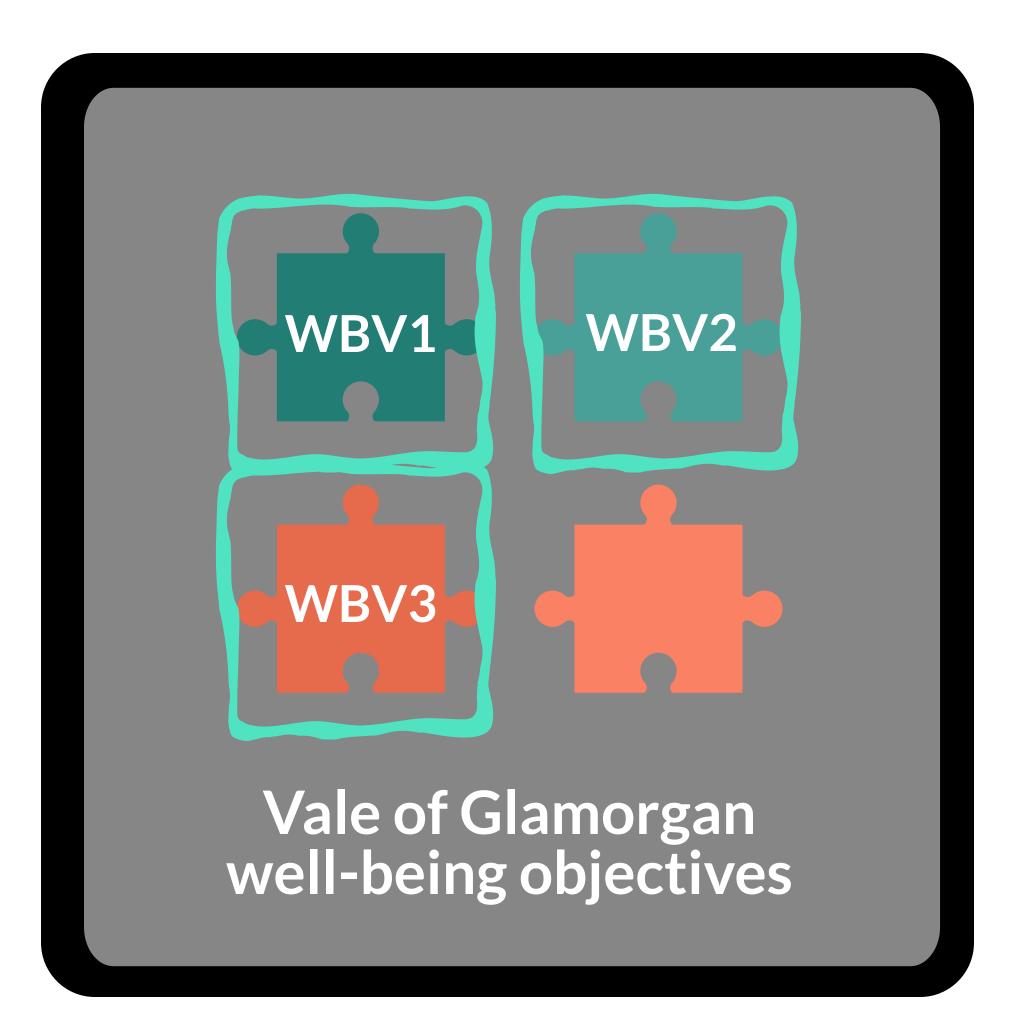
10: Asylum Seekers and Refugees



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?







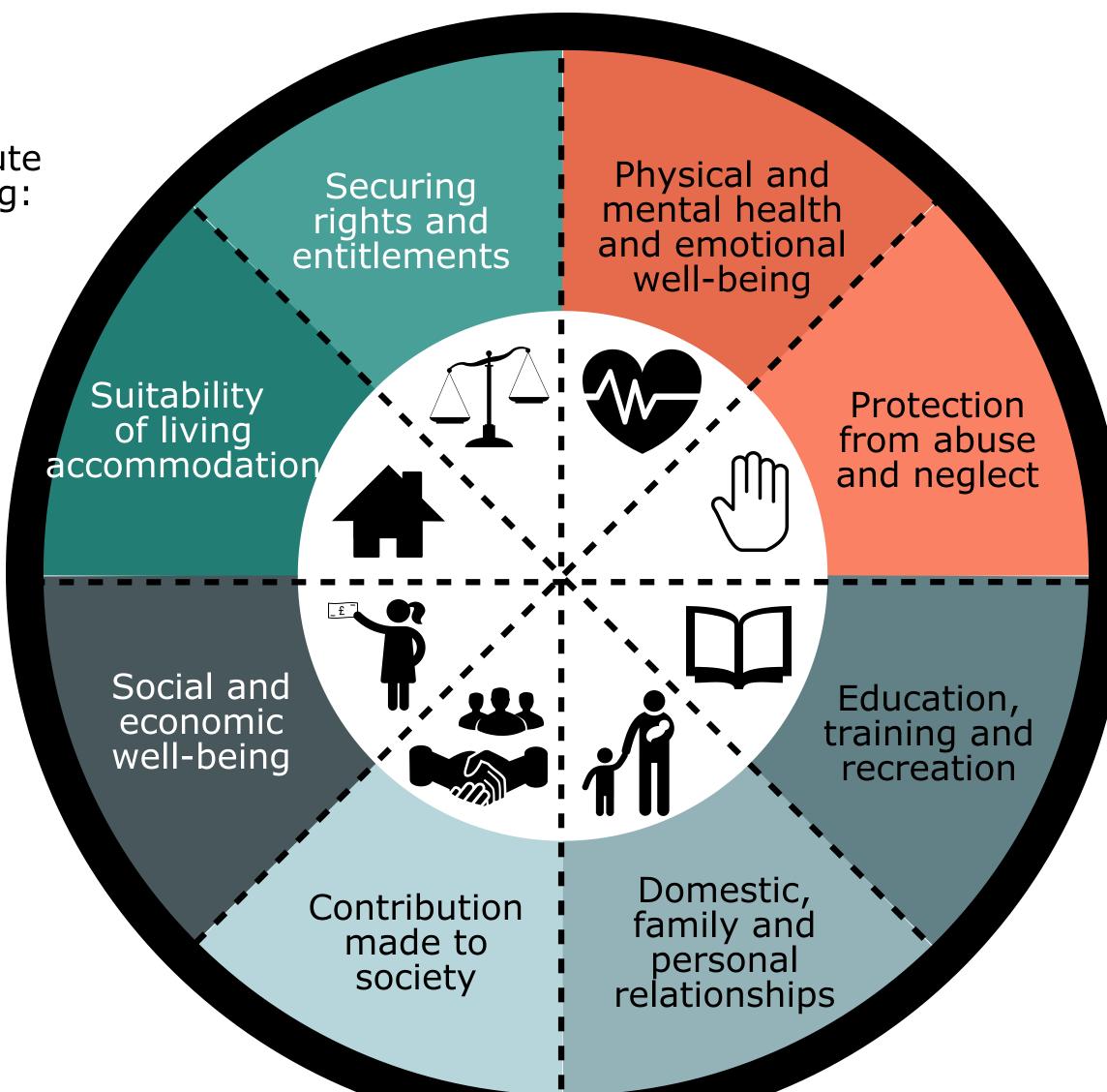


Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



The key priorities are expected to contribute towards the following aspects of well-being:

- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation





What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- HM Prison Cardiff is a local prison serving the courts and holding offenders serving sentences of up to 2 years. In December 2016, HM Prison Cardiff held 771 men and had an operational capacity of 820.
- The prison has an average of 384 new prisoners per month and an estimated 4,602 annually.
- Around half of all offenders at HMP Cardiff give a home address in the Cardiff area, with fewer than 5% from the Vale of Glamorgan.
- Over half the offenders are aged 21-39, and all are male. A small number of female offenders from Cardiff are held in HMP Eastwood Park, with a few from the Vale of Glamorgan.
- During 2015/16, 510 offences were committed by young people seen in the Youth Offending Service in Cardiff, compared to 164 offences in the Vale. In Cardiff, the most common offences were theft, violence against the person and motoring offences. In Vale, they were violence against the person, criminal damage and public order offences.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?





Need 1 (N1):

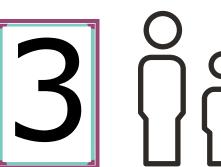
Improve access to mental health and substance misuse services, and counselling post release





Need 2 (N2):

Respond to the increase in use of new psychoactive substances



Need 3 (N3):

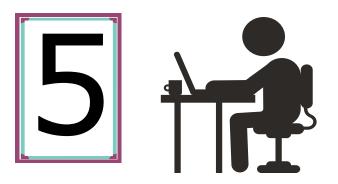
Improve support to enable family support and stability





Need 4 (N4):

Provide appropriate housing and support



Need 5 (N5):

Improve access to information on employment and welfare benefits support





Need 6 (N6):

Provide youth support services and activities and increase youth engagement

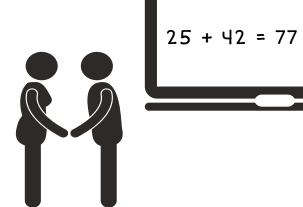




Need 7 (N7):

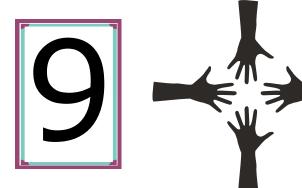
Promote healthy lifestyles (including sexual health)





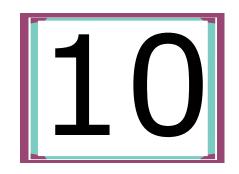
Need 8 (N8):

Increase engagement in education and community activities



Need 9 (N9):

Improve communication and partnership working between services





Need 10 (N10):

Promote opportunities for continued adult learning and development of life skills

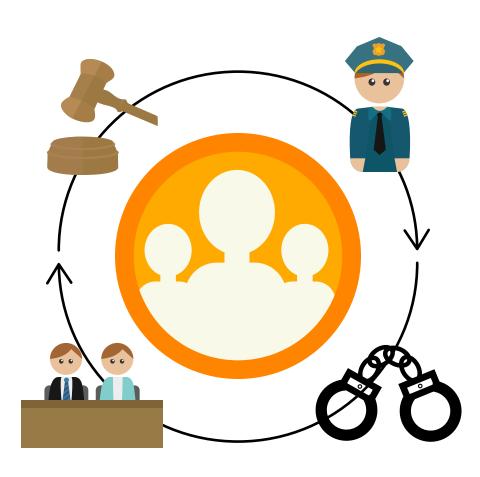
11: Offenders



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region are:





Ensure that the local criminal justice system works effectively and efficiently, meeting the needs of victims and challenging offenders

Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

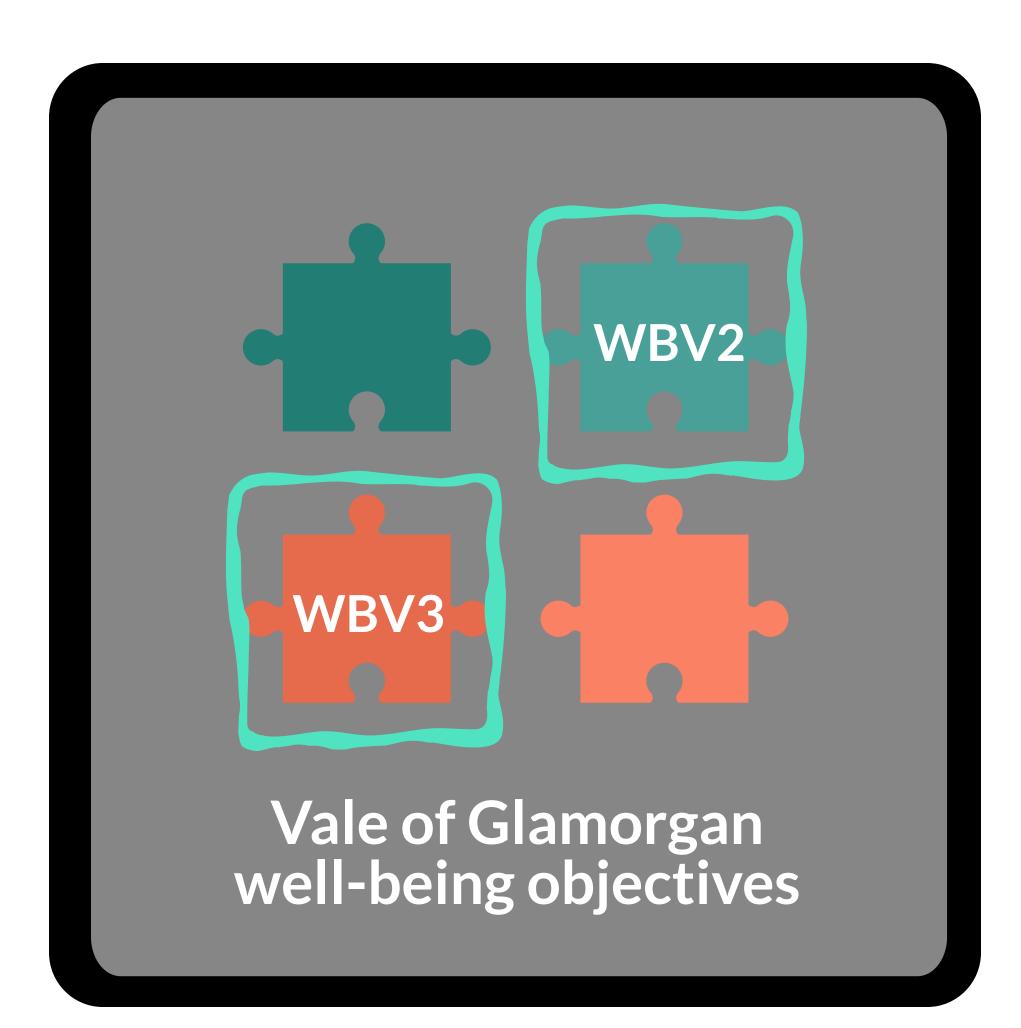
11: Offenders



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?







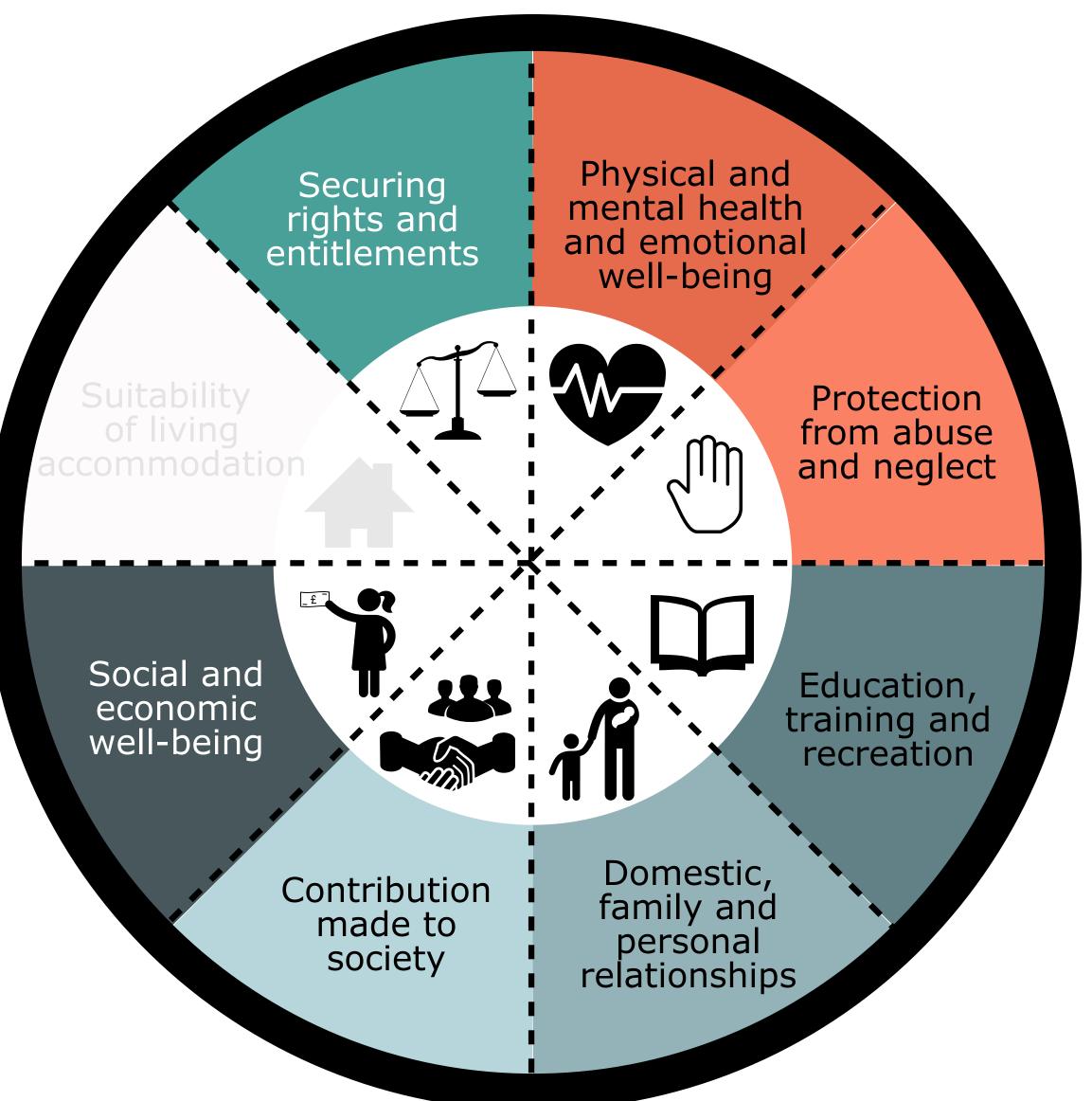


Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



The key priorities are expected to contribute towards the following aspects of well-being:

- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being





What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- There are around 5.61 veterans per 1,000 residents in Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan, below the Wales average of 6.24 and the second lowest rate in Wales.
- This rate masks a very low rate in Cardiff (3.29) compared to 11.96 in the Vale of Glamorgan the highest rate in Wales.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?





Need 1 (N1):

Improve mental health diagnosis and care



Need 2 (N2):

Reduce social isolation





Need 3 (N3):

Improve access to housing





Need 4 (N4):

Improve the availability of financial advice





Need 5 (N5):

Improve the provision of services for all conditions affecting veterans, not just post-traumatic stress disorder





Need 6 (N6):

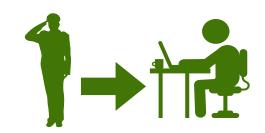
Reduce substance misuse and self medication



Need 7 (N7):

Increase early diagnosis and preventative treatment to reduce long-term limiting illnesses





Need 8 (N8):

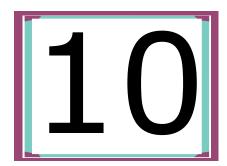
Improve transition between active service and civilian life





Need 9 (N9):

Improve access to information and services





Need 10 (N10):

Reduce safeguarding issues relating to domestic violence

12: Veterans



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region are:





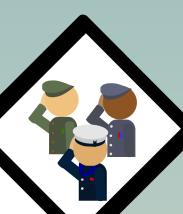
Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Armed Forces Community Action Plan 2017/2019

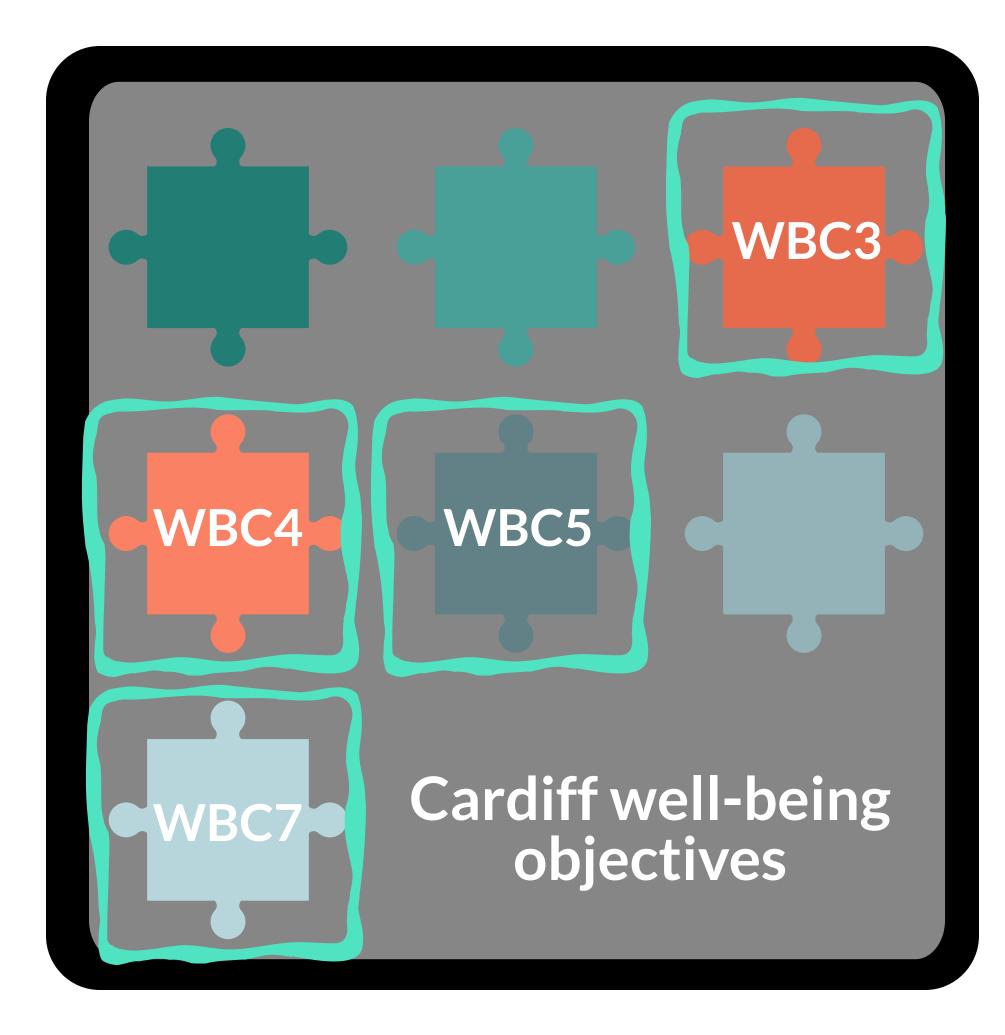
Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

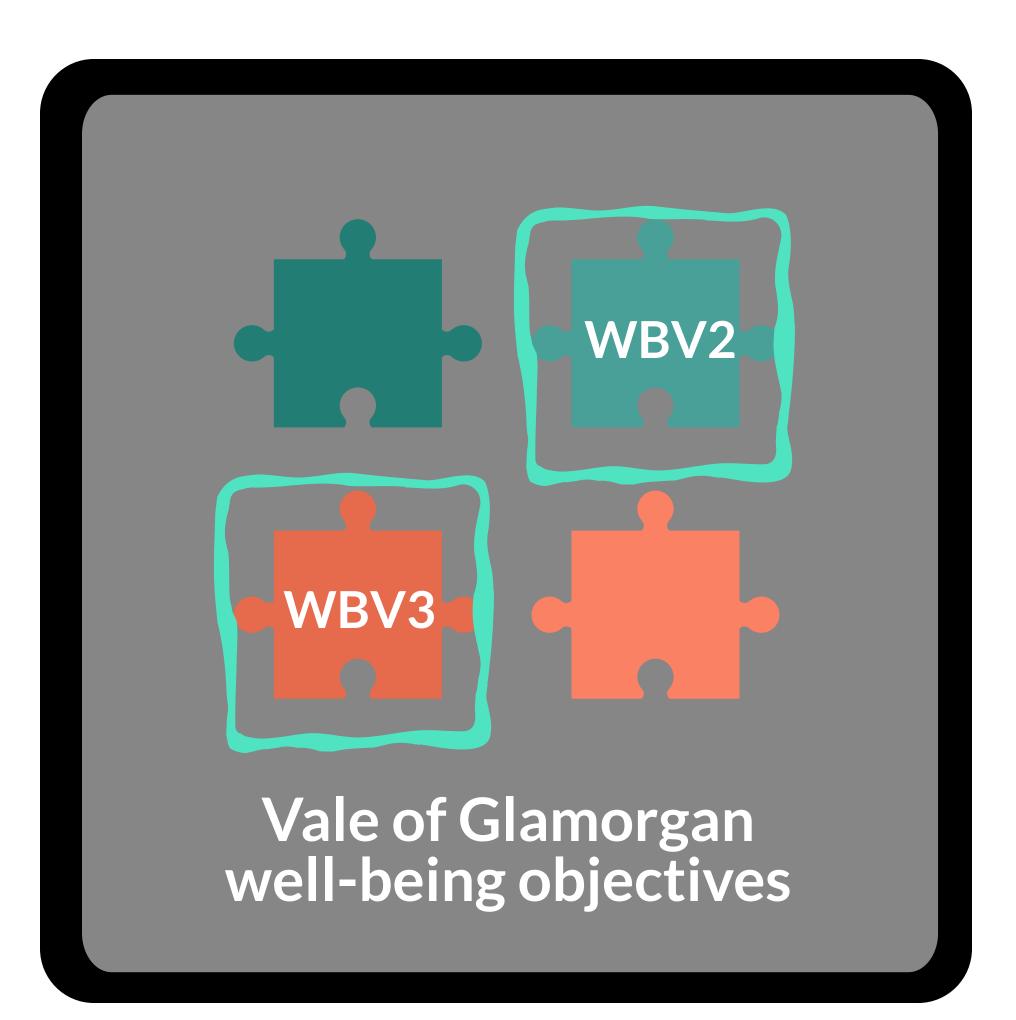
12: Veterans

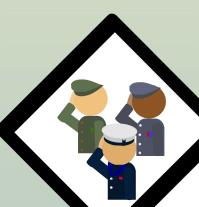


Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?







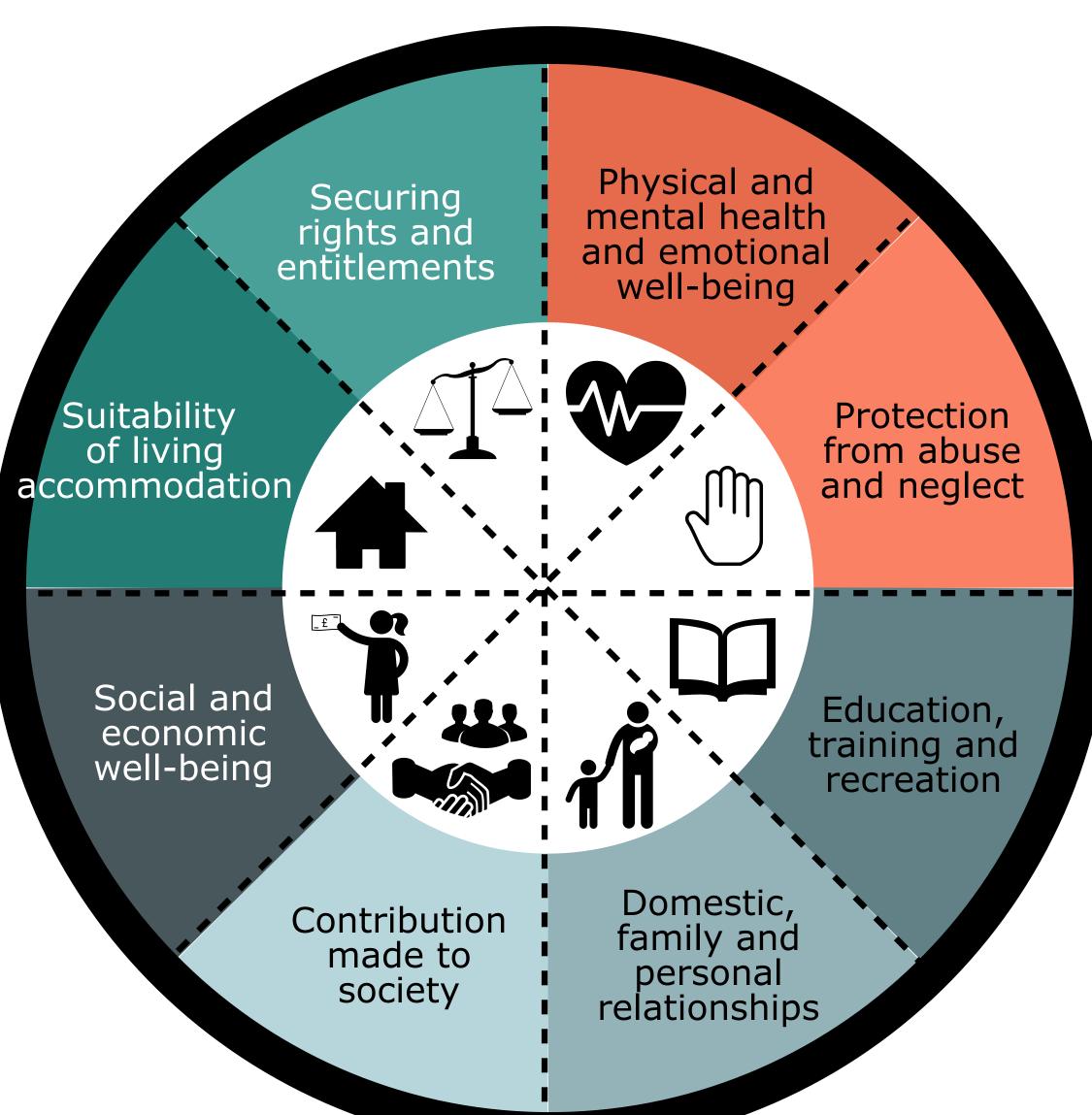


Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



The key priorities are expected to contribute towards the following aspects of well-being:

- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation





What did the Population Needs Assessment Tell Us?



- The number of males referred to substance misuse services in Cardiff and the Vale of Glamorgan is consistently higher than the number of females, despite there being slightly more women in the region than men.
- Alcohol is the most misused substance for which referrals are made to substance misuse services in Cardiff and the Vale, followed by heroin, cannabis and cocaine.

What were the Key Care and Support Needs Identified?



Need 1 (N1):

Respond to the increased number of people buying illicit substancés online





Need 2 (N2):

Respond to the growing 'hidden population' misusing prescription and over the counter medication





Need 3 (N3):

Reduce the misuse of neuropathic medications with alcohol and drugs





Need 4 (N4):

Reduce the use of synthetic cannabinoids and nitrous oxide





Need 5 (N5):

Improve the identification, service coordination and delivery for individuals with a dual diagnosis (co-occurring substance misuse and mental health issues)



Need 6 (N6):

Respond to the increasing prevalence of alcohol related brain damage (ARBD)



Need 7 (N7):

Respond to the growing impact of 'legal highs' on emergency services





Need 8 (N8):

Respond to the increased distribution of more potent heroin









Need 9 (N9):

Reduce the number of older people (50+ years) misusing alcohol through loneliness and boredom

Need 10 (N10):

Review access to substance misuse services (including opening hours)

Need 11 (N11):

Improve co-ordination between services

13: Substance Misuse



What are our Key Priorities in Response?



The key priorities to be led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region are:



1.

Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Substance Misuse and Wellbeing Commissioning Strategy



2.

Increase the safety of our communities by delivering multiagency responses in locations where discarded injecting equipment and other drug paraphernalia is prevalent

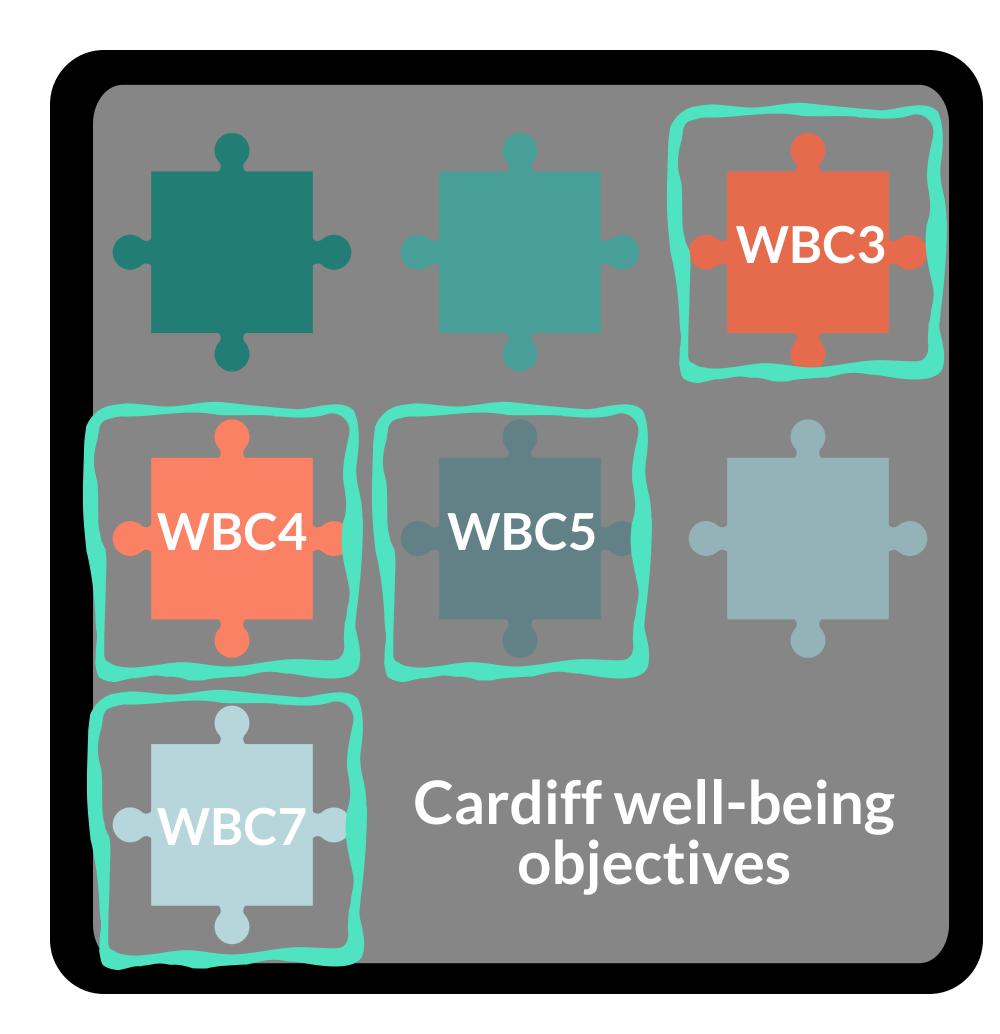
Please refer to the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan 2018/23' for details on how these key priorities will be achieved

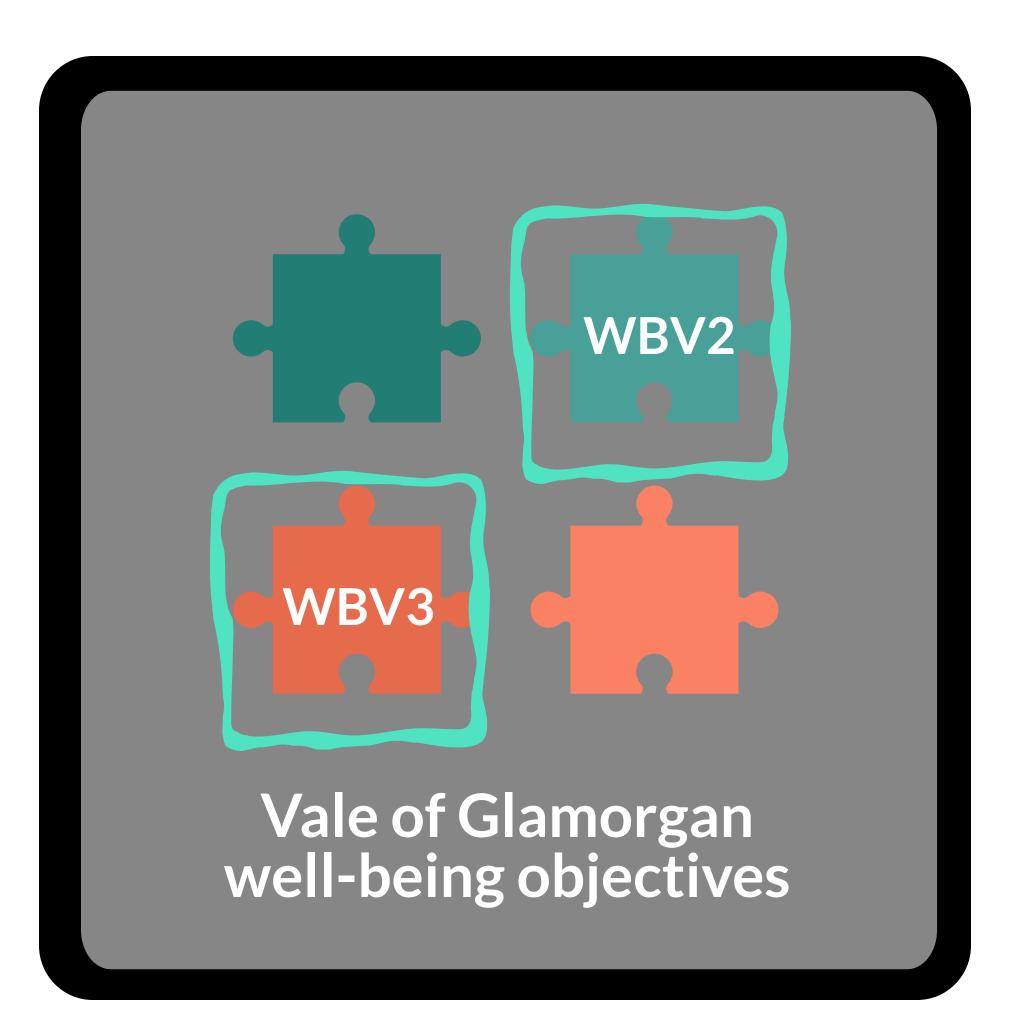
13: Substance Misuse



Which Well-being Objectives do these Priorities Contribute Towards?







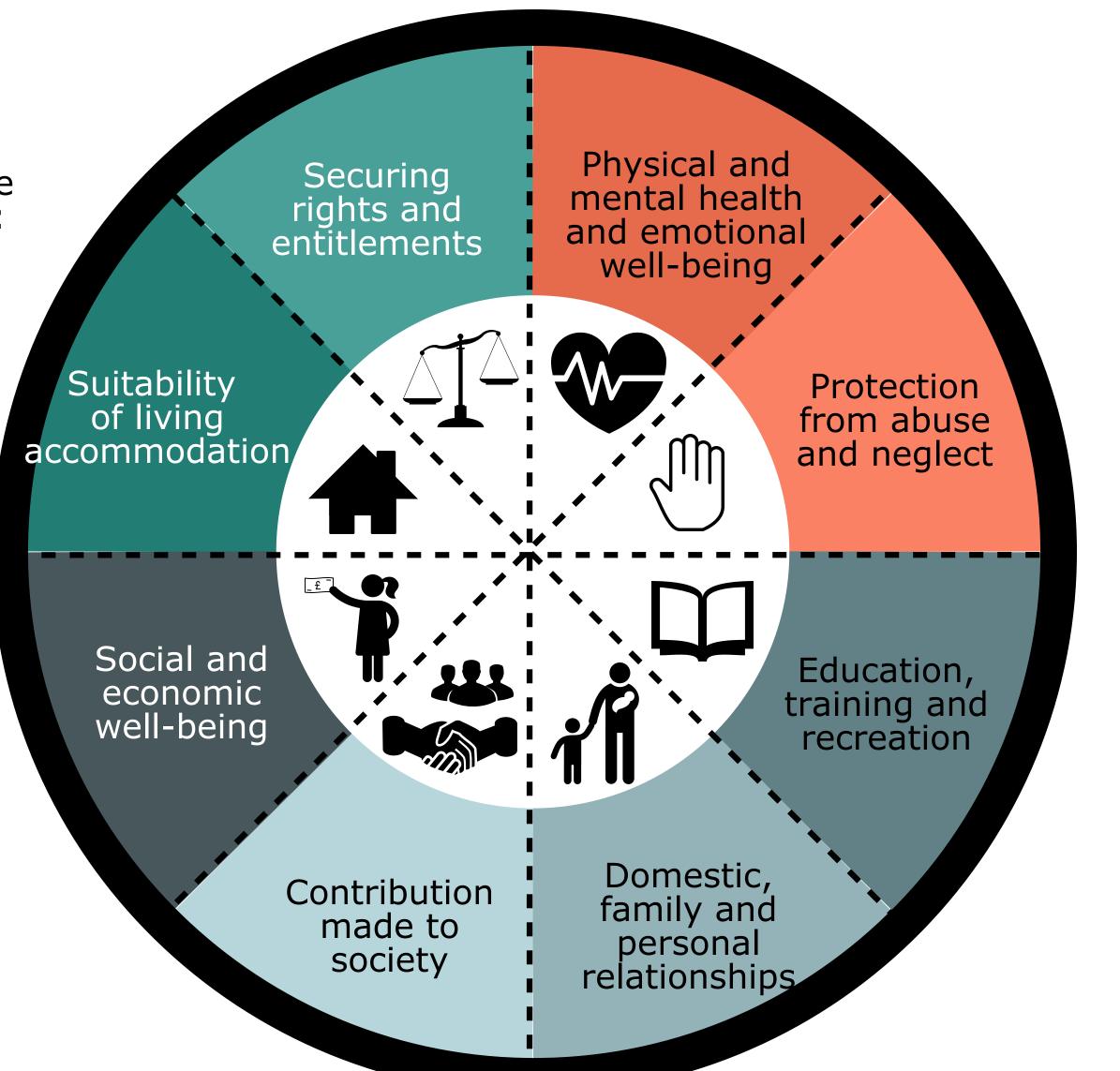


Which National Outcomes do these Priorities Contribute Towards?



The key priorities are expected to contribute towards the following aspects of well-being:

- Securing rights and entitlements
- Physical and mental health and emotional well-being
- Protection from abuse and neglect
- Education, training and recreation
- Domestic, family and personal relationships
- Contribution made to society
- Social and economic well-being
- Suitability of living accommodation



For further information, please contact:

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FINAL DRAFT

Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Action Plan for Care and Support Needs 2018-2023















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Introduction

This Action Plan should be read in conjunction with the 'Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Area Plan for Care and Support Needs 2018-2023' which sets out the Key Population Needs identified in the Population Assessment and the priorities developed in response by the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Regional Partnership Board (RPB). This document can be found at http://www.cvihsc.co.uk/about/what-we-do/cardiff-vale-glamorgan-area-plan/

How was the Area Plan and Area Action Plan developed?

The development of the Area Plan and Area Action Plan have been informed by a number of sources including public surveys; focus group interviews with local residents; consultation at community events and venues; a survey of local professionals and organisations providing care or support; stakeholder workshops; service and population data; key documents, and current work being undertaken by partner organisations.

Two reports have been produced as a result of this review. The first is the <u>Area Plan</u>, which sets out the key needs identified within the Population Assessment, along with the priority areas for action in response to the findings. In addition, this **Area Action Plan** has also been developed, which provides the detail of how these priorities will be delivered. Both reports also set out the contributions to Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan's Well-being Objectives and the National Social Services Outcomes Framework.

The main focus of the Area Plan and Action Plan will be the Regional Partnership Board's responsibilities for the integration of services in relation to:











Where there are other care and support themes identified which are led by other Partnerships and planning arrangements across the region, both Plans will signpost to existing reporting mechanisms to enable progress to be monitored.

Consultation and Engagement

Whilst there is no requirement to undertake formal consultation on the Area Plan, those people involved in the production of the Population Needs Assessment were invited to comment on the draft document and to provide input to the Action Plan.

In addition, an online public survey was developed to give people an opportunity to provide comments. Work also took place with Public Service Board colleagues to participate in the engagement on the Well-being Plans and to enable discussion to occur on care and support needs.

As part of the process to develop the Plan, the Partnership has undertaken an Equality and Health Impact Assessment. The Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Regional Partnership Board serves a very diverse population and takes into account the requirements of the Equality Act 2010 and Public Health (Wales) Act 2017 to progress equal opportunities for all. The Partnership is committed, through the delivery of this Plan, to promoting positive measures that address health inequalities and eliminate all forms of unlawful or unfair discrimination on the grounds of age, marriage and civil partnership, disability, race, gender, religion/belief, sexual orientation, gender reassignment or gender identity and pregnancy/maternity.

All feedback received as part of the development of the Plan and subsequent consultation has been considered and reflected in the final documents as appropriate.

Monitoring and Review

The Action Plan will be reviewed and updated as required by the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan RPB, and progress will be reported within the Board's Annual Report.

This Action Plan is available in Welsh upon request

Action Plan 2018-2023

1. Older People, including People with Dementia

Older People Including People with Dementia

How are we addressing the care and support needs of older people?

1. Regional Partnership Board Priorities

OP1.1: Building on the First Point of Contact and Single Point of Access services, further develop digital services along with easily accessible telephone, online and face-to-face access points for the region, for both professionals and the public.

Response to PNA Needs: N1-N2, N4, N6-N7, N12-N13

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3, WBC6-WBC7, WBV1

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1, 7.2. 8.1

Но	w will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
•	'Me, My Home, My Community' – Cardiff and Vale of	Local Authorities, CVUHB, Third	RPB Annual Report
	Glamorgan Market Position Statement 2017-2022	Sector, Dewis, GPs, Veteran	Director of Social Services' Annual Reports
•	Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Joint Regional Statement of	Organisations, SWFRS, SWP,	
	Strategic Intent – Services for Older People	WAST, Public Health Wales, RSLs	
•	Draft Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Dementia Strategy 2017-		
	<u>2027</u>		
•	Care and support at home in Wales Five-year strategic plan		
	2017-2022		
•	Cardiff Council Ageing Well in Wales Local Delivery Plan		
•	Vale of Glamorgan Local Service Board Ageing Well Plan		
•	Welsh Government Strategy for Older People in Wales 2013-		
	2023		

Ke	ey Actions	Time frame	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models	
•	Ongoing development of Dewis Cymru's content and functionality as an online care and support resource to ensure information is comprehensive, up-to-date and accessible	Short- term	ICF Written AgreementCore budgets	٧	٧	٧	
•	Build greater public and workforce awareness of information and advice services,	Short-					

Short term = 1 year	Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
---------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	----------------------

particularly for those who are not currently accessing services	term	Community	
Develop intelligence to understand the potential unmet demand for assessment and	Medium	assets	
services. Considerations to include:	-term	 Volunteers 	
 Where demand is currently being generated and/or diverted 		Carers	
- Development of an evidence base to measure the impact of preventative services		Third sector	
 Understanding the cost-benefits of investment in intermediate care and other 		support	
services that help people return earlier to a better state of health and		Community	
independence, e.g. Community Resource Team/Service		groups	

OP1.2: Develop resilient communities with local services, infrastructure and strong community networks to meet local needs where older people live.

Response to PNA Needs: N1-N2, N4-N9, N11-N14

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3, WBC5-WBC7, WBV1-WBV2

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1, 7.2. 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies		Reporting	g Mecha	nism	
• 'Me, My Home, My Community' – Cardiff and Vale of	Local Authorities, CVUF	IB, Third	 RPB Annual Repor 	t		
Glamorgan Market Position Statement 2017-2022	Sector, Dewis, GPs, Vet	eran	Director of Social:	Services	s' Annual F	Reports
<u>Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Joint Regional Statement of</u>	Organisations, SWFRS,	SWP,				
Strategic Intent – Services for Older People	WAST, RSLs, Care Provi	ders,				
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy	Transport Providers, Co	mmunity				
Draft Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Dementia Strategy 2017-	and Faith Groups, Senso	ory Loss				
<u>2027</u>	organisations.					
<u>Care and support at home in Wales Five-year strategic plan</u>						
<u>2017-2022</u>						
Cardiff Council Ageing Well in Wales Local Delivery Plan						
Vale of Glamorgan Local Service Board Ageing Well Plan						
Welsh Government Strategy for Older People in Wales 2013-						
<u>2023</u>						
Key Actions		Time	Resources			Alternative
Rey Actions		frame	Resources	IAA	Preventative	models
 Development of strategies for preventative services to support to 	their long-term	Medium	ICF Written			

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
	,	,

	sustainability, in the context of financial pressures on all agencies. Considerations to	- term	Agreement	٧	٧	٧	1
	include:		Core budgets				
	- Sustainable funding		 Community 				
	- The use of community assets to promote community resilience		assets				
	- Library and adult education provision		 Volunteers 				
	- Promoting community engagement		Carers				
	- Tackling social isolation and loneliness		Third sector				
	- Development of digital skills, potentially through skill exchanges with young people		support				
	in college		Community				
	- Falls prevention		groups				
	- Day opportunities		0 11				
	- Assistive technology						
	- Rapid response adaptations						
	- Healthy lifestyles, including knowledge and skills on healthy diet						
	- Access to public transport						
	- Dental services						
	- Housing related support						
	- Occupational health						
•	Further develop the social value sector, including social enterprises, through greater	Short -					
	delivery of community based services.	medium					
		term					
•	Further develop locality working. Considerations to include:	Short -					
	- Clarification on the definition and scope	medium					
	 Mapping of existing locality resources in each neighbourhood/cluster. 	term					
	- Development of future multi-disciplinary locality teams.						
	- The active use of well-being and community hubs to tackle social isolation.						
	- The use of 'Community Navigator/Connector' roles.						

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OP1.3: Develop and provide a range of future accommodation options to meet demand and enable people to remain at home for as long as possible.

Response to PNA Needs: N1-N2, N4-N6, N8-N11, N14
Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC2, WBC6, WBV1

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 7.2, 8.1

Hov	w will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
•	'Me, My Home, My Community' – Cardiff and Vale of	Local Authorities, CVUHB, Third	RPB Annual Report
	Glamorgan Market Position Statement 2017-2022	Sector, RSLs, Private Sector, Care	Local Authority Housing Strategies
•	Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Joint Regional Statement of	Providers	
	Strategic Intent – Services for Older People		
•	Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021		
•	Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing Strategy 2015-2020		
•	Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy		
•	<u>Draft Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Dementia Strategy 2017-</u>		
	<u>2027</u>		
•	Care and support at home in Wales Five-year strategic plan		
	<u>2017-2022</u>		
•	Cardiff Council Ageing Well in Wales Local Delivery Plan		
•	Vale of Glamorgan Local Service Board Ageing Well Plan		
•	Welsh Government Strategy for Older People in Wales 2013-		
	<u>2023</u>		

Key Actions	Time frame	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Review local housing strategies in light of current provision and develop joint regional	Medium	ICF Written			
'accommodation with care and support' strategies (where appropriate/feasible).	- term	Agreement	٧	٧	٧
Considerations to include:		 Core budgets 			
- Evaluation of the level of accommodation with care provision required now and in		 JES Pooled Fund 			
the future		Older People			
 Conducting a pilot on intergenerational housing 		Care			
 A joint agreement on the eligibility criteria for social housing 		Accommodation			
 A greater understanding of Local Development Plans and how to influence what 		Pooled Fund			
housing gets built on development sites.		• RSLs			
- New building developments are fit for a growing older population, including					

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
= 7 = 3		

accessibility requirements		Supporting		
Develop a regional approach for domiciliary care and residential and nursing home	Medium	People		
care, with the aim of stabilising the market. Considerations to include:	– long	 Care Providers 		
- Opportunities for joint commissioning	term	 Community 		
 Sharing good commissioning practices across the region 		assets		
- How to further develop good working relationships with providers		 Volunteers 		
- Outcome based commissioning		 Carers 		
- Joint forums/shared learning		Third sector		
- The use of care homes to tackle social isolation and loneliness		support		
- How to converge costs		 Community 		
 How to improve quality and achieve consistency across the sector 		groups		
- How to manage the growth (and decline) of the three markets				
- Demands placed on the sectors by regulatory bodies				
- Needs of self-funders				
• Develop effective tools to enable older people to engage in the self-assessment of their	Medium			
own care and support requirements and health conditions. Considerations to include:	-term			
- IT systems				
- Development of Health 'CVs' for every older person across the region				
 Training for older people on chronic condition self-management 				
- Balanced diet education, including cooking skills				
• Review effectiveness of Joint Equipment Store and explore commercial opportunities.	Short-			
	medium			
	term			

OP1.4: Develop improved assessment, diagnosis and care planning practices which are built upon genuine collaboration with older people and their carers and families, so that their plans reflect what is important to them and achieves the outcomes they seek.

Response to PNA Needs: N1-N4, N7-10, N12

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC6-WBC7, WBV1

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.2, 7.1, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	
 'Me, My Home, My Community' – Cardiff and Vale of 	Local Authorities, CVUHB, GPs,	RPB Annual Report	

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Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

Glamorgan Market Position Statement 2017-2022

- <u>Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Joint Regional Statement of</u>
 <u>Strategic Intent Services for Older People</u>
- Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy
- <u>Draft Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Dementia Strategy 2017-</u>
 2027
- <u>Care and support at home in Wales Five-year strategic plan</u> 2017-2022
- Cardiff Council Ageing Well in Wales Local Delivery Plan
- Vale of Glamorgan Local Service Board Ageing Well Plan
- Welsh Government Strategy for Older People in Wales 2013-2023

Third Sector, Care Providers, WAST

Key Actions	Time frame	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Further explore opportunities to establish Discharge to Assess models of care. Rationalise, refine and unify assessment, diagnosis and planning pathway. 	Short- medium term Medium	ICF Written AgreementCore budgetsCarers	٧	٧	٧
 Considerations to include: The application of a strength- and not deficit-based approach. Outcomes based commissioning Issues negotiating the crossover points in the transition process. Undertaking integrated assessments in partnership with older people and their families and carers, and that the options available – including the consequences of those options such as financial commitments – are taken into account. The proportionate level of assessment required – i.e. what is the least we need to do to meet an individual's needs – is undertaken in the most appropriate location, and clarity that proportionate assessments apply to all ages, not just older people. Practices similar to the successful 'family conference' model Mechanisms that enable providers to respond to sudden changes in circumstances and the different outcomes required 	- long term	 JES Pooled Fund Older People Care Accommodation Pooled Fund Heath and social care workforce 			
Enable ongoing, systematic engagement as a way of understanding what matters to	Short-	-			

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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older people. Considerations to include: - Engaging older people who are typically harder to reach, including home owners	medium term		
 In line with Part 10 Code of Practice, arrange provision of Independent Professional Advocacy, and ensure access to other forms of advocacy where required. 	Short- term		
 Undertake collective workforce planning across health, housing and social care sectors to support integration. Considerations to include: 	Short- medium		
 Ageing workforce/succession planning Supply of professional workforce, including GPs, nursing and therapy staff 	term		
- Developing the quality and skills of workforce			
 Impact of domiciliary care registration (Regulation and Inspection of Social Care Act) Joint recruitment campaigns to attract workforce in the care sector 			
 Terms and conditions across health and social care Development of integrated teams/joint posts/joint recruitment 			
 Training in commissioning, procurement and performance management to support the development of effective services 			

OP1.5: Develop Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan as a dementia friendly region

Response to PNA Needs: N1-N14

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC6-WBC7, WBV1

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.2, 5.2, 6.1, 7.1, 8.1

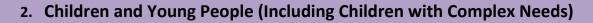
How will we Deliver?	Deliver? Partner Agencies	
 Draft Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Dementia Strategy 2017-2027 'Me, My Home, My Community' – Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Market Position Statement 2017-2022 Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Joint Regional Statement of Strategic Intent – Services for Older People Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy Care and support at home in Wales Five-year strategic plan 2017-2022 	Local authorities, CVUHB, Third Sector, Alzheimer's Society, Dementia friendly Groups, Community and faith groups, Care providers, Private Sector, SWP, SWFRS, Public Health Wales, WAST, Businesses	RPB Annual Report

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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- Cardiff Council Ageing Well in Wales Local Delivery Plan
- Vale of Glamorgan Local Service Board Ageing Well Plan
- Welsh Government Strategy for Older People in Wales 2013-2023

Key Actions	Time frame	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Further promote the development of 'dementia friendly' communities and achieve	Short-	ICF Written			
'dementia friendly' status on a regional level. Considerations to include:	medium	Agreement	٧	٧	٧
 Availability of support services for people with dementia, including early on-set 	term	 Core budgets 			
dementia		 Community 			
- Increasing the number of dementia friends		assets			
- Workforce development		 Dementia 			
- Awareness raising with children and young people		Friends			
- Development of dementia friendly accommodation		 Volunteers 			
		 Carers 			
		 Third sector 			
		support			
		 Community 			
		groups			
		Older People			
		Care			
		Accommodation			
		Pooled Fund			

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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How are we addressing the care and support needs of children and young people?

1. Regional Partnership Board Priorities – Children with Complex Needs

Nb Actions relating to young carers can be found in the 'Adult and Young Carers' section of the Plan

CYP1.1: Improve provision for children and young people with Additional Learning Needs

Response to PNA Needs: N2-N3, N5-N9

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBV1-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

 ALN and Education Tribunal (Wales) Bill and Transformation programme WG Autism Spectrum Disorder Strategic Action Plan Integrated Autism Service Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Index of children and young people with disabilities or additional needs Disabilities Futures Programme Disability Futures Programme Quarterly reporting to WG/WLGA on IAS implementation 	How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
	 Transformation programme WG Autism Spectrum Disorder Strategic Action Plan Integrated Autism Service Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Index of children and young people with disabilities or additional needs 	Schools, CVUHB, Third	Quarterly reporting to WG/WLGA on IAS

Key Actions		Resources IAA Preventative Alternation models
 Increase collaboration between health, social services and education to ensure a joined up approach to support and care. 	Short- medium term	 Education budgets WG/WLGA/Public Health Wales – IAS
 Increase the emphasis on early intervention support in schools though closer working with Welfare services and provision of additional training for all staff in primary schools 	Medium- term	 ICF – IAS Funding Central South Consortium Joint Education Service
 Improve transition between early years education providers, schools and post-16 education for children and young people with complex needs Increase participation of children and young people with complex needs in 	Medium- term Short-	Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan's Index of children and young people

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Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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the planning and assessment process	term		with disabilities or		
			additional needs		
		•	Families First		

CYP1.2: Improve integrated provision for children with complex needs, including the transition between children and adult services

Response to PNA Needs: N2-N3, N5-N8

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBV1-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Disabilities Futures Programme	Local Authorities, CVUHB,	Disability Futures Programme
 National Integrated Autism Service 	Third Sector, WLGA, WG,	Quarterly Reporting to WG/WLGA on IAS
Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Index of children and	Schools	implementation
young people with disabilities or additional needs		
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy		
Additional Learning Needs and Education Tribunal		
(Wales) Bill		

Key Actions	Time frame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Implement the Disabilities Futures Programme to include:	Short-	•	ICF – part of a Written			
• Regional joint commissioning of services for disabled children – to include	medium		Partnership Agreement	٧	√	٧
a focus on Families First and regional opportunities to commission within	term	•	Local authority/CVUHB core			
the Disability Focus element of services.			budgets			
• Integrating services for children with complex needs – to include	Medium-	•	National Integrated Autism			
development of pilot projects to demonstrate integrated practice and	term		Service			İ
inform future delivery methods		•	Cardiff and Vale of			
Development of a regional transition protocol for disabled young people	Medium-		Glamorgan's Index of			
to improve the experience of young people transitioning to adult services	term		children and young people			1
from children's services and early identification of needs to support			with disabilities or			1
planning into adulthood.			additional needs			1

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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•	Arrange provision of Independent Professional Advocacy and ensure	Short-	
	access to other forms of advocacy for everyone who requires it (in line with	term	
	Part 10 Code of Practice).		

2. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs for **children and young people** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

CYP2.1: Increase the role of children and young people in decision making and service delivery

Response to PNA Need: N5

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC4, WBC7, WBV1, WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes; 1.1-1.6, 3.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff Youth Council Cardiff Sprout Vale of Glamorgan Youth Cabinet Vale Youth Forum Cardiff Child Rights Partner Programme and UNICEF 'Child Friendly City' UN Convention on the Rights of the Child 	Public Service Boards Local Authorities, CVUHB, Schools, Third Sector, Youth Councils, SWP	PSB Annual Reports	 Local authorities Schools CVUHB Third Sector Youth Councils Families First Meic Young Commissioners (Families First) SNAP 	V	V	V

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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CYP2.2: Improve educational outcomes

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N8

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC4-WBC5, WBV2-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 4.1- 4.2, 6.1, 7.3-7.4

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff 2020 – A renewed vision for education and learning in Cardiff Cardiff Commitment Youth Engagement and Progression Strategy Vale of Glamorgan Achievement for All Service Plan 2017-2021 Vale of Glamorgan Children and Young People Service Plan 2017-2021 Central South Consortium Business Plan 2017-2020 	Local Authorities, Schools, Central South Education Consortium (CSC), Flying Start, Families First, Third Sector	 Examination results WG/Local authority Key Stage Performance Reports Local authority Corporate/Improvement Plan Quarterly Reports 	 Education budgets Central South Consortium Joint Education Service Youth Support Services Flying Start Families First Third Sector Support 	٧	√	

CYP2.3: Increase the successful transition into employment, education or training of children and young people

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N8

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC4-WBC5, WBV2-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 4.1- 4.2, 6.1, 7.3-7.4

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff 2020 – A renewed vision for education and learning in Cardiff Cardiff Commitment Youth Engagement and Progression 	Local authorities, Schools, Central South Education	 Examination results Local authority Corporate/Improvement Plan Quarterly Reports 	 Education budgets Central South Consortium Joint Education Service 	٧	٧	٧

Short-term = 1 year Medium term = 2-3 years Long-term = 4+ years
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Strategy	Consortium	Public Service Boards	Youth Support
Vale of Glamorgan Achievement for	(CSC), Careers	•	Services
All Service Plan 2017-2021	Wales, Third		Flying Start
Vale of Glamorgan Children and	Sector, Training		Families First
Young People Service Plan 2017-	Organisations,		Third Sector Support
<u>2021</u>	CAVC	,	
<u>Central South Consortium Business</u>			
Plan 2017-2020			
Vale of Glamorgan Aspire to Achieve			
and Inspire to Work Programmes			

CYP2.4: Increase access to appropriate services to children in need of care and support, recognising increased rates of emotional and mental health issues

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N3, N5-N9

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBV1-WBCV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Cardiff and Vale LSCB Business Plan	Local	Cardiff and Vale Local	Cardiff and Vale of			
<u>Cardiff Early Help Strategy</u>	Authorities,	Safeguarding Board	Glamorgan Integrated	V	V	٧
<u>Cardiff and Vale Integrated Family</u>	CVUHB, Third	 Public Service Boards 	Family Support			
Support Service	Sector, Schools		Services (Partnership			
Vale of Glamorgan Corporate			Agreement)			
Strategy for Children in Need of			Cardiff and Vale of			
Care and Support			Glamorgan Regional			
<u>Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021</u>			Safeguarding Children			
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing			Board			
Strategy 2015-2020			 Families First Team 			
			around the Family			

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
Short term – i year	Wiedidiii teriii – 2 3 yedis	Long term – 41 years

	Cardiff and Vale of	
	Glamorgan	
	Information, Advice	
	and Assistance	
	Cardiff Multi-agency	
	Safeguarding Hub	
	 CAMHS/Emotional 	
	Well-being Services	
	Cardiff Council LAC	
	Traineeship Scheme	

CYP2.5: Increase support for children and young people affected directly or indirectly by parental relationship breakdown and domestic violence

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N3, N5, N7

Contribution to Well-being Objectives:, WBC3-WBC5, WBV1-WBCV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Welsh Government VAWDASV Strategy 2016-2021 Cardiff Child Sexual Exploitation Strategy Vale of Glamorgan Child Sexual Exploitation Strategy The National Training Framework on violence against women, domestic abuse and sexual violence Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan VAWDASV Strategy - under development 	Local Authorities, CVUHB, SWP, Probation, Third Sector, Schools, WG	 Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan VAWDASV Strategy – reporting to PSBs, Cardiff Safer and Cohesive Communities Programme Board and Safer Vale 	 Core budgets IFSS Supporting People 	V	√	

Short-term = 1 vear	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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Roll out of IRIS			
 South Wales Police and Crime 			
Reduction Plan 2017-21			
• Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021			
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing			
Strategy 2015-2020			

CYP2.6: Prevent child sexual exploitation

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N3, N5, N7

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBV1-WBCV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.2, 2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies		Reporting Mechanism		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
National Action Plan to Tackle Child	Local	•	Cardiff and Vale Local	•	LSCB			
Sexual Exploitation (Wales)	Authorities,		Safeguarding Board	•	Third Sector	√	√	
<u>Cardiff and Vale LSCB Business Plan</u>	CVUHB, SWP,			•	WG			
• CSE Prevention Strategy for the NHS	Probation, Third							
2016-2019	Sector							
South Wales Police and Crime								
Reduction Plan 2017-21								

CYP2.7: Enable children and young people to be happy and healthy

Contribution to PNA Priorities and Well-being Objectives:, N2, WBC2, WBC4, WBC7, WBV2, WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.2, 2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 8.1

	How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
•	Cardiff Families First and Vale of	Local	 PSB Well-being Plans 	 Local authority – 			
	Glamorgan Families First	Authorities,	Local Authority Corporate	play/leisure	√	V	

Short-term = 1 year Medium term = 2-3 years Long-term = 4+ years
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<u>Cardiff Childcare Sufficiency</u>	CVUHB, Public	Plans	Third Sector
Assessment 2017	Health Wales,	Annual Report of the Director	Families First
Vale of Glamorgan Childcare	Third Sector,	of Public Health	• Schools
Sufficiency Assessment 2016/17	Schools		Family Information
Vale of Glamorgan Family			Service
<u>Information Service</u>			Dewis Cymru
<u>Cardiff and Vale Local Public Health</u>			Flying Start
Plan 2016/17-2018/19			
• Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021			
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing			
Strategy 2015-2020			

CYP2.8: Develop the Welsh skills of children and create new Welsh speakers, to support the Welsh Government's vision of having a million Welsh speakers by 2050

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N2, N6

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC1, WBC4, WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.2, 2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff Welsh in Education Strategic Plan 2017-2020 Vale of Glamorgan Welsh in Education Strategic Plan 2017-2020 	Local Authorities, Schools, WG, Central South Education Consortium, CVUHB, Third Sector	Local authority corporate reporting	 Education and early years budgets Third Sector Flying Start Families First 	٧		

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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3. Learning Disability and Autism



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Regional Partnership Board Priorities

LDA.1.1 People with learning disabilities are supported to maximise their independence

Response to PNA Needs: N1-N6

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Cardiff Council Learning Disability Strategy 2012-2017	Local Authorities, CVUHB,	RPB Annual Report
Vale of Glamorgan Council Learning Disability Strategy	Third Sector, Colleges, RSLs,	Director of Social Services' Annual Report
<u>2014-2017</u>	Care Providers, Cardiff	Corporate Plans/CVUHB IMTP
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy	People First, Vale of	
Cardiff and Vale UHB IMTP	Glamorgan People First,	
Cardiff and Vale UHB Health Inspectorate Wales	ABMU Health Board,	
Learning Disability Action Plan	Learning Disability Wales,	
<u>Disabilities Future Programme</u>	SWP	
<u>Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021</u>		
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing Strategy 2015-2020	L P	

Key Actions		Time		Posourcos			Alternative	l	
		frame	Resources		IAA	Preventative	models		
	•	Develop a Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Learning Disability Commissioning	Short-	•	Core budgets				l
		Strategy. Considerations to include:	medium	•	ICF	V	V	√	
		- Domiciliary care							l
		- Access to information and advice							l
		- The uptake of Direct Payments							
		- Range of respite opportunities							l

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Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
Jilort-terri – 1 year	Ivieuluiii terrii – 2-3 years	Long-term - 4+ years

- Remodelling of specialist learning disability services
- Housing needs over next 5-10 years
- Commissioning new Supported Living schemes
- Transition commissioning of services for young people moving to adult services
- Provision of Independent Professional Advocacy and access to other forms of advocacy for everyone who requires it (in line with Part 10 Code of Practice)
- Development of regional services for adults with learning disabilities (as part of the Disabilities Futures Programme) to enable those with more complex needs to access services closer to home
- Implementation of the Orange Wallet Scheme and development of support networks for independent travel

LDA.1.2 People with learning disabilities are supported to play an active role in society and engage in meaningful day time activities and employment or volunteering.

Response to PNA Need: N1-6

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3, WBC4, WBC5, WBC7, WBV1, WBV2, WBV3 Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Cardiff Council and Vale of Glamorgan Council Adult	Local Authorities, CVUHB,	RPB Annual Report
Learning Disability Day Opportunity Strategy 2014-	Third Sector, Colleges, RSLs,	Corporate Plans
2017	Care Providers, Cardiff	Director of Social Services' Annual Report
<u>Disabilities Future Programme</u>	People First, Vale of	·
<u>Cardiff Council Learning Disability Strategy 2012-2017</u>	Glamorgan People First,	
Vale of Glamorgan Council Learning Disability Strategy	ABMU Health Board,	
2014-2017	Learning Disability Wales,	
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy	Shaw Trust, Private Sector	

Short-term =	1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

 Cardiff and Vale UHB IMTF

• Cardiff and Vale UHB Health Inspectorate Wales Learning Disability Action Plan

Ke	y Actions	Time frame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
•	Develop a Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Learning Disability Commissioning	Short-	•	Core budgets			
	Strategy. Considerations to include:	medium	•	ICF	√	٧	√
	 Training staff to respond to changing service user needs, aspirations and priorities. 	term					
	- Provision of Independent Professional Advocacy and access to other						
	forms of advocacy for everyone who requires it (in line with Part 10						
	Code of Practice)						
	- Implementation of the Orange Wallet Scheme and development of						
	support networks for independent travel						

LDA.1.3 People with learning disabilities are valued and included, supported to have a voice, and able to exercise choice and control over all aspects of their lives

Response to PNA Need: N1-N2, N4-N5

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Cardiff Council Learning Disability Strategy 2012-2017	Local Authorities, CVUHB,	RPB Annual Report
Vale of Glamorgan Council Learning Disability Strategy	Third Sector, Colleges, RSLs,	Corporate Plans/IMTP
<u>2014-2017</u>	Care Providers, Cardiff	Director of Social Services Annual Report
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy	People First, Vale of	·
Cardiff and Vale UHB IMTP	Glamorgan People First,	
Cardiff and Vale UHB Health Inspectorate Wales	ABMU Health Board,	
Learning Disability Action Plan	Learning Disability Wales,	
	Public Transport Providers	

Short-term =	1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

• <u>Disabi</u>	lities Future Programme							
Key Action	s		Time frame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Strate - Th - Pr fo	op a Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Learning Disabi gy. Considerations to include: ne uptake of Direct Payments rovision of Independent Professional Advocacy and orms of advocacy for everyone who requires it (in li	access to other	Short- medium term	•	Core budgets ICF	٧	٧	√
su - Ra to - Th	nplementation of the Orange Wallet Scheme and dapport networks for independent travel aising awareness and development of opportunities form social networks within the community and page development of peer mentoring and volunteering people with learning disabilities	s for service users beer groups						

LDA.1.4 People with learning disabilities are enabled to stay healthy and feel safe.

Response to PNA Need: N1-N6

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.0, 2.1-2.3, 3.1-3.3, 4.1-4.2, 3.1-3.2, 0.1-0.2, 7.1-7.3, 6.1				
How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism		
Cardiff and Vale Local Public Health Plan 2016/17-	Local Authorities, CVUHB,	RPB Annual Report		
<u>2018/19</u>	Third Sector, Schools/	Corporate Plans/IMTP		
Cardiff Council Learning Disability Strategy 2012-2017	Colleges, RSLs, Care	Director of Social Services Annual Report		
Vale of Glamorgan Council Learning Disability Strategy	Providers, Cardiff People	Annual Report of the Director of Public Health		
2014-2017	First, Vale of Glamorgan	·		
Draft Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Dementia Strategy	People First, ABMU Health			
2017-2027	Board, Learning Disability			

Short-term =	1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

•	Shaping our Future	Well-being	Strategy
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- Cardiff and Vale UHB IMTP
- Cardiff and Vale UHB Health Inspectorate Wales Learning Disability Action Plan
- <u>Disabilities Future Programme</u>
- <u>Care and support at home in Wales Five-year strategic</u> <u>plan 2017-2022</u>
- Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021
- Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing Strategy 2015-2020

Wales, Public Health Wales, SWP, SWFRS, Public Transport Providers

Ko	Key Actions		Resources				Alternative
Ne	y Actions	frame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	models
•	Develop a Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Learning Disability	Short-	•	Core budgets			
	Commissioning Strategy. Considerations to include:	medium		ICF	√	√	√
	- Commissioning of specialist LD residential and dementia services	term					
	- Housing needs over next 5-10 years						
	 Remodelling of specialist learning disability services 						
	- Range of respite opportunities						
	 Improving pathways into primary and secondary healthcare 						
	- Provision of Independent Professional Advocacy and access to other						
	forms of advocacy for everyone who requires it (in line with Part 10						
	Code of Practice)						
	 Training and support in safety when using technology 						
	 Ensuring that commissioned services have appropriate regard to 						
	safeguarding						
•	Raise awareness of personal safety and work with the Neighbourhood	Short-					
	Police and PACT meetings to raise awareness of hate crime directed at	medium					
	service users	term					

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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LDA.1.5 People with learning disabilities are supported to become lifelong learners.

Response to PNA Need: N1-N2, N4-N5

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.2-7.5

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
 Cardiff Council Learning Disability Strategy 2012- 	Local Authorities, CVUHB,	RPB Annual Report
<u>2017</u>	Third Sector, Colleges, Care	Corporate Plans
Vale of Glamorgan Council Learning Disability	Providers, RSLs, Cardiff	Director of Social Services Annual Report
Strategy 2014-2017	People First, Vale of	
Cardiff Council and Vale of Glamorgan Council Adult	Glamorgan People First,	
Learning Disability Day Opportunity Strategy 2014-	Libraries	
2017		
Disabilities Future Programme		

Key Actions	Time frame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Develop a Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Learning Disability Commissioning	Short –	•	Core budgets			
Strategy. Considerations to include:	medium			√	√	√
- Commissioning of college placements for post 16 education	term					
- Ensuring community education classes are accessible to people with						
learning disabilities in terms of cost						

LDA.1.6 Develop a new Integrated Autism Service which all agencies working in integrated, multi-disciplinary ways will provide appropriate services for children, young people and adults with an autism spectrum disorder, addressing their education, health, employment, social interaction and emotional needs

Response to PNA Need: N1-N6

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 3.1, 4.1-4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

How will we Deliver? Partner Agencies Reporting Mechanism

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

 Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Council ASD Strategy 2016-2020 Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy 	CVUHB, Local A Schools, WG, W Sector	•	•	RPB Annual Report Quarterly reporting to WG			
Key Actions		Time frame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Increase awareness of the pathway to diagnosis		Short – medium term	•	Integrated Autism Service Core services ICF	٧	٧	
 Improve support and interventions including support emotional and behavioural issues issues relating to core symptoms of Autism and da access to leisure and social opportunities 		Short – medium term	•	Third Sector Diagnostic Toolkits Together for Children and Young People Framework:			
Improve support to individuals and businesses to ena employment opportunities	ble access	Short – medium term	•	Neurodevelopmental Work stream Education Training			

Short -

medium

term Short-

term

Programmes

Parenting Programmes

Enable family and carers to access information and training in

Implement a new Integrated Autism Service

understanding Autism and how to support the individuals that they care for

Short-term - 1 year	Madium tama 22 was	Long towns Allicens
Snort-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

4. Integrated Family Support Services



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Regional Partnership Board Priorities

IFSS1.1 Continue to provide an intensive intervention with families referred by Children's Services where there are serious child protection concerns as a result of parental / carer substance misuse, domestic abuse or mental health.

IFSS1.2 Explore the extension of the Integrated Family Support Service model to include other parental additional needs (e.g. learning disability) and consider how it can help tackle adverse childhood experiences.

Response to PNA Need: N1-N12

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

Provide a volunteer programme that helps parents to practice the skills

they learn from social services intervention, within a supportive community

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 3.1-3.3, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.3, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies		Reporting Mech	nanism		
<u>Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Integrated Family</u>	Local Authorities, CVUHB,	•	IFSS Annual Report			
Support Service	SWP, Probation, Third Sector,	•	RPB Annual Report			
<u>Cardiff and Vale LSCB Business Plan</u>	Family members and					
<u>Cardiff Early Help Strategy</u>	community					
Vale of Glamorgan Children and Young People Service						
<u>Plan 2017-2021</u>						
Substance Misuse and Well-being Commissioning						
Strategy 2016-2020						
<u>Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021</u>						
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing Strategy 2015-2020						
Key Actions	Time		Resources			Alternative
Ney Actions	frame		Nesources	IAA	Preventative	models

า	C)
_	7	

Medium-

term

• IFSS Core Budget (Pooled

Fund)

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

setting. This may involve helping with bedtime routine, playing with the children while the parent makes a meal or being on the end of a phone if a crisis hits. Support at this level can keep families together, improve parenting outcomes, safeguard children and ultimately reduce substance misuse.	 Families First Flying Start Core Budgets Area Planning Board VAWDASV funding
Offer parents training and support in leading healthy lifestyles, including accredited 'Get Cooking' courses	Short- medium term
Explore greater collaborative working in relation to the work on Adverse Childhood Experiences via the National Ace Hub.	Short- term
IFST training development - to deliver IFST training to social work students who are in the second year of the Masters program.	Short- medium term
Ongoing work regarding the delivering of IFST Safety Planning training to social work practitioners in the Vale of Glamorgan.	Short- medium term

5. Adult and Young Carers



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Regional Partnership Board Priorities

AYC1.1: Identify and implement a carer engagement model based on best practice

Response to PNA Need: N1, N8-N10

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3, WBC5, WBV1, WBV2

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Local Authority Carers	CVUHB, Local Authorities,	 Carers Information and Consultation Strategy –
Workstream	Carers, CS3C, GVS, Carers	Annual Report
<u>Carers Information and Consultation Strategy</u>	Trust Wales/SE Wales	RPB Annual Report
<u>Cardiff and the Vale Carers Support and Information</u>		
Network Group (CSING)		
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy		
<u>Carers Strategy for Wales</u>		

Key Actions	Time	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative	
	frame				models	l
Support and monitor the delivery of Phase 2 of the Carers Engagement	Short-	Core budgets				
Project to build on Phase 1 findings which considered potential carer forum	term	Third Sector	٧	V		
models and barriers to engagement.						

Short-term - 1 year	Madium tama 22 was	Long towns Allicens
Snort-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

AYC1.2 Improve physical and emotional support for young carers, including emergency and pre-planned respite and reducing the risk of Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)

Response to PNA Need: N1-N2, N4-N9

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC7, WBV1-WBCV3

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Young Carers Action Plan	CVUHB, Local Authorities,	Carers Information and Consultation Strategy –
<u>Carers Information and Consultation Strategy</u>	YMCA, Carers, Schools, CS3C,	Annual Report
Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Local Authority Carers	GVS, Carers Trust Wales/SE	RPB Annual Report
Workstream	Wales	
• Cardiff and the Vale Carers Support and Information		
Network Group (CSING)		
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy		
<u>Carers Strategy for Wales</u>		

Key	Key Actions			Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternativ e models
•	Improve information sharing and recording concerning known/identified	Short-	•	Core budgets			
	Young Carers	term	•	Cardiff East Young Carers	٧	٧	
•	Improve the Identification of "hidden" Young Carers	Short-		Project			
		medium	•	Cardiff West Young Carers			
		term		Project			
•	Work with Wellbeing and Mental Health Services to ensure appropriate	Medium-	•	Vale of Glamorgan Young			
	identification of Young Carers and referrals to support	term		Carers Project			
•	Identify and support Young Carers Champions in secondary schools as good	Short-	•	Cardiff and Vale Young			
	practice	term		Carers Club			
•	Develop a Young Carers ID card	Medium-	•	Carers Trust South East			
		term		Wales			
•	Develop GP Carer Accreditation Scheme	Short-	•	Young Carers Toolkit			

Short-term =	1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

	term	Young Carers Network
Support the development of a Pharmacy Carer Accreditation Scheme	Short-	Families First
	term	WG Carer Respite Funding
Plan and deliver actions to provide additional respite in response to WG	Short-	
Carers Respite Funding	term	
• Explore greater collaborative working in relation to the work on Adverse	Short-	
Childhood Experiences via the National Ace Hub	term	
Develop accredited programmes for Young Carers to recognise their skills	Medium-	
and experience	term	
Review Carers Pathway	Short-	
	term	
Other actions to be considered by Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Local	Short-	
Authority Carers Workstream. Considerations to include:	medium	
- Support for young carers who work	term	
 Advocacy that is proactively offered, explained and independent from 		
the advocacy for the person they care for		

AYC1.3: Improve physical and emotional support for adult carers, including emergency and pre-planned respite

Response to PNA Need: N1, N5, N8-N9

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC4, WBC6-WBC7, WBV1, WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 5.2, 6.1-6.2

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Local Authority Carers	CVUHB, Local Authorities,	Carers Information and Consultation Strategy –
Workstream	Carers, CS3C, GVS, CAVAMH	Annual Report
 <u>Carers Information and Consultation Strategy</u> 		RPB Annual Report
 Cardiff and the Vale Carers Support and Information 		
Network Group (CSING)		
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy		

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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 Nexus Carers Strategy for Wales 		- 50			
Key Actions	Time frame	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Carers Workstream to identify required physical and emotional support needs. Considerations to include: Support for adult carers who work Counselling, other talking therapies and mental health support Provision of training to carers to help them undertake their caring role Intergenerational and mixed support groups Advocacy that is proactively offered, explained and independent from the advocacy for the person they care for 	Medium- term	 Core budgets WG Carer Respite Funding ICF Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Carers Directory 	V	٧	٧
 Plan and deliver actions to provide additional respite in response to WG Carers Respite Funding 	Short- term				

AYC1.4: Involve carers, including young carers, in the planning of hospital admission and discharge if the person they care for is in hospital

Response to PNA Need: N1, N3, N8-N9, N11

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC4, WBC6, WBV1, WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 8.1

contribution to National Outcomes. 1.1-1.0, 8.1					
How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism			
 Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Local Authority Carers Workstream Carers Information and Consultation Strategy Cardiff and the Vale Carers Support and Information Network Group (CSING) Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy Cardiff and Vale Unscheduled Care Transformation 	CVUHB, Local Authorities, Carers, CS3C, GVS, Age Connects, Carers Trust Wales/SE Wales	 Carers Information and Consultation Strategy – Annual Report RPB Annual Report 			

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

Programme Carers Strategy for Wales			7				
Key Actions	_	Time rame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Ensure the inclusion of Carers within hospital admission ar	nd discharge S	Short-	•	Core budgets			
planning as part of the Cardiff and Vale UHB Unscheduled	Care mo	edium	•	ICF	٧	√	
Transformation Programme. Considerations to include:	t	term	•	Cardiff and Vale of			
 Provision of training/showing carers what needs to be the person being cared for at home 				Glamorgan Carers Directory			
 Provide carers information to take home in a language which is accessible to them 	e and format						
 Provide follow up support to carers after the person the returned home 	hey care for has						
- Ensure the availability of medication from the pharma	icy to enable						
discharge, and support for carers to understand the m	nedication and						
that it is taken appropriately							

AYC1.5: Provide easily accessible information to carers and relatives in a range of formats and languages, through existing information points, such as primary care and libraries.

Response to PNA Need: N1, N8-N9

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC4, WBC6-WBC7, WBV1, WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Local Authority Carers	CVUHB, Local	Carers Information and Consultation Strategy –
Workstream	Authorities, Carers,	Annual Report
<u>Carers Information and Consultation Strategy</u>	CS3C, GVS, YMCA,	RPB Annual Report
Cardiff and the Vale Carers Support and Information Network	Carers Trust Wales/SE	
Group (CSING)	Wales	

Short-term =	1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

 Shaping our Future Well-being Strat 	egy
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	•	Carers	Strategy	r for ۱	Nal	es
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Key	Actions	Time frame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
•	Actions to be considered by Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Local Authority	Short-	•	Core budgets			
	Carers Workstream. Considerations to include:	term	•	WG Carer Transitional	√	٧	
	- Culturally appropriate information in a variety of formats and			Funding			
	languages aimed specifically at carers and family members on what		•	Families First			
	they need to know about an individual's health condition, as well as		•	ICF			
	meeting their own care and support needs		•	Cardiff and Vale of			
	- Available on- and off-line in a variety of formats and easily accessible in			Glamorgan Carers Directory			
	such places as GPs, clinics, hospitals, community centres, libraries and		•	Dewis			
	a wide-range of community services						

AYC1.6: Raise awareness around caring and carers among public and health and social care professionals, (e.g. adopting an approach similar to Making Every Contact Count), to ensure that carers are identified as early as possible and all involved are aware of their rights as a carer

Response to PNA Need: N8-N9, N11

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC4, WBC6-WBC7, WBV1, WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism
Young Carers Action Plan	CVUHB, Local	Carers Information and Consultation Strategy –
Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Local Authority Carers	Authorities, Carers,	Annual Report
Workstream	CS3C, GVS	RPB Annual Report
<u>Carers Information and Consultation Strategy</u>		
Cardiff and the Vale Carers Support and Information Network		
Group (CSING)		
Shaping our Future Well-being Strategy		
<u>Carers Strategy for Wales</u>		

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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Key Actions		Time frame		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
Development of a generic Young Carers train		Short-	•	Core budgets	٧	٧	
learning, involving young carers in the proces	s r	medium	•	Families First			
		term	•	Cardiff and Vale of			
Other actions to be considered by Cardiff and	l Vale of Glamorgan Local	Short-		Glamorgan Carers Directory			
Authority Carers Workstream. Consideration	s to include:	medium	•	Dewis Wales			
- More awareness amongst professionals	of the different needs and	term					
experiences of carers from diverse comm	nunities						
- More awareness in diverse communities	of what being a carers is and						
the support available							
- Easier access to carers' assessments							
- Greater awareness that all carers are en	itled to a carer's assessment						
 Asking adult and young carers whether t 	ney are willing and able to care						

6. Health and Physical Disabilities



How are we addressing health and physical disability care and support needs?

1. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs in relation to **health and physical disabilities** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

HPD1.1: Promote healthy lifestyles and improve and protect the health and well-being of Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan residents.

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N13

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC2-WBC7, WBV1-WBV4

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.2, 2.1-2.3, 4.1-4.2, 5.2, 7.2-7.4, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism		Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Shaping our Future Well-being Plan 2015-2025 Cardiff and Vale Integrated Medium Term Plan Cardiff and Vale Local Public Health plan 2016/17-2018/19 Cardiff Well-being Plan and Vale of Glamorgan Well-being Plan Primary Care Plan/GP Cluster Plans 	Agencies CVUHB, GPs, Public Health Wales, Local Authorities, Third Sector, Food Cardiff, Summer Holiday Enrichment	CVUHB IMTP Annual Report of the Director of Public Health Well-being Plan Annual Reports	•	Core budgets Primary Care Fund ICF Dewis Public health Housing Transport	√	V	models √
 Wellbeing 4U Service Cardiff Independent Living Service Strategic Equality Plans Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016- 	Programme (SHEP), RSLs, Transport Providers						

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
Jilort-terri – 1 year	Iviedium term = 2-3 years	Long-term - 4+ years

2021Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing			
Strategy 2015-2020	· ·		
<u>Cardiff Local Development Plan</u> <u>Cardiff Local Development Plan</u>			
2006-2026Vale of Glamorgan Local			
Development Plan 2011-2016			
<u>Cardiff Transport Strategy – Keep</u>			
Cardiff Moving			
 Vale of Glamorgan Local Transport Strategy 			



7. Adult Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs in relation to **adult mental health and cognitive impairment** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

AMHCI 1.1: Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan 'Together for Mental Health' Plan, which includes ensuring that:

- People in Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan are more resilient and better able to tackle poor mental well-being when it occurs
- The quality of life for people is improved, particularly through addressing loneliness and unwanted isolation
- Services meet the needs of the diverse population of Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan
- People with mental health problems, their families and carers are treated with dignity and respect
- All children have the best possible start in life, which is enabled by giving parents / care givers the support needed
- All children and young people are more resilient and better able to tackle poor mental well-being when it occurs
- Children and young people experiencing mental health problems get better sooner
- People with a mental health problem have access to appropriate and timely services
- People of all ages experience sustained improvement to their mental health and well-being through access to positive life chances
- Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan is a dementia friendly region

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N11

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

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Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
Jilort-terri – 1 year	Iviedium term = 2-3 years	Long-term - 4+ years

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff and Vale Local Mental 	CVUHB, Local	Cardiff and Vale Local	Core Budgets			
Health Partnership Board	Authorities,	Mental Health Partnership	ICF Capital	٧	٧	√
 <u>Draft Cardiff and Vale of</u> 	SWP, GPs,	Board Annual Report				
Glamorgan Dementia Strategy	WAST,					
<u>2017-2027</u>	CAVAMH,					
 WG Together for Mental Health 	Third Sector					
Delivery Plan 2016-2019						
 Shaping our Future Well-being 						
Strategy						
Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-						
2021						
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing						
Strategy 2015-2020						

8. Sensory Loss and impairment



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs in relation to **sensory loss and impairment** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

SLI 1.1: Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Eye Care Plan in conjunction with Primary Care, Secondary Care, Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan University Health Board and Welsh Government

SLI 1.2 Develop and implement a health board wide action plan to meet the All Wales Standards for Accessible Information and Communication for People with Sensory Loss, in order to improve provision across Primary Care, Secondary Care and Emergency and Unscheduled Care

SLI 1.3 Explore the establishment of a partnership delivery mechanism to meet the wider needs of people with sensory loss and impairment

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N11

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC4, WBC5-WBC7, WBV1-WBV3 **Contribution to National Outcomes:** 1.1-1.6, 2.1-2.3, 4.2, 5.1-5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.1-7.5, 8.1

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Eye Care Plan CVUHB Strategic Equality Plan All Wales Standards for Accessible Communication and Information for People with Sensory Loss CVUHB 'Standards for Accessible 	CVUHB, GP Clusters, Health board Eye Care Collaborative Groups and public health	 Eye Care Steering Board CVUHB IMTP CVUHB Strategic Equality Plan Sensory Loss Steering Group 	 Core Resources Eye Care Wales Low Vision Service Wales Dewis 	٧	٧	٧

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
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1.6 10				
Information and Communication for	lead, School			
People with Sensory Loss' Action Plan	Nurses,			
Deaf and Hard of Hearing Mental	Orthoptists,			
<u>Health Network</u>	Optometrists,			
<u>Cardiff Council Sensory Service</u>	Optometry			
Vale of Glamorgan Council Sensory	Wales,			
<u>Service</u>	Third Sector,			
	Local			
	authorities,			
	Older Person's			
	Commissioner			

9. Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs in relation to **violence against women and men, domestic abuse and sexual violence** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

VAWDASV 1.1 Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence Strategy

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N14

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan VAWDASV Strategy – under development WG National Strategy on Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence – 2016-2021 The National Training Framework on violence against women, domestic abuse and sexual violence South Wales Police and Crime Reduction Plan 2017-21 IRIS (Identification and Referral to Improve Safety) Project 	Local Authorities, CVUHB, GPs, SWP, National Probation Service, PCC, Wales Community Rehabilitation Company, LSCB, Cardiff Women's Aid, Atal Y Fro, Safer Wales, BAWSO,	 Public Service Boards Cardiff and Vale VAWDASV Board (from April 18) Cardiff Safer and Cohesive Communities Programme Board Safer Vale Partnership Local Safeguarding Children Board 	 Core Budgets Welsh Government/PCC VAWDASV funding Supporting People IFSS Cardiff Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) Families First Flying Start Area Planning Board 	V	٧	√

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

White Ribbon Campaign	Third Sector	Cardiff Signs of Safety	
• Local Safeguarding Children's Board			
Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)			
Prevention Strategy for the NHS in			
Wales 2016 – 2019			
• Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021			
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing			
Strategy 2015-2020			



10. Asylum Seekers and Refugees



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs in relation to **asylum seekers and refugees** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

ASR1.1 Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Community Cohesion Delivery Plan 2017-2020

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N8,

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC2-WBC7, WBV1-WBV3

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Welsh Government National Community Cohesion Delivery Plan 2017-2020 Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Community Cohesion Delivery Plan 2017-2010 (under development) Welsh Government Refugee & Asylum Seeker Delivery Plan 2016-2019 Cardiff Well-being Plan and Vale of Glamorgan Well-being Plan Cardiff City of Sanctuary Inclusive Cardiff Network: Inclusive Cities Project (under development) Local Strategic Framework on New and 	Local authorities, CVUHB, GPs, Public health Wales, Welsh Refugee Coalition, Third Sector, RSLs, Displaced People in Action	 Public Service Boards <u>Cardiff Safer & Cohesive</u> <u>Communities</u> <u>Programme Board</u> Syrian Resettlement Leadership & Operational Groups 	 Core budgets WG Community Cohesion Funding Home Office Syrian Resettlement Programme Funding CVUHB Cardiff Health Access Practice (CHAP) Service 	V	√	√

Short-term =	1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

Emerging Communities Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021		
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing Strategy 2015-2020		



11. Offenders



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs in relation to **offenders** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

O1.1 Ensure that the local criminal justice system works effectively and efficiently, meeting the needs of victims and challenging offenders

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N10

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV2-WBV3

Contribution to National Outcomes: 1.1-1.6, 2.1, 2.3, 3.1, 3.3, 4.1, 5.2, 6.1-6.2, 7.3

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 South Wales Police and Crime Reduction Plan 2017-21 Transforming Summary Justice Programme Cardiff and Vale Substance Misuse and Wellbeing Commissioning Strategy 2016-2020 Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021 Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing Strategy 2015-2020 	SWP, SWP PCC, National Probation Service, HMP Cardiff, Wales Community Rehabilitation Company, Local Authorities, CVUHB, Third Sector, Ministry of Justice, Welsh Government, Housing, RSLs	 Public Service Boards Cardiff Safer and Cohesive Communities Programme Board Safer Vale Partnership 	 Core Budgets Police and Crime Commissioner / National Offender Management Service budget for the Offender Intervention Service (Cardiff and Vale component) IFSS Cardiff Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) Families First Area Planning Board 	٧	V	٧

Short-term =	1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

12. Veterans



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs in relation to **veterans** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

V1.1 Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Armed Forces Community Action Plan 2017/2019

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N10

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV2-WBV3

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventati ve	Alternativ e models
Cardiff and Vale Armed Force	CVUHB, Local	Cardiff and Vale Armed	 Veterans' NHS Wales 			
Community Covenant Action Plan	authorities, GPs,	Forces Forum	Hub	V	√	٧
2017/2019	Public Health,	CVUHB IMPTP	 Veterans Population 			
Veterans Mental Health Support Group	Veterans' NHS		Needs Assessment			
<u>Cardiff Armed Forces Community</u>	Wales, Royal		• Call to Mind : Wales			
<u>Covenant</u>	British Legion					
Vale of Glamorgan Armed Forces	160 Brigade					
Community Covenant	Serving					
Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021	Personnel &					
Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing	Veterans'					
Strategy 2015-2020	Agency, Third					
	Sector, Housing,					
	RSL					

Short-term =	1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years

13. Substance Misuse



How are we addressing care and support needs?

1. Other Partnership Activity

A number of care and support needs in relation to **substance misuse** were raised in the PNA, whereby responsibilities for addressing these lie with other Partnerships than the Regional Partnership Board. This Plan provides links to other delivery mechanisms and strategies in place to address the care and support needs identified:

SM1.1 Deliver the Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Substance Misuse and Wellbeing Commissioning Strategy with a focus on prevention, education, treatment, support and sustainable long –term recovery.

SM1.2 Increase the safety of our communities by delivering multi-agency responses in locations where discarded injecting equipment and other drug paraphernalia is prevalent

Contribution to PNA Priorities: N1-N11

Contribution to Well-being Objectives: WBC3-WBC5, WBC7, WBV2-WBV3

How will we Deliver?	Partner Agencies	Reporting Mechanism	Resources	IAA	Preventative	Alternative models
 Cardiff and Vale Substance Misuse and Wellbeing Commissioning Strategy Cardiff Housing Strategy 2016-2021 Vale of Glamorgan Local Housing Strategy 2015-2020 	CVUHB, Local Authorities, SWP, Third Sector, NOMS, Wales Community Rehabilitation Company, National	 Cardiff and Vale Substance Misuse Area Planning Board (APB) APB Annual Report APB Quarterly Welsh Government Dashboard 	 £3.46m Substance Misuse Grant Funding £2.52m NHS ring- fenced allocation for substance Misuse Cardiff and Vale local authorities social services substance misuse teams 	٧	٧	V
	Probation Service		Cardiff and Vale local authorities community			

Short-term = 1 year	Medium term = 2-3 years	Long-term = 4+ years
Jilort-terri – 1 year	Iviedium term = 2-3 years	Long-term - 4+ years

resider rehabit placen • Police Comm Nation Manag	litation nents and Crime issioner / nal Offender gement Service	
	t for the	
	der Intervention	
	e (Cardiff and	
Vale co	omponent)	

Appendix 1

Overview of Population Needs – by Population Group

1. Older People	N1 – Maintain sustainability of key services supporting older people	N2 – Improve access to information and advice (e.g. one stop shop model)
	N3 – Improve integrated management of mental health and physical issues	N4 – Increase integration of health, housing and social care
	N5 – Reduce social isolation and loneliness while maintaining independence	N6 – Increase support to access practical help with day-to-day tasks such as shopping and gardening
Older People, Including	N7 – Improve support and information for people with dementia, their family and carers	N8 – Provide appropriate housing to meet individuals' needs and enable people to remain independent
People with Dementia	N9 – Promote accessible built environments (including good lighting and toilets)	N10 – Improve the commissioning of care home places to enable consistent and high quality care
	N11 – Improve public transport services to enable access to activities promoting health and well-being	N12 – Improve access to different types of advocacy
	N13 Increase digital inclusion to enable access to information and services	N14 Promote inter-generational opportunities in communities
2. Children and Young People	N1 – Improve support for children and young people affected by parental relationship breakdown and domestic violence	N2 – Improve access to appropriate services in a timely fashion, including primary care and mental health services, and support for young people with ADHD and Autism
	N3 – Improve access to appropriate services for looked after children and children in need, recognising increased rates of emotional and mental health issues	N4 – Increase support for young carers, including respite, and raise awareness of what they do
Children and Young People	N5 – Increase involvement of children and young people in decisions affecting them	N6 Enable smoother transitions between children's and adult's services
	N7 – Provide appropriate and safe accommodation	N8 – Further develop vocational educational opportunities and apprenticeships
	N9 – Respond to the increasing numbers and complexity of needs of children and young people with a disability	

3. Learning Disability and	N1 – Increase the availability of information and services	N2 – Improve public transport services to enable access to activities promoting health and well-being
Autism	N3 – Provide respite to those in need	N4 – Improve access to day opportunities
Learning Disability and Autism	N5 – Increase involvement of people requiring services in decisions affecting them	N6 – Recognise and support people who fall between learning disability and mental health service provision
4. Integrated Family Support Services	N1 – Improve support for children and young people affected by parental relationship breakdown and domestic violence	N2 – Improve access to appropriate services in a timely fashion, including primary care and mental health services, and support for young people with ADHD and Autism
	N3 – Improve access to appropriate services for looked after children and children in need, recognising increased rates of emotional and mental health issues	N4 – Provide appropriate and safe accommodation
ATTERNATION	N5 – Increase involvement of people requiring services in decisions affecting them	N6 – Increase timely access to low level mental health services (including counselling and family support)
Integrated Family Support Services	N7 – Improve support for the families of people with mental health issues	N8 - Prevent and reduce the incidences of adverse childhood experiences (ACEs)
	N9 – Ensure approached are both needs-led and risk-led	N10 – Improve co-ordination between substance misuse services
	N11 – Improve offender access to mental health and substance misuse services, and counselling post-release	N12 – Improve support to offenders and their families to enable family stability
5. Adult and Young Carers	N1 – Improve access to information (including financial support and services available)	N2 – Improve public transport services to enable access to health and well-being activities
	N3 – Ensure the discharge planning process involves consultation with carers	N4 – Provide appropriate housing to meet individuals' needs and enable people to remain independent
	N5 Provide accessible respite care (including emergency respite) for those in need	N6 – Improve the availability of mental health support to carers
Adult and Young Carers	N7 – Reduce loneliness and social isolation N9 – Improve access to carers' assessments	N8 – Identify carers and provide support to those in need N10 – Enable smoother transitions between children's and adult's services

	N11 – Address perceptions of carers feeling judged by services	
6. Health and	N1 – Improve access to information and services	N2 – Maintain and improve the provision and sustainability
Physical		of community services
Disabilities	N3 – Improve the flexibility of services, including offering	N4 – Improve transitions between children's and adult's
	provision closer to home	services
	N5 – Increase integration of health, housing and social care	N6 – Promote and target service to meet the needs of
		vulnerable groups
	N7 – Improve public transport services to enable access to	N8 – Improve the use of public buildings to join-up services
	activities which promote health and well-being	and maximise resources
Health and Physical Disabilities	N9 – Provide appropriate housing to meet individuals' needs and	N10 – Reduce the prevalence of unhealthy behaviours
	enable people to remain independent	
	N11 – Respond to the increasing prevalence of long-term	N12 – Reduce the levels of air pollution
	conditions	
	N13 – Reduce the number of people living in food poverty	
7. Adult Mental	N1 – Increase timely access to low level mental health services	N2- Improve the join-up of information, advice and services
Health and	(including counselling and family support)	
Cognitive	N3 – Reduce loneliness and isolation (especially among people	N4 – Provide appropriate housing to meet individuals' needs
Impairment	with dementia, asylum seekers and refugees)	and enable people to remain independent
	N5 – Continue partnership approach between statutory services	N6 – Improve support for the families of people with mental
	and with the third sector	health issues
	N7 – Improve access to services such as community hubs and	N8 – Improve information and support for GPs to inform
	one-stop-shops	decisions around referrals
Adult Mental Health and	N9 – Improve support for people with dementia, their families	N10 – Improve peer support and mentoring to guide people
Cognitive impairment	and carers	through the system
8. Sensory Loss	N1 – Improve accessible communication and provision of	N2 – Improve opportunities for increasing mobility and
and Impairment	information on services available	rehabilitation
	N3 – Review purpose and use of registers for sensory impairment	N4 – Increase opportunities to improve social interaction,
		mental health and well-being
	N5 – Improve the provision of person centred equipment and	N6 – Ensure appropriate housing to meet individuals' needs
	technology	and enable independent living

	N7 Incorporate appropriate apprication and	NO Continue neutroughin annuage historia en etatutem.
	N7 – Improve access to appropriate specialist services and	N8 – Continue partnership approach between statutory
	assessments	services and with the third sector
	N9 – Identify people with complex needs and sensory impairment	N10 – Improve planning for increase in prevalence of people
K F	who require additional support	with sight loss
Sensory Loss and Impairment	N11 – Recognise and address diagnosed hearing impairment	
	among older people in care homes	
9. Violence	N1 – Undertake awareness raising in schools to promote healthy	N2 – Promote the use of positive male role models
Against Women,	relationships	
Domestic Abuse	N3 – Provide support and safeguarding to children in households	N4 – Prevent and reduce the incidences of adverse
and Sexual	where there is domestic abuse	childhood experiences (ACEs)
Violence	N5 – Ensure approaches are both needs-led and risk-led	N6 – Increase the accountability of perpetrators
	N7 – Promote early reporting and the implementation of "Ask	N8 – Improve transparency in family courts
	and Act"	
	N9 – Improve access to information on services and support that	N10 – Raise awareness in communities of how they can
	is available	identify and support people experiencing domestic abuse
Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence		and sexual violence
Abuse and Sexual Violence	N11 – Provide appropriate, safe and secure accommodation	N12 – Improve the availability of age-appropriate
		counselling
	N13- Reduce incidences of child sexual exploitation	N14 – Reduce incidences of 'honour'-based violence
10. Asylum	N1 – Improve access to ESOL and interpretation for public	N2 – Improve access to information on education, hate
Seekers and	services	crime, health and service provision.
Refugees	N3 – Improve access to the labour market	N4 – Provide support to help establish links in the
		community
	N5 – Increase the availability of childcare	N6 – Improve public transport services to enable access to
		health and social activities
Asylum Seekers and Refugees	N7 – Improve engagement with schools	N8 – Improve access to community mental health services
11. Offenders	N1 –Improve access to mental health and substance misuse	N2 – Respond to the increase in use of new psychoactive
	services, and counselling post release	substances
	N3 – Improve support to enable family stability	N4 – Provide appropriate housing and support
	N5 – Improve access to information on employment and welfare	N6 – Provide youth support services and activities
	1 ,	, 11

	han after an and	
	benefits support	
LAW	N7 – Promote healthy lifestyles (including sexual health)	N8 – Increase engagement in education and community activities
Offenders	N9 – Improve partnership working and communication between services	N10 – Promote opportunities for continued adult learning and development of life skills
12. Veterans	N1 – Improve mental health diagnosis and care	N2 – Reduce social isolation
	N3 – Improve access to housing	N4 – Improve the availability of financial advice
	N5 – Improve the provision of services for all conditions affecting	N6 – Reduce substance misuse and self-medication
(4.5)	veterans, not just post-traumatic stress disorder	
\	N7 – Increase early diagnosis and preventative treatment to	N8 – Improve transition between active service and civilian
Veterans	reduce long-term limiting illnesses	life
	N9 – Improve access to information and services	N10 – Reduce safeguarding issues relating to domestic
		violence
13. Substance	N1 – Respond to the increased number of people buying illicit	N2 – Respond to the growing 'hidden population' misusing
Misuse	substances online	prescription and over the counter medication
	N3 – Reduce the misuse of neuropathic medications with alcohol	N4 – Reduce the use of synthetic cannabinoids and nitrous
	and drugs	oxide
T A STATE OF THE S	N5 – Increase awareness of dual diagnosis (substance misuse and	N6 – Respond to the increasing prevalence of alcohol related
	mental health issues in one individual)	brain damage (ARBD)
	N7 – Respond to the growing impact of 'legal highs' on	N8 – Respond to the increased distribution of more portent
Substance Misuse	emergency services	heroin
	N9 – Reduce the number of older people (50+ years) misusing	N10 – Review access to substance misuse services (including
	alcohol through loneliness and boredom	opening hours)
	N11 – Improve co-ordination between services	

Appendix 2

Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Well-being Objectives

Cardiff Well-being Objectives	Vale of Glamorgan Well-being Objectives
WBC1 - A Capital City that works for Wales	WBV1 - Enable people to get involved, participate in their communities
	and shape local services
WBC2 - Cardiff's population growth is managed in a resilient way	WBV2 - Reduce poverty and tackle inequalities linked to deprivation
WBC3 - Safe, confident and empowered communities	WBV3 - Give children the best start in life
WBC4 - Cardiff is a great place to grow up	WBV4 - Protect, enhance and value our environment
WBC5 - Supporting people out of poverty	
WBC6 - Cardiff is a great place to grow old	
WBC7 - Modernising and integrating our public services	

Social Services: The National Outcomes Framework for People who Need Care and Support, and Carers who need Support

(http://gov.wales/topics/health/socialcare/well-being/?lang=en)

What well-being means	National well-being outcomes
Securing rights and entitlements. Also for adults: control over day-to-day life.	 I know and understand what care, support and opportunities are available and use these to help me achieve my well-being I can access the right information, when I need it, in the way I want it and use this to manage and improve my well-being I am treated with dignity and respect and treat others the same My voice is heard and listened to My individual circumstances are considered I speak for myself and contribute to the decisions that affect my life, or have someone who can do it for me
Physical and mental health and emotional well-being Also for children: physical, intellectual, emotional, social and behavioural development.	2.1 I am healthy and active and do things to keep myself healthy 2.2 I am happy and do the things that make me happy 2.3 I get the right care and support, as early as possible.
Protection from abuse and neglect.	3.1 I am safe and protected from abuse and neglect 3.2 I am supported to protect the people that matter to me from abuse and neglect 3.3 I am informed about how to make my concerns known.
4. Education, training and recreation.	4.1 I can learn and develop to my full potential 4.2 I do the things that matter to me.
5. Domestic, family and personal relationships.	5.1 I belong 5.2 I contribute to and enjoy safe and healthy relationships.
6. Contribution made to society.	6.1 I engage and make a contribution to my community 6.2 I feel valued in society.
7. Social and economic well-being. Also for adults: participation in work.	7.1 I contribute towards my social life and can be with the people that I choose 7.2 I do not live in poverty 7.3 I am supported to work 7.4 I get the help I need to grow up and be independent 7.5 I get care and support through the Welsh language if I want it.
8. Suitability of living accommodation.	8.1 I live in a home that best supports me to achieve my well-being.

Appendix 4

Glossary

	A		
ABMU	Abertawe Bro Morgannwg University Health Board		
ACEs	Adverse Childhood Experiences		
ACEs Hub	National Hub set up by Cymru Well Wales to tackle the negative impact of Adverse Childhood Experiences		
ADHD	Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder		
ALN	Additional Learning Needs		
AMD	Age-related Macular Degeneration		
AMHCI	Adult Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment		
APB	Area Planning Board		
ARBD	Alcohol Related Brain Damage		
ASD	Autism Spectrum Disorder		
ASR	Asylum Seekers and Refugees		
AYC	Adult and Young Carers		
	В		
BAWSO	Black Association of Women Step Out		
	C		
C3SC	Cardiff Third Sector Council		
CAMHS	Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services		
CAVAMH	Cardiff and Vale Action for Mental Health		
CAVC	Cardiff and Vale College		
CHAP	Cardiff Health Access Practice - Healthcare Services operating from Cardiff Royal Infirmary for people who find it difficult to visit		
	mainstream GP services		
CSC	Central South Education Consortium		
CSE	Child Sexual Exploitation		

CSING	Cardiff and the Vale Carers Support and Information Network Group
CVIHSC	Cardiff and Vale of Glamorgan Integrated Health and Social Care Partnership
CVUHB	Cardiff and Vale University Health Board
СҮР	Children and Young People
	E
ESOL	English for Speakers of Other Languages
	G
GCSE	General Certificate of Secondary Education
GPs	General Practitioners
GVS	Glamorgan Voluntary Service
	H H
HMP	Her Majesty's Prison
HPD	Health and Physical Disabilities
	<u> </u>
IAA	Information, Advice and Assistance
IAS	Integrated Autism Service
ICF	Integrated Care Fund
ID	Identification
IFSS	Integrated Family Support Service
IFST	Integrated Family Support Team
IMTP	(Cardiff and Vale UHB) Integrated Medium Term Plan
IT	Information Technology
	J
JES	Joint Equipment Service
	K
KF	Key Finding
	L
LAC	Looked After Children

LD	Learning Disabilities
LDA	Learning Disabilities and Autism
LSCB	Local Safeguarding Children's Board
	N
NEET	Not in Education, Employment or Training
NEXUS	Nexus is delivered via CAVAMH and involves those who use older people's mental health services and their carers to have say in the
	way that those services are planned, run and developed
NOMS	National Offender Management Service
	0
0	Offenders
OP	Older People
	P
PACT	Police and Communities Together
PCC	Police and Crime Commissioner
PNA	Population Needs Assessment
PSB	Public Service Board
	R
RPB	Regional Partnership Board
RSL	Registered Social Landlord
	S
SE Wales	South East Wales
SLI	Sensory Loss and Impairment
SM	Substance Misuse
SSWb	Social Services and Wellbeing
SWFRS	South Wales Fire and Rescue Service
SWP	South Wales Police
	Т
TBC	To be confirmed

The Vale	The Vale of Glamorgan	
V		
V	Veterans	
VAWDASV	Violence Against Women, Domestic Abuse & Sexual Violence	
W		
WAST	Welsh Ambulance Services NHS Trust	
WBC	Well-being Cardiff	
WBV	Well-being Vale	
WG	Welsh Government	
WLGA	Welsh Local Government Association	



For further information, please contact:

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